CENTER FOR SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES



13th Report 2002–2003

KYOTO UNIVERSITY

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Faces of Myanmar (Burma) Today

What do we know about Myanmar? The visual images of Myanmar today that reach us through the media are limited to Buddhist architecture or selected images from the contested political scenery. By far the majority of the people live in rural villages. Even as the post-1988 military regime has moved towards an open market policy, we still know little about its actual effects on people's lives in Myanmar. At least it has meant that research is easier than before, so that several CSEAS staff members have begun to conduct research in Myanmar in recent years. In these photos are the people we meet 22 brief encounters in rural villages today. There is so much to be learned about Myanmar, its natural resources, peoples, and their livelihoods, and their many continuing difficulties.

Faces of Myanmar (Burma) Today



Getting ready for the shinbyu-pwae (ordination ceremony) parade in Bago Division



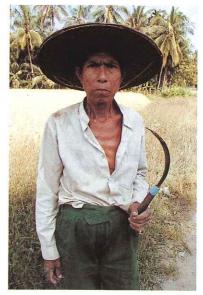
Carrying the limit in a pottery village in Sagaing Division



A boy at school, Mandalay Division



A young lady in Shan State



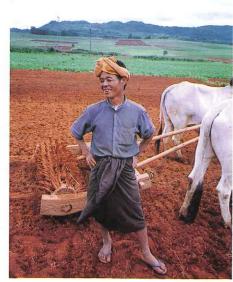
An old man with a sickle, Rakhine State



Boys at play with hand-made toys, Karen village in Bago Division



Selling bananas in the Gwa morning market, Rakhine State



A man plowing corn fields, Taunggyi, Shan State



A young village couple in Rakhine State



Market scene in Moulmein town



Morning alms-round in Paan, Karen State

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PREFACE

Since its inauguration in 1965, the Center for Southeast Asian Studies (CSEAS) has carried out basic research on Southeast Asia with an emphasis on multi-disciplinary research, wide-ranging fieldwork, and joint studies of various types and scales in collaboration with Japanese and foreign researchers and institutions. This report is the thirteenth in this series, which aims to provide basic information on the major features of our research activities.

Although it was just three years ago that CSEAS restructured itself into four major research divisions, it will again undergo considerable reform due to the government-mandated administrative reorganization of all national universities into autonomous and independent legal bodies from April 2004. In accordance with this change, CSEAS will restructure itself into a new institution which aims to create new concepts and perspectives for comprehensive and integrated area studies. Since it is not possible for CSEAS to handle all the issues related to developing area studies by itself, I believe it is essential to strengthen collaboration and partnerships with other institutions and universities both in Japan and abroad. In view of this urgent need, I take this opportunity to ask all of you to provide us with closer collaboration than before so that we will be able to meet the requirements of a Center of Excellence in the field of area studies.

Any comments or suggestions on our academic activities and the contents of this report in general would be greatly appreciated.

September 2003

TANAKA Koji Director

INTRODUCTION AND HISTORY

Relations between Southeast Asia and Japan are growing increasingly close and diversified as a result of the dramatic political realignment and global economic integration of recent years. These changes bring fresh challenges, and the Center for Southeast Asian Studies, continuously renewing itself as a Center of Excellence in Area Studies, believes that integrated endeavors based on solid academic research can play a central role in developing new paradigms for the twenty-first century. The strength of the Center lies in its multi-disciplinary orientation, especially the inclusion of staff in the natural sciences as well as the humanities and social sciences. Since its start in 1965, the Center has carried out its activities using a comprehensive approach to investigate the contemporary and historical dimensions of problems confronting present-day Southeast Asia through original research. Proceeding from these guiding principles, our current research methodology can be described as an integrated area studies method, based on informed knowledge of the field, aimed at creating new perspectives on this dynamic region of Asia.

Area studies, by definition, requires international efforts. The Center has liaison offices in Bangkok and Jakarta to extend its service to local scholars. The presence of several foreign visiting scholars in addition to Memoranda of Understanding with some of our institutional counterparts in Southeast Asia have helped to expand our international presence.

CSEAS publishes the quarterly journal Southeast Asian Studies, to which the Center's research staff as well as visiting and outside scholars have contributed. Published since 1963, the journal's 164th issue recently appeared. The Center also publishes two research monograph series in both English and Japanese: Monographs of the Center for Southeast Asian Studies and Kyoto Area Studies on Asia. Both series were originally authored primarily by Center staff but are now open to outside contributors. In 2002, the Center launched the Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia, an innovative, multi-lingual internet review of Southeast Asian scholarship and affairs.

The CSEAS Library has been supporting the academic activities of both the Center and outside researchers with one of the largest and best collections on Southeast Asian area studies in Japan. The holdings of over 100,000 volumes include an increasing number in the languages of Southeast Asia and various special collections.

The history of CSEAS predates its official establishment as a branch of the University. In the spring of 1958, a group of scholars in Kyoto met to discuss the feasibility of holding informal seminars on various aspects of Southeast Asian culture and society. This resulted in monthly seminars which gradually attracted an increasing number of faculty members and postgraduate students from universities in and around Kyoto. Eventually the enthusiastic participants in the seminars turned to the possibility of organizing the informal gathering into a more institutionalized forum.

A preparatory committee was formed in 1961 to organize a systematic program of Southeast Asian studies, including natural sciences, which were neglected in most area studies programs in Western universities and research institutes. These developments culminated in the creation of CSEAS in January 1963 on the campus of Kyoto University as a semi-official body for coordinating Southeast Asian studies.

The newly organized Center lost no time in launching a joint research project with special emphasis on Thailand and Malaysia. Researchers went to these two countries to conduct fieldwork ranging from detailed community studies by anthropologists to investigations of tropical forests, paddy soils, and agricultural techniques by natural scientists. It was to facilitate these field activities that the liaison office was opened in Bangkok in October 1963, which has since been staffed by representatives of the Center. An office in Jakarta

has been similarly staffed since 1970. Funding for fieldwork in these early years came primarily from private sources, including a research grant from the Ford Foundation and a domestic fund raised by supporters of the Center.

The results of the Center's research programs in its inceptive stage were so promising that the then-named Ministry of Education, Science and Culture (Monbusho) decided to grant it formal status in order to foster its area studies program. Thus, in April 1965, the Center was reorganized as a "research center" with posts for four full-time staff members, the first such center to be created at Kyoto University. New research sections were subsequently added as research programs expanded. By April 1984, the Center had grown to encompass nine research sections covering the humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences. In May 1989, these nine sections were reorganized into five larger divisions, including new chairs for medical science, in order to pursue more interactive and integrated area studies.

In 2001, the Center restructured itself into a Research Department of four divisions and three sections for visiting fellows, a Documentation Department, an Administration Department, and the overseas liaison offices. The four research divisions are Humans and the Environment, Society and Culture, Economics and Politics, and Regional Dynamics, the last a new enterprise to facilitate research management and promote the Center's projects by coordinating and integrating the research of the other three divisions. The Documentation Department consists of an editorial office, library, and information processing office. The Administration Department, which manages both CSEAS and the Graduate School of Asian and African Area Studies (ASAFAS), consists of General Affairs, Accounting, Student Affairs, and the International Office.

The decision-making and deliberative organs of CSEAS are the Council Meeting, the Faculty Meeting, and the Executive Meeting, while the Staff Meeting and various specific committees handle routine affairs. The Council Meeting, the highest decision-making body in CSEAS's administration, consists of the Director, all professors, and one associate professor from CSEAS, plus members (professors or associate professors) selected from related faculties and research institutions within the University and appointed by the Director.

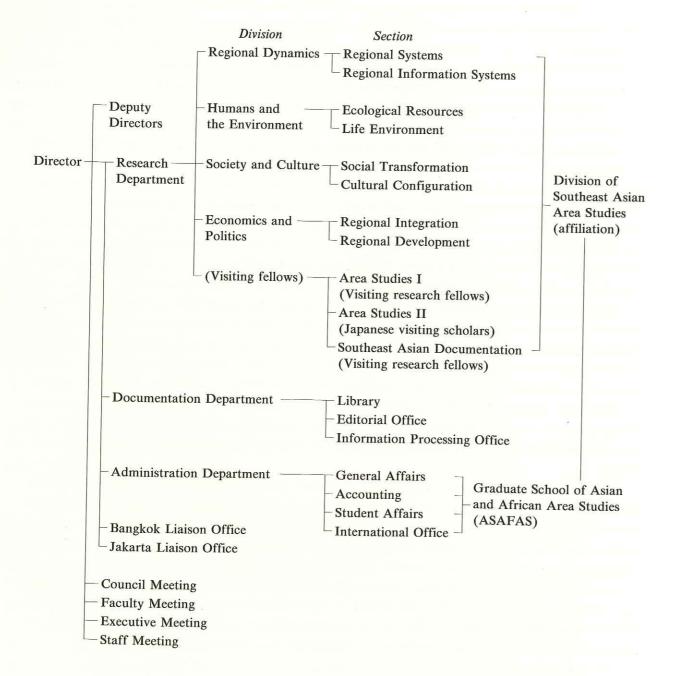
The Center has a number of intra- and extramural research affiliates who are kept up to date on research activities and are active in the Center's interdisciplinary research projects. As of 2003, there are 173 intra-university affiliates and 258 extra-university affiliates from the humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences

In the field of education, the Center has an important partner, ASAFAS, established in April 1998. Based on the five-year doctoral program, the School emphasizes long-term fieldwork and the holistic understanding of Asian and African ecology, society, and culture, as well as the interactions between them that have shaped these societies today. Most CSEAS staff are actively engaged in the education and guidance of graduate students of the School's Division of Southeast Asian Area Studies.

With the imminent corporatization of national universities in Japan, the Center is preparing for a new stage, in which it aims to construct an institutional setting for integrated area studies on Southeast Asia that meets the challenges of the world today, and to collaborate further with other institutions in forming an effective network to upgrade the academic endeavor of global area studies.

ORGANIZATION AND STAFF

1. Organization



2. Members of the Council Meeting (as of 1 September 2003)

Chairman:	TANAKA Koji	CSEAS
Members:	ABE Shigeyuki	CSEAS
	HAMASHITA Takeshi	CSEAS
	HAYASHI Yukio	CSEAS
	Honda Gisho	Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences
	KATO Tsuyoshi	ASAFAS
	KIHARA Masahiro	Graduate School of Medicine
	KITAYAMA Kanehiro	The Center for Ecological Research
	MAEDA Tatsuaki	Graduate School of Law
	MATSUBAYASHI Kozo	CSEAS
	Mizuno Kosuke	CSEAS
	NISHIBUCHI Mitsuaki	CSEAS
	Ота Seiichi	Graduate School of Agriculture
	A. Terry RAMBO	CSEAS
	SHIRAISHI Takashi	CSEAS
	YAMADA Isamu	CSEAS

3. Staff (as of 1 September 2003)

Graduate School of Human and Environmental Studies

Director: TANAKA Koji

Deputy Directors: YAMADA Isamu

ABE Shigeyuki

YASUI Kunio

Research Department

Division of Regional Dynamics

YAMADA Isamu	Professor	Tropical Ecology
ABE Shigeyuki	Professor	Development Economics
IGARASHI Tadataka	Assoc. Prof.	Human Ecology
Srawooth Paitoonpong	VRF	Human Resources Economic
Pipat PATANAPONPAIBOON	VRF	Coastal Ecology
Намамото Satoko	JRF	Cultural Anthropology
NAKAGUCHI Yoshitsugu	JRF	Pathogenic Bacteriology
TOMITA Shinsuke	JRF	Agroecology
MIICHI Ken	JSPS Fellow	Political Science

Division of Humans and the Environment

Tanaka Koji	Professor	Agroecology
NISHIBUCHI Mitsuaki	Professor	Microbiology
Matsubayashi Kozo	Professor	Geriatrics
A. Terry RAMBO	Professor	Human Ecology
Ando Kazuo	Assoc. Prof.	Tropical Agriculture

Kono Yasuyuki	Assoc. Prof.	Notymal December M.
	A550C. 1101.	Natural Resources Management
YANAGISAWA Masayuki	Res. Assoc.	Tropical Agroecology
Yunita Triwardani WINARTO	VRF	Anthropology
Kong Jianxun	GS	History of Southeast Asia
TAKEDA Yoko	TRA	

Division of Society and Culture

HAMASHITA Takeshi	Professor	Asian Area Studies
HAYASHI Yukio	Professor	Cultural Anthropology
Ishikawa Noboru	Assoc. Prof.	Social Anthropology
Caroline S. HAU	Assoc. Prof.	Cultural Studies
HAYAMI Yoko	Assoc. Prof.	Cultural Anthropology
Lamberto R. OCAMPO	VRF	Philippine History
SADAYOSHI Yasushi	JVS	Modern Histories of Southeast Asia
Lamberto R. OCAMPO	VRF	10 -12 (400) - 40

Division of Economics and Politics

Shiraishi Takashi	Professor	History and Asian Studies
Mizuno Kosuke	Professor	Development Economics
FUJITA Koichi	Assoc. Prof.	Agricultural Economics
Patricio N. ABINALES	Assoc. Prof.	Politics
Окамото Masaaki	Assoc. Prof.	Political Science
Urata Shujiro	JVS	International Economics
Cho Cho San	VRF	Agricultural Economics
Wimonrart Issarathumnoon	GS	Architecture

(JRF: Junior Research Fellow, VRF: Visiting Research Fellow, GS: Guest Scholar, JVS: Japanese Visiting Scholar, TRA: Technical Research Assistant)

Coexistence of Humans and the Environmen Humans and the Environment Regional Dynamics Society and Culture

Center for Southeast Asian Studies Synthetic/Holistic Approach in the Age of Information and Globalization

Sections of Visiting Fellows

Area Studies I:

Southeast Asian studies by visiting research fellows

Area Studies II:

Southeast Asian studies by Japanese visiting scholars

Southeast Asian Documentation:

Studies of library materials and information in vernacular

languages by visiting research fellows

Liaison Office of Research Department

KAWAI Tomoko Suto Akiko

DAO Minh Truong MATSUDA Masahiko NISHIO Masami KATAOKA Toshiko TABATA Noriko

Documentation Department

Library

Research Associate:

KITAMURA Yumi

Librarian

Visiting Research Fellows:

Rosnah B. SULIMAN Salvacion M. ARLANTE Librarian Librarian

Staff:

Komuro Shizuko TANIGUCHI Yasuko FURUTA Yasuko YAMADA Hisayo

SHIOTSU Tetsuko

Editorial Office

Research Associate:

Yonezawa Mariko

Managing Editor, Southeast Asian Studies

Editor, Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia

Editorial Fellow:

Donna Jeanne Amoroso

Staff:

KOBAYASHI Sumiko

Nobuta Tomomi

Information Processing Office

Research Associate:

KITANI Kimiya

Information Processing Adviser

Staff:

OKUNISHI Kumi

Administration Department

FUKUMOTO Minoru

Head

Senior Specialist

UEMURA Akio

General Affairs Section ONISHI Toshitaka

Chief

NAGUMO Tsubura

NAKANISHI Aiko

HIDAKA Miki

YASUHARA Satoko

Iwamoto Teruko

TERAMACHI Atsushi

Accounting Section

MIMA Toshio

Chief

OKAZAKI Michiko

TAKATA Satsuki

KOYANAGI Yoshikuni

ISHIDA Sachiko

NAKAGAWA Masako

MORITA Etsuko

Konishi Hana

Student Affairs Section

Уоко Кипіо

Chief

SHIOSAKI Haruhiko

International Office

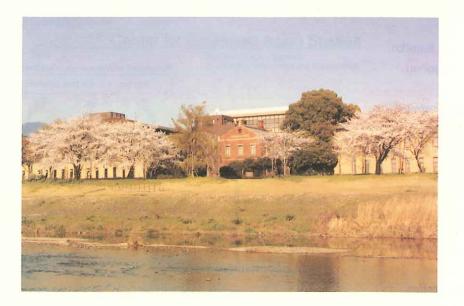
SHINTOKU Tomoe

Fujii Mai

Foreign Scholars' Lounge

MAENO Naoko

API Fellowship Coordinator



RESEARCH ACTIVITIES

1. Current Research Topics of the Staff

Division of Regional Dynamics

Regional Systems

Regional Information Systems

The Division of Regional Dynamics explores the age of information and globalization through synthetic and holistic approaches. The division pursues comparative research on areas within and transcending the boundaries of Southeast Asia, as well as on regional information systems. In addition, the division integrates and coordinates the research of the Center in collaboration with the other research divisions and the documentation division. Professors of this division act as Deputy Directors.

YAMADA Isamu Global eco-resources management

ABE Shigeyuki Post-currency crisis political economies of Thailand and Malaysia

IGARASHI Tadataka Micro-demography

Srawooth Paitoonpong Human resources and the labor market of Thailand: Can we learn from

Japan?

Pipat PATANAPONPAIBOON The role of mangrove ecosystem rehabilitation in developing environ-

mental ethics

HAMAMOTO Satoko The relationship between religious practices and commercial activities

of Muslim women in everyday life

NAKAGUCHI Yoshitsugu Dynamics of pathogenic bacteria causing intestinal infection in

Southeast Asia

TOMITA Shinsuke Risk management of natural resource use in mainland Southeast Asia

MIICHI Ken Islamism and modernity in contemporary Indonesia

Division of Humans and the Environment

Ecological Resources

Life Environment

The Division of Humans and the Environment explores the coexistence of humans and their environment. The Ecological Resources section pursues research on human ecology, environmental management systems, and resources, and the Life Environment section studies human life in relation to the environment, including studies of food, nutrition, hygiene, and disease.

TANAKA Koji Agroecological studies on people-environment interaction in tropical

Asia

NISHIBUCHI Mitsuaki Dynamics of pathogenic bacteria in the environment

MATSUBAYASHI Kozo Trans-cultural ecological aspects of human aging

A. Terry RAMBO Development trends in Vietnam's northern mountain region

Ando Kazuo Change in agricultural technologies and the development of village

societies

Kono Yasuyuki Food production and the environment

YANAGISAWA Masayuki Agro-ecological study of intensive cropping systems in the Red River

Delta

Yunita Triwardani WINARTO The evolution of farming culture in Southeast Asia

Kong Jianxun

U. S. and Japanese policies toward Southeast Asia in the early 21st century

Division of Society and Culture

Social Transformation Cultural Configuration

The Division of Society and Culture explores the changing interactions of culture, society, and ecology through perspectives that challenge the disciplinary and geographic boundaries shaping past studies of Southeast Asia. The division studies social transformations, cultural aspects of production, the creation of borderland spaces, and everyday life, as well as religion, knowledge practices, the institution of culture, and gender and sexuality.

HAMASHITA Takeshi Comparison of home remittances and investment between overseas

Indians and overseas Chinese, 18th-20th century

HAYASHI Yukio Practical religion and society in Theravada Buddhist cultures in

mainland Southeast Asia

ISHIKAWA Noboru Social change in the Malay maritime world

Caroline S. HAU Overseas Chinese in Southeast Asia

HAYAMI Yoko The historical development of ethnic relationships, religious dynamics,

and mobility in mainland Southeast Asia

Lamberto R. Ocampo Rizal and the emergence of the Filipino nation

SADAYOSHI Yasushi Modern histories of Southeast Asia, especially Indonesia

Division of Economics and Politics

Regional Integration
Regional Development

The Division of Economics and Politics studies globalization, regionalization, and regional development. The division is concerned with the political economy of Southeast Asia and the broader East Asian economy; agricultural and development economics; and government, politics, regionalism, and the regionalization of Southeast Asia.

SHIRAISHI Takashi The middle class in East Asia

MIZUNO Kosuke Labor organizations, institutions, and economic development in Indonesia

FUJITA Koichi Agricultural and rural economy and policies in Myanmar and Laos

FUJITA Koichi Agricultural and rural economy and policies in Myanmar and Laos

American colonialism and the construction of Philippine political

studies

Okamoto Masaaki Establishing the historical continuity of the local elite in West Java

URATA Shujiro The roles of foreign trade and foreign direct investment in economic

development

CHO CHO SAN

The role of shifting cultivation for the rural landless in Myanmar

Wimonrart Issarathumnoon "Machizukuri," an historical Japanese bottom-up approach to

conservation, for adaptation to conservation in Thailand

Documentation Department

KITAMURA Yumi

The role of libraries and librarians in literacy in Southeast Asia

Rosnah B. SULIMAN

Internet resources on Southeast Asian studies: A bibliography

Salvacion M. Arlante Organization of the CSEAS special collections

KITANI Kimiya Information network systems and service development

Yonezawa Mariko

Publishing in the information age

Donna Jeanne Amoroso

The history of the state in Malaysia and the Philippines

2. Joint Research

In addition to individual research, the Center promotes joint research projects in which most of the Center's staff participate. The first of these began as early as 1964 with the Thai-Burma project and the Malaysia-Indonesia project. Based on experience gained in a number of small-scale joint research projects, in 1980 the Center began a series of five-year projects with a general theme. The title of the first five-year project (1980–84) was "Integrated Research on the Formation Process of the Southeast Asian World." The second five-year project (1985–89) was "Civilization-Oriented Integrated Research on the Formation and Evolution of the Southeast Asian World." The third five-year project (1990–94) was "An Integrated Study of Indigenous Logic and the Development Structure of the Southeast Asian World." Since 1993, the Center has carried out three large-scale five-year projects consecutively: the Global Area Studies Project (grant for Scientific Research on Priority Areas) (1993–96); the Center of Excellence Project (1998–2002); and the 21st Century COE Project (from 2002). The latter two projects have been jointly organized with ASAFAS. The major characteristics of all Center projects are their emphasis on field research, their interdisciplinary approach, and the participation of scholars from Southeast Asia and other regions.

Global Area Studies Project

"Toward an Integrated Approach to Global Area Studies: In Search of a Paradigm for a Harmonized Relationship between the World and its Areas" began in 1993. Funded by a grant for Scientific Research on Priority Areas from the then-Ministry of Education, Science and Culture (Monbusho), "Global Area Studies" involved 6 designated sub-project groups and 24 open-recruited groups of scientists totaling 130 area specialists nationwide. During the term of the project, 17 issues of the quarterly journal *Global Area Studies* (in Japanese) and 35 reports in the Global Area Studies Report Series included contributions by project members.

Towards the end of the project, in October 1996, an international symposium was convened with participants from Japan and abroad, mainly from Southeast Asia. "International Symposium Southeast Asia: Global Area Studies for the 21st Century" examined the pertinence of the project's findings in light of current trends in Southeast Asian studies. The proceedings were published under the title of the symposium in March 1997. The final results of this four-year joint-research project have been published in the Kyoto Area Studies on Asia series in Japanese: In Search of Global Area Studies (1999), edited by Yoshihiro Tsubouchi, the project leader; Trials for Inter-Area Comparative Studies, Vol. 1 and Vol. 2 (1999), edited by Yoshikazu Takaya, a sub-project leader; Theories on the Formation of Area (2000), edited by Y. Tsubouchi; and Indigenous Theories of Area Development (2000), edited by Yonosuke Hara.

Center of Excellence (COE) Project

In 1998, CSEAS, together with ASAFAS, was awarded a Center of Excellence (COE) grant of approximately US\$8 million by Monbusho, since re-named the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT). With this grant for research and institution building, CSEAS and ASAFAS worked to create a first-class research and educational center for Asian and African area studies at Kyoto University. Under the title "Making Regions: Proto-Areas, Transformations, and New Formations in Asia and Africa," research activities were carried out individually and in seminars, workshops, and conferences. The central question we addressed was the making of regions; our goal was to develop a holistic

way of studying regions and of understanding how regions and the people who live in them change over time.

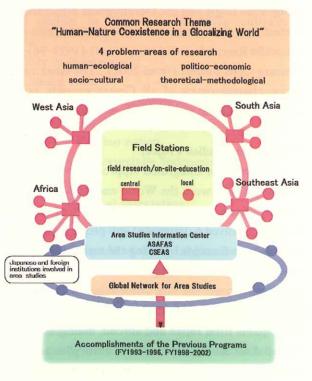
COE institution-building activities included reinforcing library resources, networking, and publication. Our library acquired 20,000 books per year during the project, adding some large collections such as the Kirk Green Collection on Africa and the Lamberto Ocampo Collection on the Philippines, microfiche collections of colonial documents from the former Netherlands East Indies and British Malaya, and materials from areas hitherto not covered in our collection such as the Middle East, southwest China, Myanmar, Laos, and Vietnam. Publications from the project include several books in the "Kyoto Area Studies on Asia" series, as well as the establishment and first three issues of the *Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia*, a multi-lingual internet journal reviewing topics in Southeast Asian studies.

21st Century COE Project

The 21st Century COE Project was launched by ASAFAS and CSEAS in 2003 under the title "Human-Nature Coexistence in a Globalizing World." The following three major projects were pursued to launch the project:

- Research and education into problems concerning human-nature coexistence in a globalizing world;
- The promotion of on-site education and research facilities through field stations established in Asia in the Philippines, Malaysia, Laos, Myanmar, Indonesia, Vietnam, and India, and in Africa in Egypt, Tanzania, Ethiopia, Cameroon, Zambia, and Kenya. Twelve professors, 14 graduate students, and 2 junior researchers were dispatched to these areas. Joint research with counterpart organizations is proceeding smoothly;
- The establishment of an integrated information center for area studies. New information access devices were installed to promote the effective exchange of information among researchers and

An Overview "Aiming for COE of Integrated Area Studies"



graduate students as well as counterpart organizations. Six thousand two hundred forty-two books, 1,471 microfiches, and 51 microfilms were purchased and the basic information database processed.

A homepage including many photographs was also established to publicize research activities in the field stations (http://areainfo.asafas.kyoto-u.ac.jp). Basic data appearing on the HP will be renewed in real time so that users can access up-to-date reports of the activities of this project. As the first year of this project was a preliminary year, the main activities will begin from the current fiscal year.

Under the aegis of the Center projects, several sub-projects have also been undertaken with the financial support of a special fund for overseas research from MEXT:

- Characteristics of Economic Planning and Development Policies in Southeast Asia (1985–86)
- A Genealogy of Malay-type Agriculture (1986–88)
- The Formation of Urban Civilization in Southeast Asia (1987–90)
- A Historical Study of the Development of Agro-Ecological Space and the Movement of People in China (1989–91)

- An Integrated Study on the Dynamics of the Maritime World in Southeast Asia (1990-91)
- A Comparative Study of Tropical Maritime Worlds (1992-93)
- The Socio-Cultural and Eco-Dynamics of Interaction Process between Man and Environment in Indonesia (1992–94)
- A Study of the Man-Environment-Crop Complex in the Korat Plateau, Thailand (1993-94)
- Comparative Area Studies on Tropical Maritime Worlds (1994–96)
- The Culturo-Ecological Structure of Network Societies in the Southeast Asian Maritime World (1995-97)
- International Comparative Studies of Men and Forests (1994–97)
- The Imagescape of Six Great Asian Deltas in the Twenty-first Century (1997-98)
- A Comparative Study of Dry Areas in Southeast Asia: Harsh or Benign Environment? (1996-98)
- Relation of Millet Farming with Other Farming and Agrarian Prospects (1997)
- Dynamics of Enteropathogenic Bacteria in Asian Environments (1999-2001)
- Inter-Regional Comparative Studies on Frontier Societies (1999-2001)
- People, Environment, and Land Use Systems in Mainland Southeast Asia (1999-2001)
- Economic, Cultural, and Political Linkages between Asia and Japan, the U.S. A., and Europe (2000-03)
- Sustainable Agriculture and Rural Development in Minor Ethnic Groups of Bangladesh and Myanmar (2000–03)
- Everyday Life and Policing in the Wallacean World (2001-03)
- Comparison of Safety-Nets in Southeast Asia with Special Reference to Human Aging (2002-04)
- Comparative Area Studies on the Utilization of Eco-resources and Changes in Social Life in the Wider Circum-Himalayan Region (2002–05)
- Molecular Epidemiological Study on Emerging Enteric Infections in Asia (2002-04)
- Transformation of Local Politics in Democratizing Indonesia (2002-04)

Projects sponsored by other sources are:

- · Core University Program, sponsored by the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS)
- Japan-Bangladesh joint study on agricultural and rural development in Bangladesh, sponsored by Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

Many of the findings from these joint researches have been reported in the quarterly journal, Southeast Asian Studies and the Research Report Series, a list of which is included in the Appendix II of this report, CSEAS Publications.

3. Institution Building

In addition to promoting active research, CSEAS aims to establish infrastructure for future research activities through the ongoing development of area studies, research networks, and library resources.

Through the COE project "Making Regions" (1998–2002) and its successor, "21st Century COE," CSEAS and ASAFAS staff have pursued the delineation of the principal domains of area studies and developed comparative methodologies to clarify the characteristics of Southeast Asia. Reexamining key concepts such as environment and resource management, migration, ethnicity, political change, culture, economic growth and development, the nation-state, hegemony, and networking, CSEAS continuously renews area studies through these large-scale joint studies.

Developing networks is an important component of all current and future CSEAS research. Through the Core University Program, supported by the Japan Society for the Promotion of the Sciences, other projects supported by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT), the internet

journal Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia, and partnership in the Nippon Foundation API Fellowships, the Center promotes exchange with institutions and researchers throughout the world.

Recently, CSEAS has accelerated its effort to collect research materials of all kinds—including books, documents, maps, and satellite images—and make them available for public use through our website. Providing a site for continuous research and exchange, nurturing the youngest generation of area studies specialists, welcoming foreign and local scholars, and holding seminars and symposia are among the Center's contributions as a Center of Excellence in area studies.

Finally, in order to evaluate our research activities, the Center has had a self-evaluation mechanism in development since 1993, when a review and evaluation committee was officially constituted, with the director, deputy directors, and division heads as members. All Center staff are annually requested to submit a self-appraisal report. In 2001, the evaluation mechanism was strengthened by introducing an objective, graded system in which each staff member's activities, both academic and administrative, are evaluated every four years. This self-appraisal mechanism provides staff with the valuable opportunity to reconsider and forecast their research activities.

4. Symposia, Seminars etc.

Many scholarly exchanges with participants from within and outside the Center have been held under the sponsorship of the Center or jointly with other research institutes. Those held in the last two years are listed below.

A. Symposia, Seminars

(1) Seminar Series on "Society and Culture in Southeast Asia"

This series follows in the foot steps of forerunning seminar series—"Nature and Agriculture in Southeast Asia," which has been running for almost two decades, and the recently initiated Southeast Asian Political Studies Caucus—as regular and open seminars. It aims to be a forum for research presentation and exchange on social and cultural descriptions of Southeast Asian area studies in the widest sense. The key words "Southeast Asia," "fieldwork," and "description and analysis of society and culture" loosely define the fundamental interests of the seminar. Since January 2001, the seminar has been run by members of both CSEAS and ASAFAS on the third Friday of odd numbered months.

26 January 2001

• Thirty Years in a Malay Village: Frontier-Oriented Mobility to Urban Migration, by Tsubouchi Yoshihiro, ASAFAS

15 March 2001

 Poppo, Nanna, and Nona Banko: Social History of Everyday Life on B Island in the Makassar Straits, by Hamamoto Satoko, CSEAS

17 May 2001

• "My Small But Cozy Home": Negotiations between the House and Its Inhabitants among Akha in Northern Thailand, by Shimizu Ikuro, National Museum of Ethnology

20 September 2001

• Ethnography Describing Artifacts: Local Cloth Production Technology and Social Change in Sumba, Indonesia, by Taguchi Rie, The University of Tokyo

26 November 2001

• Feng Shui and Village Community: The Case of the Dong People in Southwest China, by Kaneshige

Tsutomu, Shiga University

17 January 2002

· Fieldwork on Religion: Trotan, Orang Hulu, and the Malay, by Tachimoto Narifumi, CSEAS

22 March 2002

• Is "Du'a" the Lionese Word for Owner? On the Concept of "Causal Domination," by Sugishima Takashi, ASAFAS

15 May 2002

• "Development" and "Labor": From the Activities of a Monk in Karen State, by Tosa Keiko, Kobe University

20 September 2002

• The Reconstitution of Religion from the Point of View of Taoism: The Objectification of Culture in Singapore, by Fukuura Atsuko, Shiga University

15 November 2002

• Export and Quality Issues Surrounding Jasmine Rice and Garden Rice as High Grade Rice Varieties Produced in Thailand, by Miyata Toshiyuki, Tenri University

17 January 2003

Mobility and Secret Language: From the Case of a Cebuano Chinese Temple, by Miyahara Akira,
 Osaka University of Foreign Languages

28 March 2003

 Rethinking "The Involution of Culture": With Focus on Representation and Consumption of Balinese Culture, by Nakano Maiko, Hitotsubashi University

16 May 2003

- To Write a Genealogy: Considering the Black Tai Family Genealogy, by Kashinaga Masao, National Museum of Ethnology
- (2) COE International Workshop and Seminars on "Inter-Ethnic Relations in the Making of Mainland Southeast Asia and Southwestern China"

The COE International Workshop and Seminars have been organized for four successive years since 1999 with financial support from the Japanese Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, through the Center of Excellence program "Making Regions: Proto-areas, Transformations, and New Formations in Asia and Africa." Following the first conference held in Kunming, P. R. China, subsequent workshops and seminars have been held every fiscal year in collaboration with the Yunnan Institute of Nationalities, P. R. China; Rajabhat Institute Chiang Mai and Rajabhat Institute Chiang Rai, Thailand; and the Ministry of Information and Culture, Lao P. D. R.

International Workshop on "Inter-Ethnic Relations in the Making of Mainland Southeast Asia and South-western China," Chiang Rai, Thailand, 23–24 March, 2001. Preceeding the conference, a three-day research excursion was made among minority groups in both Chiang Rai and Chiang Mai. The papers were published in English with Thai summary. The contents are also available on the CSEAS website.

- "Lua Leading Dogs, Toting Chaek, Carrying Chickens": Some Comments, by Aroonrut Wichienkeeo, Rajabhat Institute Chiang Mai
- Reconfiguration of the Role of the Guardian Spirit: Reflection from the Phuan Feasting Ritual, by Pranee Wongthet, Silpakorn University
- The Culture of the Primitive Religious Rites of the Dai Nationality in Xinping, Yunnan Province, by Yang Guangyuan, Yunnan Institute of Nationalities

- On the Possibility of Early Karen Settlement in the Chiang Mai Valley, by Ronald Duane Renard,
 Siam Society
- Embodied Power of Prophets and Monks: Dynamics of Religion among Karen in Thailand, by Hayami Yoko, CSEAS
- The Lahu Symbolic Universe and Reconstruction of Ethnic Identity, by Sombat Boonkamyeung, Rajabhat Institute Chiang Rai
- Culture and Tradition of the Tai People in Sipsong Chu Thai, Northwestern Vietnam: Maintenance, Revivalization and Present Integration into the Vietnamese Society, by Phattiya Jimreivat, Mahidol University
- From Repairing the Village/Repairing the Country Ceremonies to Tree Ordinations: Changes in Political Ritual in a Shan Community in Northwestern Thailand, by Nicola Beth Tannenbaum, Lehigh University
- Buddhism without Institutions: Notes on the Theravada Buddhist Practice in Comparative Perspective, by Hayashi Yukio, CSEAS
- An Interpretation of Religious Influence of the Dai Nationality on the Atsang Language and Culture: A Case Study, by Yuan Yan, Yunnan Normal University
- Current Status, History and Prospects of Jingpo People's Bilingual Education System: The Cultural Vicissitudes an Old Ethnic Group Encountered in Modern Society, by Dong Yan, Beijing University
- Ethnic Tourism and Cultural Change in the Border Region of Yunnan Province: A Case Study on Xishuangbanna Dai Autonomous Prefecture, by Hasegawa Kiyoshi, Seitoku Gakuen Gifu Educational University

International Workshop on "Cultural Diversity and Conservation in the Making of Mainland Southeast Asia and Southwestern China: Regional Dynamics in the Past and Present," Luang Prabang, Lao P. D. R., 19–20 February 2002. A published volume in English with Lao summary has been published and the contents will also appear on the CSEAS website.

- History of Population in Laos and Essay on Ethnic Classification, by Humpanh Rattanavong, Institute for Cultural Research, Ministry of Information and Culture
- Languages and Ethnic Classification in Lao P. D. R., by Thongpheth Kingsada, Insitute for Linguistic Research, Ministry of Information and Culture
- Historical, Cultural and Ethnical Relationship between Lao-Ta and Kumhmu Ethnic Group, by Souksavang Simana, Institute for Cultural Research, Ministry of Information and Culture
- Commoners and Slaves in Ancient Lan Na Society, by Aroonrut Wichienkeeo, Rajabhat Institute Chiang Mai
- Cao Fa Dek Noi and the Founding Myth of the Lue Polity of Chiang Khaeng, by Volker Grabowsky,
 Institute of Ethnologie, Westfalische Wilhelms-Universita Munster
- The Aboriginal Tribes and the Tribal Principalities in Yunnan as Presented in the Ming and Early Qing Historiography: A Preliminary Survey, by Foon Ming Liew, Institute of Ethnologie, Westfalische Wilhelms-Universita Munster
- Black Tai in Lao P. D. R., by Pattiya Jimreivat, Institute of Language and Culture for Rural Development, Mahidol University
- The Family Structure and Everyday Life of Puer Dai People in Jinping County, by He Shaoying, Yunnan Research Institute of the Nationalities
- · Buddhist Revivalism in the Tai World, by Paul Theodore Cohen, Macquarie University
- · Khuba Movements and the Karen in Northern Thailand: Negotiating Sacred Space and Identity,

- by Kwanchewan Buadaeng, Social Research Institute, Chiang Mai University
- Meat-Consumption, Feasting and Commensality among Karen in the Context of Socio-Religious Changes in the Upland-Lowland Continuum, by Hayami Yoko, CSEAS
- A Study on Culture Contact and Cultural Change: Atsang and De'ang Nationalities as Cases, by Yuan Yan, Yunnan Normal University
- Probing the Origin of "Offering Sacrifices to God" and "Driving Out Ghosts" by the Dai Nationality, by Yang Guangyuan, Yunnan Institute of the Nationalities
- Forest Domesticated: Ethnic and Religious Practice among the Lao and Neighbors, by Hayashi Yukio, CSEAS
- Agricultural Intensification and Diversification in the Northern Mountain Region of Vietnam, by Yanagisawa Masayuki, CSEAS
- Preservation of Cultural Heritage in Lao P. D. R.: With Special Reference to Luang Prabang Case, by Thongsa Sayavongkhamdy, Ministry of Information and Culture
- Ethnic Cultures and Tourism Development in Xishuangbanna, Yunnan Province, by Hasegawa Kiyoshi, Bunkyo University

International Workshop on "Inter-Ethnic Relations in the Making of Mainland Southeast Asia and South-western China under 'Globalization,'" CSEAS, 29–30 October 2002. Contributors from Japan, China, Thailand, and the United States discussed the following topics:

- · Land Management in Ancient Lan Na Society: A Case of Paddy Fields
- A Comparative Study of the Sacrificial Rites Held by the Minority Nationalities in Xinping County: A Case Study of the Yi, the Hani and the Dai Nationalities
- · Restoration of Rituals and Dai Identity in Sipsong Panna, Yunnan Province
- · National Assemblies: Ethnic Minorities in Thailand's Museums
- Approaching Protection and Utilization of Language and Culture of Xiandao from Phenomena of Global Dying Languages and Culture
- Hills and Plains in Mainland Southeast Asia from the Perspective of Religious Dynamics
- "Traditional Culture" of the Lahu under Globalization
- Tai-Lue Migration and Changing Spirit Cult: In the Context of Nation-State in Recent Transnational Movement
- Theravada Buddhist Practices across Regional Boundaries
- (3) Seminar Series on "Inter-Ethnic Relations, Migration, and Cultural Reconfiguration"

This seminar series was begun in 1995 in order to present and exchange new evidence obtained from long-term field research in mainland Southeast Asia. Focusing on the dynamics of regional practices, especially cultural and religious practice, it aims to understand relations between people designated by various terms as ethnic groups. From October 2001 to February 2003, four seminars were held, including a two-day special seminar on Cambodian studies, with an average attendance of 30 participants. Some of the papers delivered will appear in the CSEAS journal, *Southeast Asian Studies*.

26 October 2001

 Changing Thai Society in the Past 15 Years: Civil Movement, Middle Class, and Intelligentsia after Bloody May 1992, by Okamoto Kazuyuki, NGO worker

5 March 2002

· Dealing with HIV: Protection and Identity among Thai Women, by Michinobu Ryoho, Sapporo

Medical University

Special seminar on "Cambodian Studies in New Horizon," 6-7 December 2002

- · New Horizons in Cambodian Studies by Japanese Researchers, by Hayashi Yukio, CSEAS
- Conflicts in Cambodia in Historical Perspective, by Amakawa Naoko, Institute of Developing Economies
- New Research Findings about the Local History of Kompong Cham in the French Colonial Period, by Kitagawa Takako, National Museum of Ethnology
- Khmer Discourse on Angkor Vat: From an Analysis of Khmer Articles, 1920–30, by Sasagawa Hideo,
 Sophia University
- Representation of Ideal Women in Democratic Cambodia, by Okada Tomoko, Tokyo University of Foreign Studies
- Historical Formation of Region in Relation to the Distribution of Agricultural Land: A Case from Kompong Tom, by Kobayashi Satoru, ASAFAS

18 February 2003

- The Motif of Soteriology and Ethnocentrism among Christian Highlanders in Mainland Southeast Asia: The Case of Lahu in Thailand, by Kataoka Tatsuki, Kyushu University
- Christianity and Minority in Inter-Ethnic Relations: The Case of Baptist Lahu on the Thai-Burma Frontier, by Nishimoto Yoichi, Kanazawa University

(4) Seminar Series on "Mountainous Areas of Mainland Southeast Asia"

This seminar series focuses on a geographic field, the mountainous area of mainland Southeast Asia and southern China, to attempt interdisciplinary study through discussion, exchange of information, and human interchange between researchers of different disciplines. Topics common to all include natural environment, changes in people's lives, and human ecology, as well as the related topics of population movement, ethnicity, economic network, development policy, and history.

2 November 2001

• Mobilizing the Margin: Impacts of Market Restoration on the Northern Border of Vietnam, by Deanna Donovan, East-West Center and Visiting Research Fellow of CSEAS

8 March 2002

 "Free Migration" of Tai/Nung People: A Network between Northeast and Central Highland of Vietnam, by Ito Masako, Daito Bunka University; Comment, by Kashinaga Masao, National Museum of Ethnology

27 March 2002

• Historical Introduction to the Land System of the Vietnamese Mekong Delta: The Role of the Land System in Agricultural Development, by Takada Yoko, Keiai University

6 June 2002

- Rural Research Report on Myanmar Agriculture 1: Rural Finance, by Fujita Koichi, CSEAS
- 18 September 2002
 - The Basin Area Affected by Rubber: Han Immigrants Living in Xishuangbanna in Yunnan, by Fukao Yoko, Osaka University of Foreign Language

1 November 2002

- Five Decades of Human Impact on Vegetation Cover in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region, by Dao Minh Truong, CSEAS
- Nutrient Balance of a Composite Swiddening Agroecosystem in Vietnam's Northern Mountain

Region, by Tran Duc Vien, Visiting Research Fellow of CSEAS and Hanoi Agricultural University

- The Human Dimension: Toward a More Integrated Analysis, by Neil Jamieson, Visiting Research Fellow of CSEAS
- · Discussant, Hayami Yoko, CSEAS
- (5) COE International Seminar on "Changing People-Environment Interactions in Contemporary Asia: An Area Study Approach," 15–17 November 2001

This seminar was held at Kyodai Kaikan as a part of the COE program "Making Regions: Proto-Areas, Transformations and New Formations in Asia" and was attended mainly by those who study natural science. The seminar's aim was to increase our understanding, from a regional standpoint, of the rapid and drastic environmental changes occurring in Southeast Asia and the surrounding countries as they relate to the lives and occupations of local residents.

Session 1: Confrontation and Environment

Subsession 1: Ecological Issues in Transmigration Policy and Development of Coastal Wetlands of Indonesia, chaired by Shiraishi Takashi, CSEAS

- Malay Riverbank Communities in Peat Swamp Forests of Sumatran East Coast: Environment, Network, and Transformation, by Momose Kuniyasu, ASAFAS
- Ecological Issues of the Mega-Rice Project in Indonesia: Case Study of Swampy Land Development in Central Kalimantan, by Supiandi Sabiham, IPB, Indonesia
- From Colonization to Transmigration: Changing Policies in Population Resettlement, by Sodiono M.
 P. Tjondronegoro, IPB, Indonesia
- A National Project That Failed: Tale of Population Resettlement Policy in Indonesia, by Riwanto Tirtosudarmo, LIPI, Indonesia

Subsession 2: Ecological After-Effects of Agent Orange Spraying in the Vietnam War and Post-War Food Security, chaired by Furukawa Hisao, ASAFAS

- Agent Orange in the Vietnam War: Consequences and Measures for Overcoming, by Le Ke Son, Agent Orange Victims Fund of the Vietnam Red Cross
- Severe Impacts of Herbicides on Mangroves in the Vietnam War and Ecological Effects of Reforestation, by Phan Nguyen Hong, Vietnam National University
- Twenty-Five Years Pursuit of Herbicides Damages of the Vietnam War: Tracing the Transition of Environment and Human Health, by Nakamura Goro, Gifu University
- War Time Herbicides in the Mekong Delta and the Implication on Post-War Wetland Conservation, by Tran Triet, Vietnam National University
- · Food Security in Postwar Vietnam, by Vo-Tong Xuan, Angiang University
- Session 2: Dynamism of Health and Ecology, co-chaired by Matsubayashi Kozo and Nishibuchi Mitsuaki, CSEAS

Subsession 1: Global Aspects of Disease Study

- · Ageing, Disease, and Ecology, by Matsubayashi Kozo, CSEAS
- · Chronomes, Ageing, and Disease, by Otsuka Kuniaki, Tokyo Women's Medical College
- Application of Geographical Information System in International Health, by Tanimura Susumu, Nagasaki University

Subsession 2: Infectious Diseases

· Molecular Epidemiology of Vibrio cholerae: Masquerade of a Deceptive Pathogen, by G. Balakrish

- Nair, National Institute of Cholera and Enteric Diseases, Calcutta
- Emerging Infection by a New Clone of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*: An Infectious Disease That Emerged in Asia and Spread to the World, by Nishibuchi Mitsuaki, CSEAS
- Burkholderia pseudomallei and the Environment, by S. D. Puthucheary, University of Malaya
- Effects of Intensification of Traditional Farming System on the Environment and Bio-Safety of Human Population: Nipah Virus Experience, by N. Muniandy, Veterinary Research Institute, Malaysia
- · Malaria Control Studies in Indonesia and Solomon Islands, by Ishii Akira, Jichi Medical School
- Clinical Ecology of Vector-Born Diseases in Southeast Asia, by Ogiwara Rie, Showa University

Subsession 3: Environmental Health

- Contamination and Toxic Effects of Persistent Organic Pollutants in Wildlife and Humans from Asia, by Tanabe Shinsuke, Ehime University
- Water Quality Problems in Livelihood in Bangladesh and Kazakhstan: Natural Environment as a Local Area, by Ando Kazuo, CSEAS

Session 3: People's Strategies in Eco-Resources Management

Subsession 1: Development Policy in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region, chaired by Yamada Isamu, CSEAS

- Development Policies and Development Trends in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region, by A. Terry Rambo, CSEAS
- Agricultural Intensification and Diversification in the Northern Mountain Region of Vietnam: A Case Study of Cash Crop Development in Moc Chau District of Son La Province, by Yanagisawa Masayuki, CSEAS
- Changes in Composite Swiddening Systems in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region in Response to Integration into the Market System, by Tran Duc Vien, Hanoi Agricultural University
- Changes in Land Use in a Black Thai Community in Response to Changes in the National Land Management Policies, by Thomas Sikor, Humboldt University

Subsession 2: Environmental Policy and Land Resources Management in Laos, chaired by Tanaka Koji, CSEAS

- Upland Natural Resources Management Strategies and Policy in the Lao P. D. R., by Phouang Parisak Pravongviengkham, Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, the Lao P. D. R.
- · Aquatic Eco-Resources Management and Its Changes in Laos, by Iwata Akira, ASAFAS
- Changing Aspects of Shifting Cultivation in Northern Laos: Land Allocation Policy and Commercialization of Crop Production, by Kono Yasuyuki, CSEAS
- Management of Non-Timber Forest Products in Laos: Changes under Market-Oriented Production System, by Takeda Shinya, ASAFAS

Subsession 3: Eco-Technological Approach for an Alternative Development, chaired by Ando Kazuo, CSEAS

- Eco-Technology and Rural Development: India's Experiences: A Case Study of Villagers' Taxonomy of Soils in South India, by K. Balasubramanian, M.S. Swaminathan Research Foundation, Chennai
- A Proposal of Asian Eco-Technology Networking for Eco-Resources Management, by Kaida Yoshihiro, CSEAS
- · Discussion, chaired by Kono Yasuyuki, CSEAS

(6) Seminar Series on "State, Market, and Community"

This series was launched in June 2000 to investigate characteristics of Southeast Asia from the viewpoint of political economy by focusing on the roles of the state, the market, and the community. Globalization has had a substantial impact on various aspects of this region's life. In recent seminars, we covered topics such as credit institutions in villages and labor policies after Suharto.

6 December 2001

 Populism on the Rise in Indonesia? Reflections on Recent Economic Policy, with Special Reference to Labor, by Chris Manning, Australian National University

22 February 2002

Social Changes in Rural West Java in Democratizing Indonesia: Administrative and People's Organizations, by Mizuno Kosuke, CSEAS

Workshop on "Frontiers of Southeast Asian Studies," co-hosted with the Kansai Branch of the Southeast Asia Caucus, Association of Comparative Politics of Japan, 1–2 March 2002

- · State and NGO in Malaysia: Ethnic Gap in NGO Sector, by Kaneko Yoshiki, Dokkyo University
- Changes of International Political Dynamics in Asia in the 1960s and Japan: Focusing on Intervention Maneuvering of Malaysia, by Miyagi Taizo, Hitotsubashi University
- "Thai Economy and Railways" and After, by Kakizaki Ichiro, Yokohama City University
- Development State under Democratic Regime: Focusing on Cases of ASEAN Nations, by Kimura Hirotsune, Nagoya University
- Political Changes in Indonesia over "Reformasi": Islam, People, Megawati, by Sasaki Tsugeo, Kyushu University

18 March 2002

Institutionalization of People's Self-organizing Actions for Rural Development: Comparative Analysis
of Microfinance Organizations in Rural Thailand, Philippines, and Indonesia, by Shigetomi Shinichi,
Institute of Developing Economies

31 March 2002

 Lending Bias, Financial Reform and Some Policy Device: Using Micro Data for Wuxi City from 1993–1996, by Yano Go, Tokushima University

28 June 2002

• Transnationalism, Enterprise Development, and Identity Formation: Malaysian Chinese Business in Local and Global Contexts, by Edmund Terence Gomez, University of Malaya

5 July 2002

Borrowed Technology and Technological Progress in East and Southeast Asia, by Yasuba Yasukichi,
 Osaka Gakuin University

9 July 2002

- Is There a Future for Japanese Investment in Indonesia? by Thomas Lindblad, Leiden University
- 18 October 2002
 - Structural Adjustment and Rice Policy Change in Indonesia: Its Implication for Food Security and Rural Development, by M. Husein Sawit, BULOG, Indonesia

13 December 2002

- Ups and Downs of Arab Networks in the First Half of the 20th Century, by Arai Kazuhiro, Michigan University
- · Possibility of Democratization of Saudi Arabia, by Nakamura Oboe, Kobe University

Seminar on "Social Changes in the Philippines: Some Economic Approaches," 1 March 2003

- Transformation of Social Practices in Economic Development: Examples of Poor Areas in Manila, by Nakanishi Toru, The University of Tokyo
- Rural Society in the Philippines from the Viewpoint of Rural Credit Relations: Case of Bohol, by Fujita Koichi, CSEAS
- Changes in Rice Harvest System: Cases of Laguna and Quezon Provinces, by Kikuchi Masao, Chiba University
- · Discussion, chaired by Fujii Masako, Takushoku University

(7) Seminar Series on "Comparative Area Studies on the Utilization of Eco-resources and Changes in Social Life in the Wider Circum-Himalayan Region"

The aim of this seminar is to compare the patterns of utilization of eco-resources and changes in social life in the wider circum-Himalayan region. Five major ecosystems—Southeast Asia, South Asia, Southwestern Asia, Tibet and Mongolia, and the Himalayas—constitute the basic settings for the comparative studies.

28 January 2002

- · Afghanistan Viewed from Neighboring Countries, by Hara Ryuichi, Daito Bunka University
- Rural Development in Nepal, by Keshav L. Maharjan, Hiroshima University

19 March 2002

- Useful Plants of the Mountainous Area of Continental Southeast Asia: Views from Cultural Life, by Ochiai Yukino, Kagoshima University
- The Ecology of Conifers Grown in the Arid Area, by Yoshikawa Ken, Okayama University 4 July 2002
 - Comparative Study of Milk Treatment Systems in the Wider Circum-Himalayan Region: The Status of Tibetan Nomads, by Hirata Masahiro, CSEAS

12 March 2003

- · Yak Pasturing in Tibet, by Hongo Akio, Obihiro Livestock Breeding University
- (8) Seminar Series on "Rural Development in Area Studies"

Studies in rural development demand a normative approach, including problem-solving, actor analysis of different participants, and a sense of value judgment, in addition to the normal neutral approach of area studies. CSEAS has made rural development studies a part of applied area studies and held regular annual seminars since 1996.

"Local Government and Rural Development: Cooperation with NGOs and Agricultural Cooperatives," 26 February 2002

- Panchayat and Rural Development in Andhra Pradesh, India, by Asano Nobuyuki, Seibo Women's University
- Role Sharing between Agricultural Extension Workers and Farm Management Advisor in Yamaguchi Prefecture: The Need for Farming Information and Human Resource Development, by Iwasaki Akira, Agricultural Extension Division of Yamaguchi Prefecture

"Basis of Life Culture and Livelihood: The Distribution of the Basic Culture of Esoteric Buddhism," 26 March 2002

 Buddhist Ruins and Artifacts in Indonesia: The Relationship with the Pala Dynasty, by Matsunaga Keishi, Seihu High School

- Beliefs of Barua Buddhists in Modern Bangladesh, by Taniyama Yozo, Nagaoka Hospital
 "Village Leaders and Extension Programs," 17 March 2003
 - The Establishment of Village Leaders and Capacity Building in Extension Programs, by Nishigata Noriko, JA News
 - Village Leaders and the Extension Program in Kameoka City, Kyoto Prefecture, by Matsuda Takeko, Kameoka Agricultural Extension Center, Kyoto Prefecture Government
 - Village Leaders and Rural Development in Bangladesh, by Ando Kazuo, CSEAS

"The Relationship between Bangladesh and Its Surrounding Area in Agricultural Systems, and the Activities of Bengal Priests in Tibetan Buddhism," 25 March 2003

- Agrarian Social Structure in Coch Behar in the Early 19th Century: Upland and Riceland Cultivation, by Taniguchi Shinkichi, Hitotsubashi University
- Plough and Cropping Systems in Arakan, Manipur, Assam, and Chittagong, by Ando Kazuo, CSEAS
- Bengal Priests in Tibetan Buddhism Texts, by Fujita Kokan, Koyasan University

(9) International Workshop on "Development of Slopeland Agriculture in Mainland Southeast Asia," 14-17 March 2002

CSEAS organized this international workshop in Chiang Mai, Thailand, in collaboration with the International Center for Research in Agroforestry (ICRAF), the Resources Policy Support Initiative (REPSI) of the World Resources Institute (WRI), and Bangkok Center, JSPS. This workshop focused on the development of agriculture on sloping lands in Laos, Myanmar, Thailand, and Vietnam from the viewpoint of people's livelihood, resources management, and environmental conservation. More than 50 participants from countries including Vietnam, Thailand, Laos, the United States, and Japan attended and had fruitful discussions followed by an excursion to the Mae Chaem area.

Opening Session:

- Introduction, by Kono Yasuyuki, CSEAS
- Slopeland Agriculture in Tropical Asia, by Kyuma Kazutake, Kyoto University
- Agroforestry Landscapes in the Montane Mainland Southeast Asia (MMSEA) Ecoregion: Mosaic Patterns of Landuse for Livelihoods and Watershed Services at Multiple Levels of Management, by David E. Thomas, International Center for Research in Agroforestry

Session 1: Nutrition Cycling and Environmental Degradation

- Evaluation of Soil Properties in Agroforestry Systems Using Paper Mulberry, by Okabayashi Yukoh,
 Kochi University
- Evaluation of Soil Fertility and Farming System in Shifting Cultivation Area in Northern Laos, by Watanabe Etsuko, Kochi University
- Use and Management of Vuny Legumes as Accelerated Seasonal Fallow in Intensified Shifting Cultivation in Northern Thailand, by Somchai Ongprasert, Majo University
- Soil Burning Effect under Shifting Cultivation of Karen People in Northern Thailand, by Tanaka Sota,
 Kochi University
- Land Degradation in Cultivated Fields in Gentle Slopeland of Northeast Thailand, by Patma Vityakon, Khon Kaen University
- Nutrition Balance in the Composite Swiddening System in Hoa Binh Province, Vietnam, by Nguyen Van Dung, Hanoi Agricultural University

 Soil Weathering, Toposequence, and Agricultural Productivity in Northern Vietnam, by Sakurai Katsutoshi, Kochi University

Session 2: People's Livelihood and Poverty Alleviation

- Pedological Examination of Traditional Land Evaluation by Karen Ethnic Group in Northern Thailand, by Hirai Hideaki, Utsunomiya University
- The Role of Natural Bio-Resources in Household-Level Food Security in Northwest Laos, by Yanagisawa Masayuki, CSEAS
- Soil Fertility and Cropping Systems of Slopeland Agriculture in North-West Vietnam, by Le Quoc Thanh, Vietnam Agricultural Science Institute
- Feasible Solutions for Sustainable Land Use in Upland Areas of Northern Vietnam, by Le Quoc Doanh, Vietnam Agricultural Science Institute
- Capacity Building for Poverty Alleviation in Thailand, by Prateep Verapattananirund, Eco-Community Vigor Foundation

Session 3: Spread of Cash Economy and Commercialization of Agriculture

- Impact of Cash Economy on the Livelihood of Shifting Cultivators in Northern Laos: A Village Study in Oudom Xay Province, by Okada Hisaya, Kyoto University
- The Possibility of Intensification of Lowland and Slopeland Agriculture in Northern Laos: A Case Study in the Nam Beng River Basin, by Thatheva Sapangthong, Kyoto University
- REPSI Work on Multi-stakeholder Approaches to Watershed Management, by Hoang Huu Cai,
 University of Agriculture and Forestry Thu Duc
- Upland Natural Resources Policy: MMSEA Experience with Decentralized Approaches, by Nathan Badenoch, Resources Policy Support Initiative, World Resources Institute

(10) JSPS-NRCT Workshop, Core University Seminar on "Networks in Comparative Historical Perspectives and U. S. Hegemony and Questions of Technocracy," 25–26 March 2002

This workshop, held at the Shiran Kaikan in Kyoto, capped the three-year Core University projects on hegemony and technocracy and on networks headed by Shiraishi Takashi and Hamashita Takeshi, respectively. Discussants for the six panels were drawn from the team of scholars who are part of Abe Shigeyuki's ongoing Core University research project on State, Market, Society, and Economic Integration.

About 30 scholars from Japan, Thailand, and other Southeast Asian countries shared and discussed the results of their research. The six panels covered a broad range of topics, including the social and academic construction and critique of concepts of networks and hegemony; Southeast Asian responses to the Asian crisis; American influence and intervention in the region; the formation and embedment of technocracy in Southeast Asia; and patterns of governance and protest in Indonesia, the Philippines, and Thailand.

- The Dynamics of Networks, Technocracy and American Hegemony in Southeast Asia, by Shiraishi Takashi, CSEAS
- Networks as the Foundation of Regional Economic Growth and Crisis, by Hamashita Takeshi, CSEAS
- The Question of Foreigners: Bai Ren and the (Re)Making of Chinese and Philippine Nationalism, by Caroline S. Hau, CSEAS
- Manga and Anime and the Question of the Cultural Hegemony, by Shiraishi Saya, Kyoto Bunkyo University
- The Formation of Concepts of State-Society, Justice and Equality in Thailand and Southeast Asia,

- by Thanet Aphornsuvan, Thammasat University
- Changes in Thai Rural Society: A Literary Perspective, by Trisilpa Boonkhachorn, Chulalongkorn University
- The Role of English in Siam, by Dhiravat Na Pombejra, Chulalongkorn University
- Mahathirism after the Asian Crisis and beyond Mahathir, by Khoo Boo Teik, Universiti Sains Malaysia
- Indonesia under and after Gus Dur, by Vedi Hadiz, National University of Singapore
- The Resurgence of U.S. Influence in Thai Economy and Southeast Asia Policy (1990–2001), by Ukrist Pathmanand, Chulalongkorn University
- Post-Crisis Economic Impasse and Political Recovery in Thailand: The Resurgence of Economic Nationalism, by Kasian Tejapira, Thammasat University
- Thai Social Movements in Post-Crisis Thailand, by Pasuk Phongpaichit, Chulalongkorn University
- The Small Arms Industry in Thailand and the Asian Crisis, by Chalong Soontravanich, Chulalongkorn University
- People Power II in the Philippines: Mob Rule or Democratic Uprising? by Katayama Yutaka, Kobe University
- The Thai Technocracy Reconsidered, by Suehiro Akira, The University of Tokyo
- The Malaysian Technocracy and Mahathirism, by Torii Takashi, Meiji University
- Filipino Neo-liberalism before and after the Crisis, by Teresa Encarnacion-Tadem, University of the Philippines

(11) Economic Seminar Series on South Asia

This seminar series began in 2001 among scholars in the Kansai area engaging mainly in research on South Asian economies. The seminar is held once every two months, either at CSEAS, Kyoto University, or at the Faculty of Economics, Osaka Metropolitan University. The following seminars were held at CSEAS:

6 April 2002

- Famines, Epidemics, and Colonial Governance: British India in Development, by Wakimura Kohei, Osaka Metropolitan University
- Agricultural Development and Tubewell Irrigation in West Bengal, India: Case of a Village in Nadia District, by Fujita Koichi, CSEAS

16 November 2002

- Effects of Off-farm Employment to Poverty Alleviation: Case of Uttar Pradesh, India, by Yamada Namiko, Hitotsubashi University
- Structural Change of Rural Labor Market in Punjab, India, by Sugimoto Daizo, Kyoto University
 March 2003
 - Analysis of Population Determinants in India: Based on Individual Data of NSS (1999), by Miura Satoshi, Osaka Prefecture University, and Sato Takahiro, Osaka Metropolitan University
 - Household Economies of Landless and Marginal Farmers in a Dairy Village in Gujarat, India: Tenancy, Wage Employment, and Credit Relations, by Oka Michitaro, ASAFAS

(12) COE International Conference on "Regions in Globalization," 25-27 October 2002

This COE International Conference, held at the Campus Plaza Kyoto, posed fundamentally important questions about how the structures of our everyday lives, our societies, and our identities, religions, and cultures are being transformed and how states and regional orders are being refashioned in the age of

globalization. These issues were discussed in a multidisciplinary, open-ended manner with the changing world system and inter-regional comparisons in mind. The conference consisted of a special lecture by Prof. Immanuel Wallerstein followed by three independent sessions.

Special Lecture

• Geopolitical Cleavages of the 21st Century: What Future for the World? by Immanuel Wallerstein, SUNY, Binghamton

Rethinking Agricultural Development: Globalization and Site-Oriented Approaches, moderated by Shimada Shuhei, ASAFAS

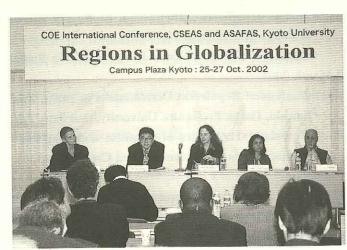
- Which Should Be the Target of International Cooperation, Agricultural or Rural Development? by Hayashi Yukihiro, Nihon University
- Globalization and Liberalization: An Opportunity or a Threat to African Agriculture? by Victor Manyong, International Institute of Tropical Agriculture
- Small Holders and Nontraditional Exports under Economic Liberalization: The Case of Pineapples in Ghana, by Takane Tsutomu, Institute of Developing Economies
- Development and Village Agroecosystems in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region, by A. Terry Rambo, CSEAS
- Chronicle of a Death Foretold: Some Thoughts on Peasants, the Agrarian Question and Site-Oriented Approaches to Globalization, by Michael Watts, University of California, Berkeley

Transformation of Everyday Practice in the Age of Globalization, moderated by Tanabe Akio, ASAFAS

- Sports and Culture: Constituting Mien in Contemporary Thailand, by Hjorleifur Jonsson, Arizona State University
- Recapturing the City: Everyday Life Practices of Maragoli Migrants in Nairobi, by Matsuda Motoji,
 Kyoto University



Prof. Immanuel Wallerstein giving a special lecture



Discussion at the session "Regions and States under Stress"

- Globalization and Religious Conversion in Lamu, Kenya, by Otsuka Kazuo, Tokyo Metropolitan University
- · Ecologies of Labor and Expertise, by Aihwa Ong, University of California, Berkeley
- Between Autochthony and Diaspora: Indians in the "New" South Africa, by Thomas B. Hansen, Edinburgh University

Regions and States under Stress, moderated by Patricio N. Abinales, CSEAS

- · Globalization and the State in Africa, by Letitia Lawson, Naval Postgraduate School
- Sovereignty at Bay? The African State in the Context of Globalization, by Endo Mitsugi, The University of Tokyo
- Forecasting Failure in Southeast Asia: Burma since the 1990s, by Mary P. Callahan, University of Washington
- In the Wake of Globalization: Political Stresses in South Asia, by Achin Vanaik, Jamia Millia Islamia University
- · Globalization, Hegemony, and the State in Bangladesh, by Amena Mohsin, Dhaka University

General Discussion, moderated by Patricio N. Abinales, Shiraishi Takashi, Tanaka Koji (CSEAS), Hara Yonosuke (The University of Tokyo), Kosugi Yasushi, Shimada Shuhei, Tanabe Akio (ASAFAS)

(13) Seminar Series on "Nature and Agriculture in Southeast Asia"

This seminar series has been conducted by CSEAS in collaboration with the Graduate School of Agriculture of Kyoto University since 1981. It aims to create an inter-institutional forum for promoting the exchange of biological and agricultural research results by young researchers and graduate students in Southeast Asia. The seminar is held on the third Friday of even numbered months except August at CSEAS.

26 April 2002

 Report on Development Assistance in Irian Jaya: From the Viewpoint of Local People, by Kawai Shinji, Akita Prefectural University

28 June 2002

 Agricultural Cooperatives and their Role in Bicol, Philippines, by Yamada Michiru, Faculty of Agriculture, Hokkaido University

11 October 2002

• The Basis for the Existence of the Mountainous Region in Northern Laos, by Yokoyama Satoshi, University of Tsukuba

20 December 2002

 Swamp Forest Reclamation on the East Coast of Sumatra, Indonesia, by Masuda Kazuya, Graduate School of Human and Environmental Studies, Kyoto University

21 February 2003

• Teff Cultivation in Ethiopia: A Case Study of Malo in the Southwest Region, by Fujimoto Takeshi, Division of Human Environment, University of Human Environment

18 April 2003

• Rice Cultivation after the Kuromsamaki System on the East Coast of Tonlesab, Cambodia, by Kobayashi Satoru, ASAFAS

27 June 2003

• A Study of Land Use Change and the Land Ownership System in the National Forest Conservation Area in the Central Region of Laos, by Fujita Yayoi, Research Institute for Humanity and Nature

(14) Seminar Series on "Tropical Medicine" by the Kinki District Study Group

Nishibuchi Mitsuaki of CSEAS, Nishiyama Toshimasa of Kansai Medical University, and Kaku Taijin of Kyoto University launched this seminar in October 2002. The purpose of the seminar series is to bring together those in the Kinki district interested in tropical medicine and share updated information. Participants hold informal discussions of presentations by member and non-member speakers. This is the first study group of its kind in Kyoto.

26 October 2002

 Present Status and Preventive Measures against Malaria, by Nishiyama Toshimasa, Kansai Medical University

1 February 2003

- Vibrio cholera and Vibrio parahaemolyticus in Southeast Asia: Seafood Contamination and Infection, by Nishibuchi Mitsuaki, CSEAS
- What Is Health? Report from Tropical New Guinea and Myanmar, by Matsubayashi Kozo, CSEAS

(15) Core University Program Workshop on "Perspectives of Flows, Middle Class, State, and Market for Asia," 14-15 January 2003

This workshop was held at the Pranchan Campus of Thammasat University to brainstorm for the two new Core University projects, "Middle Class" and "Flows." Shiraishi Takashi led the discussion on "Middle Class," while Ishikawa Noboru and Caroline S. Hau led the discussion on "Flows." This workshop was also planned to present progress reports by participants of the third project, "State, Market, Society, and Economic Integration," coordinated by Abe Shigeyuki and Bhanupong Nidhiprabha.

About 50 scholars from Japan, Thailand, and other Southeast Asian countries shared and discussed the results of their research. Participants in the two new projects include Torii Takashi, Suehiro Akira, Hamashita Takeshi, Michael Leigh, Chua Beng Huat, and Teresa E. Tadem. About 30 participants are from local universities and other institutions.

Part I New Projects: Introduction

- Introduction to the Middle Class Project and Round Table, by Shiraishi Takashi, CSEAS, and researchers
- Introduction to the Flow Project and Round Table Discussion, by Ishikawa Noboru and Caroline S. Hau, CSEAS, and researchers

Part II Current Economic Issues of Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, and Japan:

- How to Strategically Formulate a Resilient and Robust Economy for Thailand: A Prologue, by Pongsak Hoontrakul, Chulalongkorn University
- Malaysia Strategy for Regional Economic Cooperation, by Mahani Zainal Abidin, University of Malaya
- Monetary Policy in Indonesia Following the Crisis in 1997-98, by Anwar Nasution, University of Indonesia
- Twin Engines of Growth in Singapore: The Recent Trends in Manufacturing and Services Sector, by Shandre Thangaveru, National University of Singapore
- Japan's Dilemma: Can We Get out of This Mess? by Shinohara Soichi, Doshisha University

Part III State, Market, and Economic Integration in Asia:

- The Rice Economy in Myanmar at the Crossroads on Myanmar Agriculture, by Fujita Koichi, CSEAS
- The Role of Policy and Institutions in East Asia's Sustainable Development Finance, by Negishi Shoko, Kobe University
- A Shift from Market-led to Institutionled Regional Economic Integration in East Asia, by Urata Shujiro, Waseda University



- · Changes in Trade and Investment Flows in Asia after the Crisis, by Abe Shigeyuki, CSEAS
- National Economies under Globalization: A Quest for New Development Strategies, by Kohsaka Akira, Osaka University
- Roles of MNCs in Regional Development and Their Locational Determinants: The Case of Thailand, by Okamoto Yumiko, Nagoya University
- Reemergence of Asia as a Core of Economic Growth and Stability, the Power of Regional Policy Coordination and Cooperation, by Olarn Chaipravat, Shinawatra University
- Exports, Domestic Demand, and Economic Growth in Malaysia, by Lai Yew Wah, Universiti Sains Malaysia
- Structural Changes and Productivity Growth, by Shandre Thangavelu, National University of Singapore
- · AFTA and WTO: Thailand's Perspective, by Suthiphand Chirativat, Chulalongkorn University
- · Contractionary Devaluation Revisited, by Bhanupong Nidhiprabha, Thammasat University

(16) JSPS Special Seminar on "Migration and Cultural Reconfiguration in Mainland Southeast Asia," 25 January 2003

In this JSPS special seminar held at CSEAS, two distinguished scholars from Thailand's Social Research Institute, Chulalongkorn University, presented recent work based on their long-term field research.

- Social Change and Socio-Cultural Influences of Gender and Household Relations on Migration Decision-Making: A Case Study of Isan Migrants, by Pinit Lapthananon
- Towards a Better Understanding of the Moken Sea Nomads, by Narumon Arunotai

(17) Seminar on "Requirements and Possibilities of Natural Science Basis Area Study: Approaches of Eco-Logic, Rural Development, and Environment Problems," 7 February 2003

To reconfirm the requirements and possibilities of area studies using the Participatory Action Research Approach, the long term experiences and suggestions of three senior professors were presented. Practical ways to encourage area studies using this approach were discussed in order to meet contemporary requirements in Japan and abroad.

• Introduction: The Organizational Requirements of Maintaining a Participatory Action Research Approach, by Ando Kazuo, CSEAS

- The Plan of the Peace and Environment MOYAI Network, by Furukawa Hisao, ASAFAS
- Dialogues with Realities: Participatory Rural Development Action Research Project, by Kaida Yoshihiro, CSEAS
- Learning from the Power and Reality of Stakeholders: Environment Problem Study to Encourage People, by Ishida Norio, ASAFAS
- (18) Workshop on "Socio-economic and Political Transitions in Northeastern Thailand," 21-23 May 2003

This workshop was jointly organized by Nihon University Population Research Institute, Khon Kaen University, and CSEAS. It was held at Nihon University on May 21–22 and at the Center on May 23. Khon Kaen University participants reported on their research on socio-economic and political transitions in northeastern Thailand, while researchers from Nihon University, CSEAS, and others served as discussants.

- Poverty, Inequality and Quality of Life of People in the Northeast of Thailand, by Buapun Promphakping, Khon Kaen University
- Discussant, Yamagata Tatsufumi, IDE
- A Narrative of Contested Views of Development in Thai Society: Voices of Villagers in Rural Northeastern Thailand, by Ratana Tosakul-Boonmathya, Khon Kaen University
- · Discussant, A. Terry Rambo, CSEAS
- Estimation of Population Related with Substance Abuse: Northeastern Region, by Somnuek Panyasing, Khon Kaen University
- · Discussants, Ogawa Naohiro and Saito Yasuhiko, Nihon University
- Gender Role in Local Politics in the Northeast of Thailand, by Farung Meeudon, Khon Kaen University
- · Discussant, Hayami Yoko, CSEAS
- Urbanization of Khon Kaen and Its Impact on Culture, by Apisak Fhaithakam, Khon Kaen University
- · Discussant, Ando Hirofumi, Nihon University
- Management Capability of Tambon Administration Organizations in the Northeast of Thailand, by Peerasit Kamnuansilpa, Khon Kaen University
- · Discussant, Abe Shigeyuki, CSEAS

(19) API (Asian Public Intellectuals) Seminar Series

The API Seminar is an opportunity for API Fellows in Japan to exchange information and the results of their research and/or professional activities with each other and local public intellectuals in order to establish a cohesive network. (For API Fellowships, please see p.36.)

19 October 2001

- · Asian Track-2 Diplomacy, by Phar Kim Beng, Singapore Press Holdings
- Imagining a Nation through Japan's Folk Arts, by Cecilia Dela Paz, University of the Philippines
- Using Indigenous Identity: The Political and the Personal in Contemporary Orang Asli Society, by Colin Nicholas, Center for Orang Asli Concerns, Malaysia
- · Changes in the Identity of Asian Cinemas, by Nick Deocampo, Mowelfund Film Institute

4 September 2002

- · Commitment to Empowering Women, by Mary John Mananzanan, St. Scholastica's College
- The Comparative Study of Ethical Awareness Related to Information Technology Security Issues

between Japanese and Thais, by Pateep Methakunavudhi, Chulalongkorn University

• In Defense of the Shonen-Shido-Seido: An Analysis from a Holistic Perspective, by Allan Jose Villarante, House of Representatives, Congress of the Philippines

B. Colloquia

The Colloquium takes place once a month after the staff meeting. The Center's research staff and visiting research fellows present topics in turn. It is expected to function as a forum for brainstorming among the staff about area studies. Recent meetings include the following:

- · Bornean Borderlands in Perspective
- · Myanmar Forestry: Past, Present, and Probable Future
- Theravada Buddhists in Mainland Southeast Asia: The Regional Variety of Practices in Comparative Perspective
- Trade Unions in Democratizing Indonesia: Enterprise Unions and Community-based Unions Uprising or Formal Institutionalization?
- Individual-Oriented and Community-Oriented Farming Techniques: A Comparison of Crop Management
- · Villagers' Self-perception of Their Life Situation in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region
- · Globalization and Malaysia
- A Pilgrimage-Oriented Island: Another Religious Practice in the Makassar Straits
- Rural Development Studies in Bangladesh: An Outcome from 15-years' Participation
- Symbols of Power in a Philippine Province
- · Global Area Studies Revisited
- Technology Transfer in the Electronics and Electrical Sector in Malaysia
- · Ecotourism and Ecoresources
- The Hidden History of the Philippine Guiqiao (Returned Overseas Chinese)
- · An Empty Institution: National Forest Reserves in Thailand
- Introduction to My Research Activities in Myanmar, Laos, Yunnan, and Kazakhstan: Objectives, Methodologies, and Integration
- · Indonesian Politics under Megawati: How She Is Running the Government
- · Rethinking Economics in Area Studies
- · In Search of Islamic Networks in Southeast Asia
- Diversity and Development of the Mountainous Region of Mainland Southeast Asia
- Bangladesh Rural Development Studies (2)
- Re-Evaluation of Gray Level Co-Occurrence Matrix Method for Land-Cover Classification Using Mono Aerial Photo
- The Stories Nations Tell: Reflections on Nationalist Historiography and Implications for National and Regional Identities
- · Culture, Kinship, and Social Organization in Vietnam

C. Special Seminar

Besides the larger symposia and seminars, the Center holds tokubetsu kenkyukai (special seminars) featuring lectures by visiting research fellows and foreign visitors to the Center. Recent speakers include Anthony Reid, Reynaldo Ileto, Hood Mohamad Salleh, Omar Farouk, Shamsul A. B., Benedict Anderson, Hendric Maier, James T. Siegel, and Kasian Tejapira.

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D. The Southeast Asia Seminar

The Southeast Asia Seminar has been held each summer since 1976. Initially, the seminar ran for two weeks, offering intensive lectures and seminars that provided an overview of the nature, culture, society, economy, and other aspects of the region and the basic knowledge needed for area studies. Recently, participatory lectures have been introduced and encouraged in the seminar and the period has been shortened to one week for the convenience of the participants. It is open to the public and has attracted numerous participants each year, particularly postgraduate students beginning their engagement with Southeast Asian studies. Recent themes are listed below. The current year's theme is announced in advance on the Center's Homepage: http://www.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp.

- Southeast Asia as a Human Habitat (1994)
- Southeast Asia through the Prism of Education (1995)
- Rural Development in Southeast Asia (1996)
- The Borderless Age in Southeast Asia (Field Seminar, 1997)
- Economic Crisis: A Chance for Reform? (1998)
- Area Studies and the Use of Spatial Information: Field Work, Remote Sensing, and Geographic Information Systems (1999)
- Southeast Asia in the 20th Century: Progress and Prospects (2000)
- Southeast Asia from Past to Future: Approaches to History (2001)
- Life, Aging, Disease and Death: Reports from Fields in Southeast Asia (2002)
- The Opening Up of Mainland Southeast Asia: The Ecological, Social and Cultural Dimensions of Deepening Involvement in the Market Economy (2003)

INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC EXCHANGE

CSEAS has always aimed to be an institution with open doors, whether for research, collection of materials, or academic exchange, and has a standing committee for international academic exchange to pursue this goal. In particular, the utmost effort has been devoted to promoting exchange of information and personnel with universities and other institutions in Southeast Asia. Therefore, in addition to exchange on the level of individual researchers, the Center has implemented institutional programs such as the visiting research fellowship, overseas liaison offices, exchange through the Core University Program, Memoranda of Understanding, and Asian Public Intellectuals (API) Fellowships.

1. Visiting Research Fellows

CSEAS is accepting applications semiannually for about 12 positions for scholars and researchers who work on Southeast Asia, or any one of the countries in that region, to spend 6 to 12 months in Kyoto to conduct research, write, or pursue other scholarly activities in connection with their field of study. The highly competitive selection process has brought to the Center in recent years researchers from Southeast Asian countries, Bangladesh, China, Korea, and western countries including the United States and France. The visiting fellows represent various basic disciplines in their study of Southeast Asia, and their official posts in their home institutions include teacher, researcher, librarian, journalist, and NGO worker. Information and Technology (IT) experts who conduct research on Southeast Asia are also joining the Center, not only to manage various database systems but also to construct academic networks for area study throughout the world. Fellows are required to give a one-time special lecture to be held at the Center during their term. For further information about how and when to apply, please see the CSEAS Homepage: http://www.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp.

CSEAS also receives researchers, both Japanese and foreign, who visit on their own funds or on external fellowships. Visiting Research Fellows and other visiting researchers are listed in Appendix I at the end of this report.



The "Get-together" has been held every month to cultivate mutual friendship among CSEAS faculty and visiting foreign scholars.

2. Overseas Liaison Offices

CSEAS liaison offices in Bangkok, Thailand and Jakarta, Indonesia, play indispensable roles in academic exchange between Southeast Asian countries and the Center. These offices have histories of 40 and 33 years, respectively.

Bangkok Liaison Office

The Bangkok Liaison Office was established in 1963. Since then, a research staff member of CSEAS or another relevant school, faculty or university has always been stationed and engaged in *in-situ* academic exchange activities. It has been an office *cum* residence and is now located in a condominium in the Sukhumvit area of Bangkok.

The office has three major functions. First, it is the base for information collection. We are collecting vernacular language books, statistics, documents, and maps. The office has regular contact with research agencies such as the National Research Council of Thailand, Chulalongkorn University, Thammasat University, Kasetsat University, Chiang Mai University, Khon Kaen University, and Maha Sarakham University to exchange academic information.

Second, the office is a publicity base. It organizes workshops and receptions. The most recent workshops were the international workshops on "Sustainable Upland Agricultural Research and De-



Bangkok Liaison Office in Raj Mansion

velopment," held in November 2002, and "Perspectives of Flows, Middle Class, State and Market for Asia," held in January 2003; and the internal workshop on "Mekong Spirit: The Cliche in New Concepts," held in March 2003. The office also serves as a window into the various inquiries of local institutes, researchers and students.

Third, the office provides logistic support to field surveys including helping in the acquisition of research visas, negotiation with counterparts and emergency measures. This office function is quite important for the effective implementation of field surveys.

The Bangkok Liaison Office is now shifting from its original base in Thai studies to the broader Mainland Southeast Asian studies, reflecting the shift of research interests of CSEAS staff.

The contact address of the office is: Bangkok Liaison Office

8B Raj Mansion, 31-33, Soi 20, Sukhumvit Road, Bangkok 10110, Thailand

Tel: +66-2-259-8485, Fax: +66-2-259-8419

e-mail: bangkok@cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp

Jakarta Liaison Office

The Jakarta Liaison Office was established in October 1970 at Jalan Rajasa, Kebayoran Baru, Jakarta, and has been funded by the Japanese government since 1973. The address has changed many times, but the office has been always situated in the Kebayoran Baru area of Jakarta.

The liaison office has three major functions: promoting joint research between Indonesia and Japan; collecting research materials; and assisting Japanese researchers and Indonesian scholars with service and information.

One major purpose of setting up the office in 1970 was to facilitate the Social and Economic Survey of South Sumatra begun in 1968 by National Institute of Economic and Social Research (LEKNAS) and CSEAS. Since then the office has continued to facilitate research collaboration with academic institutions in Indonesia. CSEAS has signed MOUs for research and educational collaboration with the Indonesian Institute of Science (LIPI), Hasanuddin University, Bogor Agricultural University, and the National Coordination Agency for Surveys and Mapping (BAKOSURTANAL).

In 1983, the Center started the special project of acquiring vernacular materials, mainly in Southeast Asian languages, with funding provided by the Ministry of Education, Science, and Culture (Monbusho). Since then the office has collected materials written in Indonesian, Javanese, Sundanese, and other Indonesian languages, as well as in Dutch. The office has also collected Indonesian statistics and maps.

The office has assisted many Japanese researchers to obtain research permits and has supported their research activities in Indonesia. Indonesian students and researchers receive service and information about studying and doing research in Japan.

The contact address of the office is:
Jakarta Liaison Office
Jl. Kartanegara No. 38, Kebayoran Baru,
Jakarta Selatan
12180, Indonesia
Tel: +62-21-7262619, Fax: +62-21-7248584

Tel: +62-21-7262619, Fax: +62-21-7248584 e-mail:jakarta@cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp



Jakarta Liaison Office

3. Core University Program

CSEAS has been involved in the Core University Program since 1986. The Core is an academic exchange program of the Japan Society of the Promotion of Science (JSPS) to promote academic collaboration with Asian developing countries. Following the first phase (1986–98), the second phase began in 1999 with two projects: "Hegemony," coordinated by Shiraishi T., and "Technocracy," coordinated by Hamashita T. In 2000, the third project, "State, Market, Society and Economic Integration," was initiated by Abe S. in cooperation with Bhanupong N. One of the departures from the initial phase is exchange with scientists not only from Thailand but from other Asian countries as well. Following the completion of the first two projects in 2001, two new projects started in 2002. They are "Emergent Middle Classes as a Social Formation in East Asia," led by Shiraishi T. and Supang C., and "Dynamics of Flows and Movements in Southeast Asia," coordinated by Ishikawa N., C. Hau, and Julaporn E. Thus we currently run three projects: State and Market, Middle Class, and Flows.

We try to apply interdisciplinary approaches as much as possible to make researchers understand political, cultural and economic issues of importance in East Asia through enhancing networking, deepening joint research, holding workshops and publishing and disseminating the results of our research. All the proceedings of past workshops are shared by the researchers concerned, and a selected collection of papers from the "Hegemony" and "Technocracy" projects is to be published in 2004. In addition, we plan to make this a truly multi-country project by inviting collaboration from Indonesia's LIPI and the Philippines' Ateneo de Manila University. From 2005, this project will become a four-country Core University Project and the studies themselves will become more area-oriented and less country-oriented.

4. Memoranda of Understanding

In line with its goal to promote individual and institutional linkages throughout Asia, the Center for Southeast Asian Studies has in recent years signed memoranda of understanding with the following institutions.

Bangladesh International Center for Diarrheal Diseases Research

Korea Seoul National University

Indonesia Hasanuddin University

Bogor Agricultural University (IPB)

National Coordination Agency for Surveys and Mapping (BAKOSURTANAL)

LIPI

Myanmar The SEAMEO Regional Centre for History and Tradition

Yezin Agricultural University

Philippines University of the Philippines

Singapore National University

Thailand Faculty of Science, Prince of Songkla University

5. Asian Public Intellectuals (API) Fellowships

The Center for Southeast Asian Studies is the Partner Institution in Japan of The Nippon Foundation Fellowships for Asian Public Intellectuals. The API Fellowships enable public intellectuals in Asia to pursue academic, cultural, and professional projects in another participating Asian country. The program aims to promote mutual learning and contribute to the growth of public spaces in which effective responses to regional needs can be generated. For more information, please see API Homepage: http://www.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/api/.

GRADUATE EDUCATION

Department of Southeast Asian Studies (Environment, Society and Culture), Graduate School of Asian and African Area Studies (ASAFAS)

ASAFAS was established in April 1998. This new School was created in order to respond to changing social demands on academia to promote an interdisciplinary and integrated approach to area studies transcending the existing disciplinary boundaries and producing a more holistic understanding of divergent areas in the world, particularly Asia and Africa. We must contribute, both as citizens and scholars, to the establishment of a new world order in which the sustainable development and coexistence of different areas of the world, including Asia and Africa, are realized. With this ideal in mind, the new School aims to train specialists in Asian and African studies who possess detailed and intimate knowledge of the areas and at the same time are equipped with a global perspective.

Based on the five-year doctoral program, the School emphasizes in its curricula long-term fieldwork and holistic understanding of Asian and African ecology, society, and culture and their interrelations which have shaped today's societies. Besides training specialists in Asian and African area studies, the School also hopes to produce personnel capable of working in international aid organizations and, accordingly, is prepared to issue master's degrees when needed.

The School comprises seven departments in two divisions:

Division of Southeast Asian Area Studies

Department of Ecology and Environment

Department of Society and Development

Department of Environment, Society, and Culture

Department of South and West Asian Area Studies

Division of African Area Studies

Department of Political Ecology

Department of Cultural Ecology

Department of Historical Ecology

Of the seven departments, the Department of Environment, Society, and Culture (a cooperative department) is staffed solely by the Center, including five professors and three associate professors. All other staff of the Center teach courses on diverse topics in their specialization in the seven departments.

As of April 2003, there are 154 graduate students, 95 of whom belong to the Division of Southeast Asian Area Studies and 59 to the Division of African Area Studies. Twenty four are overseas students from Asia and Africa, some of whom receive Japanese government scholarships. Thirty three of them belong to the cooperative department and are supervised mainly by the Center's staff.

Since overseas field research constitutes the major part of their study, graduate students are hard-pressed to complete all the necessary lectures, seminars, literature surveys, and other tasks in their short time in Japan. From the second year, many of them try to stay as long as possible in the field, pursuing their respective studies. These include, to note just a few: Thai nation building revisited, Indonesian political history, Thai corporate management, gender issues in Buddhist practices in Northeast Thai villages, social changes in Cambodian villages, political economy of mangrove culture in Vietnam, Lao traditional farming systems, food and culture in Yunnan, and rural development in Bangladesh.

Department of Southeast Asian Studies, Graduate School of Human and Environmental Studies

In 1991, Kyoto University established a new graduate school centered on the former Faculty of Liberal Arts. The Graduate School of Human and Environmental Studies comprises three divisions: Human and Environmental Studies, Culture and Area Studies, and Environmental Correlative Studies. One of their 25 departments is the Department of Southeast Asian Studies, to which 19 of the Center's staff were affiliated and 20 graduate students recruited.

As the primary affiliation of the Center's staff shifted to the new ASAFAS, recruitment of new students to this course ended in 1998. As of April 2003, most of the students completed the course, five were awarded the Ph. D. degree, and some are still pursuing fieldwork in various places in Southeast Asia under the continuous supervision of the same advisors. Their spirit of doing area studies on the basis of long-term fieldwork has been inherited by their successors, the graduate students of the new ASAFAS.

Division of Tropical Agriculture, Graduate School of Agriculture

The Division of Tropical Agriculture in the Graduate School of Agriculture inaugurated a master's program in April 1981 and a doctoral program two years later. Natural scientists of the Center's staff taught courses on tropical rice culture, tropical geography, and tropical hydrology. Unfortunately, the program was terminated upon the major reorganization of the Graduate School of Agriculture in 1995. However, 27 students from Japan (16) and abroad (11) who were trained under this program are pursuing careers throughout the world in universities, public research institutes, government offices, and the private sector.

Kyoto University School of Public Health

A new division of the Graduate School of Medicine, the Kyoto University School of Public Health was established in April 2000. It initially offered a master's program and has subsequently added a doctoral program. Two of the Center's staff teach courses in the School—on ecology with an emphasis on the environment and on ecological medicine—and supervise graduate students. As of March 2003, three students have finished master's degrees under the guidance of Center staff.



An ASAFAS seminar

DOCUMENTATION

The Documentation Department has three sections, the Editorial Office, the Information Processing Office, and the Library. Their functions are as follows.

1. Editorial Office

CSEAS publishes a quarterly journal called *Tonan Ajia Kenkyu* (Southeast Asian Studies, SEAS) to which the Center's research staff, as well as visiting and outside scholars, have contributed. Published since 1963, it numbered 41 volumes as of June 2003. The contents of all issues can be searched on the following website of the National Institute of Informatics: http://www.nii.ac.jp/sokuho/articles/VAN00166463.html. The full text of some recent issues are available at the Center's website.

The Center also publishes two research monograph series in both English and Japanese—Monographs of the Center for Southeast Asian Studies and Kyoto Area Studies on Asia. Under the first series, 24 books have appeared in Japanese (published for CSEAS by Sobun-sha) and 20 in English (published for CSEAS by the University of Hawai'i Press). Under the second series, 14 Japanese volumes have been published for the Center by Kyoto University Press and 6 English volumes have been jointly published by Kyoto University Press and Trans Pacific Press (Melbourne). Both series were originally authored primarily by Center staff, but are now open to outside contributors. For information about submissions, please see the Center's website.

Besides the quarterly journal and monographs, the Center publishes a research report series which includes the proceedings of symposia and reports of joint research projects. It numbered 98 titles as of June 2003.

March 2002 marked the debut of the Center's latest publication, a biannual internet review journal of Southeast Asian books and affairs. The *Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia* provides a venue to learn about important publications and debates in Southeast Asia, deepen international intellectual exchange, and enhance the visibility of national language-based writing. The *Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia* can be reached at http://kyotoreview.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.ip/.

CSEAS also publishes the Center's Newsletter, the CSEAS Report, and Yoran (Report in Japanese) for publicity.

Please see Appendix II for details on CSEAS Publications.

2. Information Processing Office

The information processing office carries out daily maintenance of network resources, management of network services, and troubleshooting to keep network services running smoothly. We have support technical information and provide information processing environments in multiple languages, not only for the Center's staff but also for international visiting scholars. Another important component of our work is the installation and maintenance of systems for the dispatch of information resources. Finally, we continuously carry out research on the latest information technology in order to develop and expand our support services.

Links to our Center sites and joint projects:

21st Century COE Program: http://areainfo.asafas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/

Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia: http://kyotoreview.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/

Southeast Asian Studies in PDF files: http://www.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/documents/



Rare books in the Lamberto Ocampo Collection Devoto feligrés, 1895 (left) and Historia de las cosas más notables, 1596 (right).

Journal issues from the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries in the Lamberto Ocampo Collection

Le Tour du monde (left) and Renacimiento Filipino (right).





Recently published CSEAS Monographs



Homepage of Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia

CSEAS Thai OPAC: http://library.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/cseas/

Photo Gallery Database: http://photolib.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/servlet/photolib_welcome

Map Collection Database: http://coe.asafas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/map/cgi-bin/map.cgi

Satellite Image Collection Database: http://coe.asafas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/map/cgi-bin/satellite.cgi

COE project: http://coe.asafas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/

3. Library

The Library has been supporting the academic activities of both CSEAS and outside researchers since its founding in 1965 with one of the largest and best collections in Japan on Southeast Asian area studies. The holdings of over 130,000 items include an increasing number in the languages of Southeast Asia and various special collections. One of these is the Charas collection, which is outstanding for its more than 4,000 Thai "cremation volumes," considered the largest such collection outside Thailand. In addition, Marcelino Foronda collection (approximately 7,000 volumes) and Lamberto Ocampo collection (approximately 1,000 volumes) contains extensive Filipiniana materials including rare materials. In recent years, the Library has also been acquiring important research materials in microform. These holdings include historical research tools such as Cornell University's Echols Collection, the Dutch East India Company's Mailrapporten and colonial Memorie Van Overgave for Indonesian studies, the British Colonial Office (CO) 273 series for Malaysian studies, and the United States Department of State microfiche collection on the Marcos Years, 1964–86.

Maps

The map collection concentrates on Southeast Asia but covers almost the whole area from South to East Asia, including India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Nepal, China, Korea, Australia, the Pacific islands, Japan, and surrounding regions.

Dates of publication of the maps range from pre-war days to recent aerial surveys. At present the collection comprises nearly 40,000 sheets. Of historical value are topographical maps of South and East Asia prepared by the Land Survey Department of the defunct Japanese Imperial Army, scale 1:25,000 and 1:50,000. Also included in the collection are a small number of thematic maps on land use, geology, and vegetation of Southeast Asian countries.

We provide the listing of our collection at our web site.

Satellite Imageries

Acquisitions of satellite images including Landsat MSS, Landsat TM, MOS, and JERS-1 started in 1978, and the present holding numbers approximately 3,500 scenes. The area covered includes all regions of Southeast Asia (especially Indochina, Thailand, and the Philippines), the eastern half of the Indian subcontinent, the whole of Bangladesh, part of South China, and Japan. Scenes from two or more seasons are chosen wherever possible. The collection concentrated on black-and-white positive films (bands 4, 5, and 7) which have a scale of 1:1,000,000 at the beginning, then on color prints with a scale of 1:250,000, and on digital data in recent years.

The utilization of satellite images has changed from the visual interpretation of macro-topography, landuse, vegetation, and hydrological environment to digital analyses of a wide range of spatial information by incorporating results in the Geographical Information System. We provide the listing of our collection at our web site.

PROFILES OF THE STAFF

In the following profiles, reference is made to: 1. academic degrees, 2. present position at the Center, 3. research interests, 4. career, 5. past research experience, and 6. major publications. *Tonan Ajia Kenkyu* (Southeast Asian Studies) is abbreviated to SEAS.

Research Department

Division of Regional Dynamics

YAMADA Isamu

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Forest Science, Kyoto University, 1966
 - (2) M. Sc. in Forest Ecology, Kyoto University, 1968
 - (3) D. Agr. in Forest Ecology, Kyoto University, 1979
- 2. Professor of Tropical Forest Ecology
- 3. I have been working on tropical rain forest ecosystems for many years and my contributions to the field were compiled in *Tropical Rain Forests of Southeast Asia: A Forest Ecologist's View*, published by the University of Hawai'i Press in 1999. In the last 10 years, my interest has shifted to human factors in the forest, especially to how people live on the available resources. This interest resulted in *Ecoresources in Asia and America*, dealing with various aspects of resource utilization in many areas of the world, which was published by Iwanami in 2000.

Since the forest is key to global environment issues, I recognize the importance not only of academic research, but also of the multilateral approaches of Official Development Assistance and Non-Governmental Organizations. Consequently, I have worked with JICA, FAO, and NGO groups.

In these years I have been conducting wide ranging fieldwork on the following three subjects. Current research topics:

- (1) Global eco-resources management
- (2) Comparative study of tropical rain forests
- (3) Humans and nature in Southeast Asian forests
- 4. (1) Research Associate, CSEAS, 1975-80
 - (2) Research Fellow, Kansai Forest Tree Breeding Institute, MAFF, 1980-81
 - (3) Chief of Laboratory, Kanto Forest Tree Breeding Institute, MAFF, 1981-88
 - (4) JICA Expert for Brunei Darussalam, 1984-86
 - (5) Associate Professor, CSEAS, 1988
 - (6) Professor, CSEAS, 1995
- 5. (1) Plants collection in Thailand, Cambodia, and Malaysia, February-April 1965
 - (2) Forest ecological studies at Mt. Pangrango, West Java, December 1968-January 1970
 - (3) Forest ecological survey in Indonesia, September-November 1976
 - (4) Ecological survey in Thailand and Malaysia, October-December 1977
 - (5) Ecological survey in the Philippines, March-May 1978
 - (6) Forest ecological survey in South Sumatra, September-December 1978
 - (7) Forest survey in western forests in U. S. A., August 1979
 - (8) Preliminary survey on trial plantation in Brunei Darussalam, March-April 1982
 - (9) Survey on trial plantation in Brunei Darussalam, February-March 1983
 - (10) Preliminary survey for Forest Research Project in Brunei Darussalam, June-July 1983

- (11) Survey for the Brunei Forest Research Center, April 1984-September 1986
- (12) Forest studies in southern U. S. A., Mexico and Costa Rica, June-July 1988
- (13) Survey on sago palm in Papua New Guinea, Indonesia, and Sarawak, October 1988-January 1989
- (14) Survey on "Degradation and Restoration of Terrestrial Ecosystems in East Asia" for Holland and U. K., August-September 1989
- (15) Survey on forests and forestry condition of Thailand, February-June 1990
- (16) Survey on "Degradation and Restoration of Terrestrial Ecosystems in East Asia" for Indonesia, August-September 1990
- (17) Survey on "Historical Perspectives of Agro-ecological Development and Human Mobility" in China, September-December 1990
- (18) Survey on "Degradation and Restoration of Terrestrial Ecosystems in East Asia" for Malaysia, January 1991
- (19) Saline soil and reforestation survey in Thailand and Laos, January-February 1991
- (20) Survey on "Historical Perspectives of Agro-ecological Development and Human Mobility" in China, April-June, September-December 1991
- (21) Survey on "Degradation and Restoration of Terrestrial Ecosystems in East Asia" in U. S. A., Venezuera and Panama, January-February 1992
- (22) Survey on "Degradation and Restoration of Terrestrial Ecosystems in East Asia" in Malaysia, February-March 1992
- (23) Studies on "Dynamics of Frontier Worlds in Southeast Asian Archipelago" in Indonesia, October– December 1992
- (24) Survey on "Changing Process of Tropical Forest Ecosystem and Kinetic Behavior of Greenhouse Effect Gases in Asian Region" in Ecuador, Brazil and U. S. A., March 1993
- (25) Survey on "Men and Forests" in Malaysia, May 1993
- (26) Studies on "Dynamics of Frontier Worlds in Southeast Asian Archipelago" in Indonesia and Philippines, October-December 1993, 1994, 1995
- (27) Survey on "Comparative Studies in Maritime Worlds" in Turkey, Egypt, Greece and Singapore, January-February 1994
- (28) Survey on "Changing Process of Tropical Forest Ecosystem and Kinetic Behavior of Greenhouse Effect Gases in Asian Region" in U. S. A., Peru, Bolivia and Guatemala, March 1994
- (29) Studies on "Dynamics of Frontier World in Southeast Archipelago" October-December 1994
- (30) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in China, August-September, October-November 1995
- (31) Studies on "Technical Development of Sustainable Biological Production in East Asia" in Malaysia, Singapore and Hong Kong, January-February 1996
- (32) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in Nepal, February-March 1996
- (33) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in Austria, Swiss, Germany, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Denmark, Sweden and Finland, July-August 1996
- (34) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in France, Cameroon and Kenya, November-December 1996
- (35) Studies on "Technical Development of Sustainable Biological Production in East Asia" in Singapore and Malaysia, January 1997
- (36) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in China and Hong Kong, February-March 1997
- (37) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in U. S. A. and Canada, June-

- August 1997
- (38) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in U. S. A., Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia, Chile and Argentina, October-December 1997
- (39) Studies on "Technical Development of Sustainable Biological Production in East Asia" in Malaysia and Singapore, January 1998
- (40) Survey on "Comparative Continental Studies of Men and Forests" in China, March 1998
- (41) Survey on "Forest Fire Prevention and Manage" in Indonesia, Malaysia, and Singapore, September 1998
- (42) Studies on "Migration and Resource Utilization" in Vietnam, China, Laos, and Thailand, October-December 1998
- (43) Studies on "Technical Development of Sustainable Biological Production in East Asia" in Singapore and Malaysia, January-February 1999
- (44) Studies on "Migration and Resource Utilization" in Brazil and Indonesia, 1999 and 2000
- (45) Forest Tree Breeding Project in China, November 2000
- (46) COE Project in China and Vietnam, 1999 and 2000
- (47) Myanmar Project in Northern Myanmar, 2001
- (48) Wallacea Project in Indonesia and Singapore, 2002 and 2003
- (49) Circum-Himalayan Project in China and Northern Myanmar, 2002
- 6. (1) Forest Ecological Studies of the Montane Forest of Mt. Pangrango, West Java (I) Stratification and Floristic Composition of the Montane Rain Forest near Cibodas. SEAS 13(3), 1975
 - (2) Ditto (II) Stratification and Floristic Composition of the Forest Vegetation of the Higher Part of Mt. Pangrango. SEAS 13(4), 1976
 - (3) Ditto (III) Litter Fall of the Tropical Montane Forest near Cibodas. SEAS 14(2), 1976
 - (4) Ditto (IV) Floristic Composition along the Altitude. SEAS 15(2), 1977
 - (5) Nettai no Yuyo Jushu (Useful Tree Species in the Tropics) (co-authored). Tropical Agriculture Research Center, 1978
 - (6) Seasonal Fluctuation of Leaf Litters at Montane Forests of Mt. Pangrango, West Java (in Japanese). In Tonan Ajia Sekai: Chiiki Zo no Kensho (The World of Southeast Asia: Verification of Its Image). Tokyo: Sobunsha, 1980
 - (7) Vegetational Succession and Nutrients Cycling in Shifting Cultivation (in Japanese). In Shifting Cultivation-Ecological Approach, 1981
 - (8) Lowland Swamp Forests in Southeast Asia (I) Mangrove (in Japanese). SEAS 21(2), 1983
 - (9) Ditto (II) Distribution of Mangrove (in Japanese). SEAS 21(3), 1983
- (10) Ditto (III) Freshwater Swamp Forest (in Japanese). SEAS 21(4), 1983
- (11) Ditto (IV) Peat Swamp Forest (in Japanese). SEAS 2(2), 1984
- (12) Report on the Forest Research in Negara Brunei Darussalam from 1984 through 1986. JICA, 1987
- (13) The Changing Pattern of Vertical Stratification along the Altitudinal Gradient of the Tropical Montane Forests of Mt. Pangrango, West Java. In *The Plant Diversity of Malesia*, ed. by P. Bass, K. Kalkman and R. Geesink. Kluwer, 1990
- (14) Tonan Ajia no Nettai Taurin Sekai (Tropical Rain Forest in Southeast Asia). Tokyo: Sobunsha, 1991
- (15) Nettai Urin o Kangaeru (What is Tropical Rain Forests) (co-edited). Jinbunshoin, 1992
- (16) Ecosystem and People in Southeast Asian Tropical Rain Forests. Tropics 2(2), 1992
- (17) Vegetation Science in Forestry (co-edited). Kluwer, 1995
- (18) Hito to Mori to no Taiwa (Conversation between Men and Forests) (ed.). Jinbunshoin, 1996
- (19) Tropical Rain Forests of Southeast Asia: A Forest Ecologist's View (trans. by Peter Hawkes). University

of Hawai'i Press, 1997

(20) Ajia Amerika Seitai Shigen Kiko (Eco-resources in Asia and America). Iwanami, 2000

ABE Shigeyuk

- 1. (1) B. A. in Economics, Osaka University, 1970
 - (2) M. A. in Economics, University of Hawaii, 1972
 - (3) Ph. D. in Economics, University of Hawaii, 1977
- 2. Professor of Economics
- 3. A number of papers were published as book chapters during this period. They include "Motives for Japanese DFI," "The Trade Investment Nexus," and "Export and Direct Foreign Investment," as Chapters 6–8 of Economic Integration and Asia, ed. M. E. Kreinin and M. G. Plummer (Cheltenham: Edward Elgar, 2000). Another paper, "Economic Development in China and Its Implications to Japan," was published as Chapter 14 of Japan's New Economy: Continuity and Change in the Twenty First Century, ed. Magnus Blomstrom, Byron Gangnes, and Sumner La Croix (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2001). I devoted most of my research time, however, to writing the following two papers: "The Effects of Aging and Education on Productivity Growth in Singapore," with Shandre Thangavelu, January 2001, pp. 1–35, and "Post-crisis Thai Economy: Year of 2000," (in Japanese, 56 pages).

Short essays were published in various journals: "Where Malaysia Is Going?" Nihon Mengyo Club Kaiho, April 2000; "Teaching Japanese Economy at Beijing University," Higashiajia no Shiten, December 2000; and "Economics and Area Studies," Chiiki Kenkyu Spectrum, March 2001.

- (1) Post-currency crisis political economies of Thailand and Malaysia
- (2) Macro economic policy formulation in Thailand
- (3) Education, aging, and productivity in Asia
- (4) General study of the political, cultural, and economic linkages of Asia vis-à-vis Japan, the United States, and Europe
- 4. (1) Teaching Assistant, University of Hawaii, September 1972
 - (2) Associate Economic Affairs Officer, UN-ESCAP, May 1977
 - (3) Lecturer, Kyoto Sangyo University, April 1980
 - (4) Associate Professor, Kyoto Sangyo University, April 1981
 - (5) Professor, Kyoto Sangyo University, April 1987
 - (6) Professor, Kobe University, September 1991
 - (7) Professor, CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1998-present
- 5. (1) Exchange rate policy options for Taiwan and Korea, 1989 (Inamori Foundation Grant)
 - (2) Comparative advantage and foreign direct investment in Asia, 1990-91 (Suntory Foundation Grant)
 - (3) Modeling East Asian economic zones, 1992 (Monbusho's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research)
 - (4) Japanese foreign direct investment to South Asia and resulting changes in comparative advantage structures, 1993 (Monbusho's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research)
 - (5) APEC in 2000: Development of intra-industry trade, 1995–96 (Monbusho's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research)
 - (6) Free trade and environmental deterioration, 1996 (Showa Shell Grant)
 - (7) Regionalism in Asia: Theory and quantitative analysis, 1996 (Murata Foundation Grant)
 - (8) Economic database of East Asia, 1997 (ICSEAD Grant)
 - (9) Quantitative analysis of ASEM, 1997 (Matsushita Foundation Grant)
 - (10) Economic links between Asia and Europe, 1998 (Monbusho's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research)

- (11) Economic, Cultural, and Political Linkages between Asia and Japan, U. S. A., and Europe, 2000-03 (MEXT's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research)
- 6. (1) The Demand for Money in Pakistan: Some Alternative Estimates (co-authored). The Pakistan Development Review, summer 1975
 - (2) Optimum Interest Rate for a Country under a Floating Exchange Rate System. Ph. D. Dissertation submitted to University of Hawaii, 1997
 - (3) Financial Liberalization and Domestic Saving in Economic Development: An Empirical Test for Six Countries (co-authored). The Pakistan Development Reviews, autumn 1977
 - (4) Industrialization and Employment: Overview and Prospect of ASEAN Countries. In *Urbanization and Migration in ASEAN Development*, ed. by P. M. Hauser, D. Suits and N. Ogawa. University of Hawaii Press, 1985
 - (5) Malaysia Model. In *Macro Models in Asian LINK*, ed. by S. Ichimura and M. Ezaki. Tokyo: Springer-Verlag, 1985
 - (6) A CGE Analysis of Income Distribution: The Case of Malaysian Economy. Asian Economic Journal 1(2), 1988
 - (7) Fiscal Decentralization, Resource Mobilization and Effective Use of National Resources for Development: The Case of Japan(co-authored). Development Papers No. 11, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, 1991
 - (8) Competitiveness and Exchange Rate Adjustments in Korea. Development & South-South Cooperation 5(9), 1989
 - (9) Exchange Rate Realignment Effects on Growth, Trade Balances, and Prices: Asian NIEs and ASEAN. In *Macroeconomic Structural Issues in the Asia-Pacific Economies*, ed. by S. Naya and W. E. James. The Japan National Committee for Pacific Economic Cooperation, 1990
- (10) Industrial Relations and Their Evolution in Japan. In *Emerging Labor Issues in Developing Asia*, ed. by Chung-hoon Lee and Fun-koo Park. KDI Press, 1991
- (11) Development Assistance (co-authored with B. Koppel). In Economic, Industrial and Managerial Coordination between Japan and the USA, ed. by K. Abe, W. Gunter and H. See. Macmillan, 1992
- (12) Malaysia Model II. In Econometric Models of Asian-Pacific Countries, ed. by Ichimura and Matsumoto. Springer-Verlag, 1993
- (13) South Asia and Japan: Prospects for Future Cooperation. In South Asia as a Dynamic Partner, ed. by S. P. Gupta, W. E. James and R. K. McCleery. Macmillan India Ltd., 1994
- (14) Trends and Future Direction of Japanese Agricultural Trade. In Assessing the Potential and Direction of Agricultural Trade within the ESCAP Region, Studies in Trade and Investment No. 10, ed. by UN-ESCAP. United Nations, 1995
- (15) Prospects for Asian Economic Integration. In *Cooperation or Rivalry?* ed. by S. Nishijima and P. H. Smith. Westview, 1996
- (16) Japan: Why It Works, Why It Doesn't (co-authored with J. Mak, S. Sunder and K. Igawa). University of Hawaii Press, 1997
- (17) The Trade-Investment Nexus (co-authored with M. Kreinin and M. Plummer). In Economic Transformation in Emerging Countries: The Role of Investment, Trade and Finance, ed. by Farok Contrator. London: Elsevier, 1998
- (18) On the Myth of Asia's Miracle (co-authored with M. G. Plummer). In East Asian Economic Growth, ed. by S. Ichimura and G. Adams. Springer-Verlag, 1998
- (19) Motives for Japanese DFI: Survey, Analysis, and Implications in Light of the Asian Crisis (co-authored with M. E. Kreinin and M. Plummer). *Journal of Asian Economics* 10, 1999

(20) Economic Development in China and Its Implications to Japan (co-authored with Chung H. Lee). In *Japan's New Economy: Continuity and Change in the Twenty First Century*, ed. by Magnus Blomstrom, Byron Gangnes, and Sumner La Croix. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2001

IGARASHI Tadataka

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Health Sciences, The University of Tokyo, 1970
 - (2) M. Sc. in Health Sciences, The University of Tokyo, 1972
- 2. Associate Professor of Human Ecology
- 3. (1) Micro-Demography
 - (2) Nutrition
 - (3) Subsistence Mechanism
- (1) Teaching Assistant, Department of Human Ecology, School of Health Sciences, Faculty of Medicine, University of Tokyo, November 1975-November 1982
 - (2) Associate Professor, Department of Public Health, Faculty of Medicine, Gunma University, December 1982-March 1984
 - (3) Joined CSEAS in April 1984
- (1) Field research on human population ecology in an insular community, the Tokara Islands, Japan, 1970–73
 - (2) Rural-urban migration study in a Korean village, 1974-75
 - (3) Field research on micro-demography, nutrition, and subsistence mechanism in a Sundanese village, West Java, Indonesia, 1979-present
- (1) Change in Daily Activity Patterns during the Ramadan in an Islamic Society. In The Proceedings
 of the Second International Symposium on Asian Studies 1980, Vol. III. Hong Kong: Asian Research Service, 1981
 - (2) Some Notes on Methods of Age Estimation: An Attempt in a Sundanese Village, West Java (in Japanese with English summary). SEAS 20(2), 1982
 - (3) Seeking the Dates of Birth of Children: An Age-Estimation Method that Combines Dental Age with Indigenously Expressed "Time of Birth" for Use in Priangan, West Java. In The Proceedings of the Fourth International Symposium on Asian Studies, 1982, Vol. III. Hong Kong: Asian Research Service, 1983
 - (4) An Ecological Comparison of Fishery and Agriculture: The Case from West Java (in Japanese). In *Seitai Jinruigaku* (Ecological Anthropology), ed. by R. Ohtsuka. Tokyo: Shibundo, 1983
 - (5) Locality-Finding in Relation to Fishing Activity at Sea. In The Fishing Culture of the World: Studies in Ethnology, Cultural Ecology and Folklore, ed. by B. Gunda. Budapest: Akadémiai Kiadó, 1984
 - (6) Indoneshia Jinrui-Seitaigaku Chosa Shusei (Human Ecological Survey in Indonesia: A Compilation in Japanese) (co-edited). Tokyo: Nissan Science Foundation, 1984
 - (7) Wet-Rice Growing in Priangan Highland, West Java (in Japanese). Noko no Gijutsu (Agriculture and Technology) 7, 1984
 - (8) Food Resource and Population in Priangan Highland, West Java (in Japanese). In *Eiyo Seitaigaku* (Nutritional Ecology), ed. by H. Koishi and T. Suzuki. Tokyo: Kowa Shuppan, 1984
 - (9) Population, Fertility, and Mortality in Indonesia (in Japanese). *Igaku no Ayumi* (Advance of Medical Science) 132, 1985
 - (10) Human Ecological Survey in Rural West Java in 1978 to 1982: A Project Report (co-edited). Tokyo: Nissan Science Foundation, 1985
- (11) Some Biosocial Variables That May Account for Fertility Patterns in the Sundanese Society. In

- Health Ecological Survey in Indonesia in 1983/84, Part 1, ed. by S. Suzuki and O. Soemarwoto. Maebashi: Department of Public Health, Faculty of Medicine, Gunma University, 1985
- (12) Biosocial Variables Affecting Sundanese Fertility, West Java. Man and Culture in Oceania 3, 1987
- (13) Agricultural Operations, Seasonality, and Stars: Annual Cycle of Upland Cultivation in a Sundanese Village, West Java (in Japanese with English summary). SEAS 25(1), 1987
- (14) Cultural Practices Favoring Young Marriage and High Fertility: The Case of a Priangan Sundanese Village, West Java (in Japanese with English summary). SEAS 25(4), 1988
- (15) Man, Society, and Birth-interval: Reality in Southeast Asia (in Japanese). In *Tonan Ajiagaku no Shuho* (Methodology of Southeast Asian Studies, Vol. I, Southeast Asian Studies Series), ed. by T. Yano. Tokyo: Kobundo, 1990
- (16) Early Marriage, High Fertility, and Culture: The Case from Priangan Sundanese (in Japanese). In Tonan Ajia no Bunka (Cultures of Southeast Asia, Vol. V, Southeast Asian Studies Series), ed. by N. Maeda. Tokyo: Kobun-do, 1991
- (17) Sidereal-Lunar Time Reckoning in Nusantara: A Brief Comparison. In Studies of the Dynamics of the Frontier World in Insular Southeast Asia, ed. by T. Kato. CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1997

HAMAMOTO Satoko

- 1. (1) B. A. in International Relations, Ritsumeikan University, 1992
 - (2) M. A. in International Relations, Ritsumeikan University, 1994
 - (3) M. A. in Human and Environmental Studies, Kyoto University, 1997
 - (4) Ph. D. in Human and Environmental Studies, Kyoto University, 2003
- 2. Junior Research Fellow, April 2003-March 2004
- 3. Over the last couple of years, my research and writing were focused on the dynamics of everyday life in Muslim fishing communities in the Makassar Straits, South Sulawesi, Republic of Indonesia. In my dissertation, I carefully described the socio-economic dynamics of everyday Muslim religious practices and the secular activities of commercial trading and small scale peddling. My dissertation also included distinctive analyses of the mobility and life histories of women in that area. Now I would like to launch a new research project: an anthropological study of the relationship between pilgrimage and the social status of women in rural areas of Indonesia in the age of regional autonomy. In fiscal year 2003–04, I will engage mainly in library and archival work in Kyoto. I would like to increase my historical and archival knowledge of Muslim women to contribute to filling academic lacunae on this issue. Current research topics:
 - (1) The relationship between religious practices and commercial activities of Muslim women in everyday life
 - (2) Sexuality and gender issues of Muslim women in rural Indonesia
 - (3) Re-construction of the area concept for anthropology and social history in maritime Southeast Asia
- 4. (1) JSPS Research Fellow (DC) 1997-2000 (in CSEAS)
 - (2) JSPS Research Fellow (PD) 2000-03 (in CSEAS)
 - (3) Joined CSEAS as a Junior Research Fellow in April 2003
 - (4) Visiting Research Fellow (the Japan Center for Area Studies, National Museum of Ethnology) 2003– 05
- (1) Field work on the migrants from the Philippines and Indonesia in Sandakan, Sabah, Malaysia, June-October 1993
 - (2) Extensive field survey of the fishing communities in the coastal and rural area in the Sulawesi Island, August 1995

- (3) Field research in the fishing communities in the Makassar Straits, South Sulawesi, Indonesia, May-October 1996
- (4) Field survey on gender issue in Southeast Asia from the viewpoint of mobility and late modernity in the Makassar Straits, South Sulawesi, Indonesia, July-September 1997
- (5) Field study in the fishing village in the Makassar Straits, South Sulawesi, Indonesia, August 1998–January 2000
- (6) Supplemental field research and library works in Makassar and Jakarta, Indonesia, June-September 2001
- (7) Extensive field survey in the Sulawesi Island on current situation of Autonomy Daerah in Indonesia, February-March 2002
- (1) People from Southern Part of the Philippines in Sandakan, Sabah: The Case of the Bajau. Nampo Bunka 22, 1995
 - (2) A Charge Account of Haji Mira, Maritime Peddler. In *Gender: Migration and Late Modernity*, ed. by Yasushi Uchiyamada. Occational Paper of Gender FASID, 1998
 - (3) An Account of a Fermented Food, Cao, in the Daily Life of a Fishing Community: Change of Activities for Subsistence in the Makassar Straits (in Japanese). SEAS 37(3), 1999
 - (4) Book Review: Dependence on Green Gold: A Socio-economic History of the Indonesian Coconut Island Selayar, by Christian Heersink. SEAS 38(1), 2000
 - (5) Living with a Dukun, an Indigenous Medical Magician (Field Report, in Japanese). SEAS 38(2), 2000
 - (6) A Scene of Orkes Melayu: A Muslim Wedding Party along the Makassar Straits (Fieldwork News, in Japanese). Asian and African Area Studies 1, 2001
 - (7) Book Review: Authority and Enterprise among the Peoples of South Sulawesi, ed. by Roger Tol, Kees van Dijk and Greg Acciaioli. SEAS 39(2), 2001
 - (8) Book Review: Extremes in Archipelago: Trade and Economic Development in the Outer Islands of Indonesia, 1900-1942, by Jeroen Touwen. SEAS 40(2), 2002
 - (9) Everyday Mobility of Human and Commodities in Inter Islands Network. Ph. D. dissertation, Kyoto University, 2003

NAKAGUCHI Yoshitsugu

- 1. (1) B. Agr. in Life and Environmental Science, Shimane University, 1997
 - (2) M. Agr. in Applied Biochemistry, Osaka Prefecture University, 1999
 - (3) D. Med. Sc. in Microbiology, Kyoto University, 2003
- 2. Junior Research Fellow, April 2003-March 2004
- 3. I am studying the dynamics of pathogenic bacteria in Southeast Asia that cause intestinal infections such as diarrhea. In Southeast Asian countries, such diseases are known to be very important, but for economic reasons have not been addressed adequately. Recently, the incidence of Vibrio parahaemolyticus, bacteria that causes intestinal infection, has been increasing worldwide, especially in Southeast Asia. Using molecular genetic methods, our group found that a new pandemic clone of Vibrio parahaemolyticus appeared in Southeast Asian countries after 1996. This new clone was detected among strains isolated from travelers originating in Southeast Asian countries. It spread quickly to many other countries through international travelers and through the importation of seafood. This pattern has occurred not only with Vibrio parahaemolyticus, but also with many similar intestinal infections caused by pathogenic bacteria. Currently I focus on the dynamics of human pathogenic bacteria, including vibrios and Escherichia coli, causing intestinal infection diseases in Southeast Asia.

Current research topics:

- (1) Dynamics of pathogenic bacteria causing intestinal infection in Southeast Asia
- (2) Molecular genetic study on the pathogenic mechanism of human pathogenic Vibrio parahaemolyticus
- 5. (1) Study on the organization of gene cluster of leucine biosynthesis of Cyanobacteria (*Phormidium lapideum*), 1996–97
 - (2) Study on centromere DNA sequences recognized by human centromere protein B (CENP-B), 1997-99
 - (3) Molecular genetic study on the pathogenic mechanism of human pathogenic *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*, 1999-present
- (1) The Urease Gene Cluster of Vibrio parahaemolyticus Does Not Influence the Expression of the Thermostable Direct Hemolysin (TDH) Gene or the TDH-related Hemolysin Gene. Microbiology and Immunolology 47(3), 2003
 - (2) Intercalation Activating Fluorescence DNA Probe and Its Application to Homogeneous Quantification of a Target Sequence by Isothermal Sequence Amplification in a Closed Vessel. *Analytical Biochemistry* 314(1), 2003

TOMITA Shinsuke

- 1. (1) B. A. in Engineering, Kansai University, 1997
 - (2) M. A. in Agricultural Science, Kyoto University, 1999
 - (3) D. Agr. in Agricultural Science, Kyoto University, 2003
- 2. Junior Research Fellow, April 2003-March 2004
- 3. In Northeast Thailand, where rainfed paddy cultivation is commonplace, direct dry seeding is replacing transplanting to increase the frequency of successful plantings and to save labor. I showed the impact of this change on paddy vegetation from the agricultural and ecological viewpoints. A large number of paddy fields with a wide range of climatic, topographic, soil and hydrological conditions were used in the study area. The analysis revealed that direct dry-seeded fields are resource poor and have a wider range of water conditions within a field due to a rougher soil surface than transplanted fields. This results in lower productivity of total vegetation for rice growing in direct dry-seeded fields. However, weed productivity was not significantly different between the direct dry seeding and transplanted fields. Direct dry-seeded fields have more species-rich vegetation and greater diversity than the transplanted fields. Previous planting methods for particular fields did not influence productivity and diversity of paddy vegetation. It is concluded that the use of direct dry seeding increased biomass production of rice and the diversity of the paddy vegetation. The results also suggest that key concepts of the analytic framework to be used to harmonize agricultural production and biodiversity are thought to identify resource availability and disturbance intensity. Finally, I constructed the model simultaneously explaining both rice production and biodiversity from disturbance intensity and resource availability in rainfed paddy fields. Finally, the moderate intensiveness of agriculture in this region was examined from the agricultural and ecological viewpoint.

Current research topic:

Risk management of natural resource use in mainland Southeast Asia

- 5. (1) Research on modeling agricultural productivity in Northeast Thailand, May 1997-November 1998
 - (2) Research on modeling agricultural productivity of Northeast Thailand, July-September 2000
- 6. (1) Impact of Direct Dry Seeding on Rainfed Paddy Vegetation in Northeast Thailand. Weed Biology and Management 3(2), 2003
 - (2) Differences of Weed Vegetation in Response to Cultivating Methods and Water Conditions in

Rainfed Paddy Fields in Northeast. Weed Biology and Management 3(2), 2003

(3) Rice Yield Losses by Competition with Weeds in Rainfed Paddy Fields in Northeast Thailand. Weed Biology and Management 3(3), 2003

MIICHI Ken

- 1. (1) B. A. in Political Science, Kwansei Gakuin University, 1996
 - (2) M. A. in Political Science, Kobe University, 1999
 - (3) Ph. D. in Political Science, Kobe University, 2002
- 2. Research Fellow of the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science, April 2003-March 2006
- 3. Since the terror attack in the United States on 11 September 2001 and especially since the Bali bombing on 12 October 2002, the image has circulated of Indonesian and Southeast Asian Islam as dangerous and "fundamentalist." The "fundamentalist" discourse assumes that radical Islam denies modern systems and values, although the attitudes of Islamists are in fact varied. In my recent article, I compare the lives and thoughts of two very different Islamic preachers: Abu Bakar Ba'asyir and Abdullah Gymnastiar. Ba'asyir is suspected of being the mastermind of the Bali bombing. He denies the plurality of the Indonesian nation and seeks the establishment of a caliphate. In contrast, Gymnastiar or Aa Gym emphasizes the moderation of Islam, largely agrees with modern systems such as democracy, pluralism, and human rights, and encourages Muslims to be successful in business under modern capitalism. Although Aa Gym seems very different from Islamists such as Ba'asyir, he does share some characteristics of current Islamism. For example, Aa Gym carefully avoids violation of Islamic law. His emphasis on tauhid, or the oneness of God, and the comprehensiveness of Islam are also particularly common among Islamists. An Islamic activist or movement therefore cannot be judged as moderate or militant. Contemporary social change as a result of economic development has transformed the fundamental nature of Islamic thought and movements.

Current research topic:

Islamism and modernity in contemporary Indonesia

- (1) Research Fellow of the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (in Kobe University), 2000–02
 (2) Junior Research Fellow, CSEAS, 2002–03
- 5. Research on Indonesian local elite, 2002-03
- 6. (1) Two Streams of Islamic Civil Society Theory in Indonesia (in Japanese). Kokusai Kyoryoku Ronshu (Journal for International Cooperation Studies, Kobe University) 8(2), 2000
 - (2) Islamic Left and Intellectual Network in Indonesia (in Japanese). SEAS 40(1), 2002
 - (3) Penetration of Islamism in Contemporary Indonesia: Militant or Moderate? In *Democratization and Popular Movement in the Islamic Countries*, ed. by Masatoshi Kisaichi. London: Routledge Curzon, 2003 (forthcoming)

Division of Humans and the Environment

TANAKA Koji

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Agronomy, Kyoto University, 1969
 - (2) M. Sc. in Agronomy, Kyoto University, 1972
- 2. Professor of Biological Environment
- 3. Some articles related to Asian rice culture and its development have been well received among scholars not only in the field of Southeast Asian studies but also in agronomy and agricultural development studies. My present research interest in biological resource management under the rubric of human-

environment interaction has begun to produce related articles, such as "Who Owns the Forest? The Boundary between Forest and Farmland at the Frontier of Land Reclamation," "Biological Production Sustained by Wet-rice Cultivation in Asia," and "Living between the Land and the Sea," which have attracted attention from agronomists and human ecologists.

My research work is characterized by an effort to integrate various disciplines. Such efforts have appeared in the form of organizing the interdisciplinary research project "Inter-regional comparative studies on frontier societies" through a Monbusho grant-in-aid and have produced related articles, such as "Toward the Southeast Asian Frontier Hypothesis." In addition, these efforts are reflected in my practical participation in the editorial boards of a publication series and several academic journals, e. g., Lecture Series: Man and Environment, Culture and Technology of Agriculture, and Ecosophia. Current research topics:

- (1) Agroecological studies on rice-based cropping systems in tropical Asia
- (2) Peasant migration and agricultural adaptation in frontier societies of Southeast Asia
- (3) Biological resources and resource management in the Southeast Asian maritime world
- (4) Oil-producing plant resources and transformation of land use
- 4. (1) Research Associate, Faculty of Agriculture, Kyoto University, April 1973-August 1979
 - (2) Joined CSEAS in August 1979
 - (3) Associate Professor, July 1984
 - (4) Professor, March 1998
- 5. I have carried out many fieldworks on the topics such as farmers' migration in the Southeast Asian archipelago, agricultural transformation in Bangladesh, Madagascar, South Asia and Indonesia, and agro-ecological studies in China, Vietnam, Laos, Myanmar and Indonesia since I joined CSEAS in 1979. Only my recent fieldworks are listed below:
 - (1) Historical development of agriculture in the Mekong delta: in Vietnam, July-August 1995; January-February 1997; January-February 1998
 - (2) Cultural-ecological structure of network societies in Wallacea: in East Kalimantan and Sulawesi, October 1995–January 1996; in Sulawesi and Flores, October–December 1996; in Sulawesi and Flores, September–November 1997
 - (3) Transmigration and transformation of ecosystem and resource use: in northern Vietnam and Yunnan, October-November 1998; in Laos, October-November 1999 and 2000; in South Sulawesi and Sumbawa, July-August 2000; and in Myanmar, December 2002-January 2003
 - (4) Development of Asian eco-technology network: in Sri Lanka and India, August 1998; in Vietnam, December 1999; in Thailand, December 2000
 - (5) Research cooperation for developing coastal area studies in South Sulawesi, April 1999
- (1) Agricultural Adaptation among Bugis Spontaneous Migrants: A Case Study in Northeastern Kabupaten Luwu. In *Transformation of the Agricultural Landscape in Indonesia*, ed. by N. Maeda and Mattulada. CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1984
 - (2) Bugis and Javanese Peasants in the Coastal Lowland of the Province of Riau, Sumatra: Differences in Agricultural Adaptation. In *Environment, Agriculture and Society in the Malay World*, ed. by T. Kato et al. CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1986
 - (3) Rice and Rice Culture in Madagascar. In Madagascar: Perspectives from the Malay World, ed. by Y. Takaya. CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1988
 - (4) Village-Level Studies on Rice-Based Cropping Systems in the Low-Lying Areas of Bangladesh I. Cropping Patterns and Their Distribution in *Haor* and *Bil* Areas (co-authored with M. Salim et al.). Jap. Jour. Crop Sci. Soc. 59(3), 1990

- (5) A Note on Typology and Evolution of Asian Rice Culture: Toward a Comparative Study of the Historical Development of Rice Culture in Tropical and Temperate Asia. SEAS 28(4), 1991
- (6) The Malayan-Type Rice Culture and Its Distribution (in Japanese). SEAS 29(3), 1991
- (7) Traditional Use of Tropical Rain Forest: Shifting Cultivation of Southeast Asia. In *Topics in Primatology*, Vol. 2, ed. by N. Itoigawa et al. University of Tokyo Press, 1992
- (8) Farmers' Perceptions of Rice-Growing Techniques in Laos: "Primitive" or "Thammasat." SEAS 31(2), 1993
- (9) Transformation of Rice-Based Cropping Patterns in the Mekong Delta: From Intensification to Diversification. SEAS 33(3), 1995
- (10) Who Owns the Forest? The Boundary between Forest and Farmland at the Frontier of Land Reclamation. SEAS 34(4), 1997
- (11) Development of Southeast Asian Rice Culture: An Ecohistorical Overview. In Asian Paddy Fields: Their Environmental, Historical, Cultural and Economic Aspects under Various Physical Conditions, ed. by Y. Oshima et al. College of Agr., University of Saskatchewan, 1997
- (12) The Southeast Asian Maritime World and the Expansion of the Agricultural Frontier: A Case from South Sulawesi in Indonesia. In An Integrated Study on the Dynamics of the Maritime World of Southeast Asia, ed. by K. Tsuchiya and T. Kato. CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1997
- (13) Biological Production Sustained by Wet-Rice Cultivation in Asia (in Japanese). In Sustainable Use of Biological Resources (Iwanami Lecture Series: Global Environment Studies Vol. 6), ed. by K. Takeuchi and M. Tanaka. Iwanami Shoten, 1998
- (14) Living between the Land and the Sea (in Japanese). In Who Owns the Nature? (Lecture Series: Man and Environment Vol. 1), ed. by T. Akimichi. Showado, 1999
- (15) Toward the Southeast Asian Frontier Hypothesis (in Japanese). In *In Search for Global Area Studies*, ed. by Y. Tsubouchi. Kyoto University Press, 1999
- (16) Cropping Systems Research and Area Studies in Southeast Asia: Toward an Integration of Agronomic Studies and Socio-Cultural Studies. In World Food Security and Crop Production Technologies for Tomorrow, ed. by T. Horie et al. The Crop Science Society of Japan, 1999
- (17) Agriculture Reflecting the Nature (in Japanese). In Combined with the Nature: Diversity in Agriculture (Lecture Series: Man and Environment, Vol. 3), ed. by K. Tanaka. Showado, 2000
- (18) Southeast Asia as a Frontier World: Kalimantan Cases as a Model (in Japanese). In Logic of Area Formation, ed. by Y. Tsubouchi. Kyoto University Press, 2000
- (19) Crop-Raising Techniques in Asian Rice Culture: Resemblances to Root and Tuber Crop Cultivation. In Vegeculture in Eastern Asia and Oceania, ed. by S. Yoshida and P. J. Matthews. JCAS, National Museum of Ethnology, 2002
- (20) Kemiri (Aleurites moluccana) and Forest Resource Management in Eastern Indonesia: An Ecohistorical Perspective. Asian and African Areas Studies, No. 02, 2002

NISHIBUCHI Mitsuaki

- 1. (1) B. Agr. in Fisheries, Hiroshima University, 1976
 - (2) M. Agr. in Fisheries, Hiroshima University, 1979
 - (3) Ph. D. in Microbiology, Oregon State University, 1983
- 2. Professor of Human-Nature Dynamics
- 3. The current subject of my study is enteric infections in Southeast Asia, particularly the effect on human activities of bacteria distributed in the aquatic environment. Compared with advanced countries, the countries in Southeast Asia suffer much more from enteric infections and they are the most im-

portant of the diseases affecting Southeast Asia. This difference cannot be explained simply by levels of hygiene and medical care such as vaccination and treatment. It might be possible that both natural and human environments in Southeast Asia are suitable for the distribution and propagation of enteric pathogens. It is also possible that the practically borderless movement of humans and materials in Southeast Asia might greatly contribute to the spread and prevalence of these diseases. I have been conducting collaborative research to examine these possibilities and this has developed into a research network. We have gained significant insights into the infections caused by emerging bacterial pathogens, including a new clone of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*, *Vibrio cholerae* O139, *Esherichia coli* O157 and vancomycin-resistant *Enterococcus* spp. The information obtained has been exchanged among researchers in the network and also made available to the rest of the world through publication in international journals.

Current research topics:

- (1) Dynamics of pathogenic bacteria in the environment
- (2) Epidemiology of infectious diseases that originate in Southeast Asia
- (3) Elucidation of the features of infectious diseases in Southeast Asia by taking the findings of (1), (2) and cultural and social background into consideration
- 4. (1) Postdoctoral Research Associate, Bacterial Gentics Section, Center for Vaccine Development, University of Maryland School of Medicine, February 1983
 - (2) Research Associate, Division of Bacteriology and Immunology, Research Institute for Microbial Diseases, Osaka University, April 1986
 - (3) Lecturer, Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Medicine, Kyoto University, January 1988
 - (4) Associate Professor, Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Medicine, Kyoto University, November 1988
 - (5) Professor, CSEAS, April 1996-present
- 5. (1) Research on bacterial pathogens of fish, 1975-79
 - (2) Research on distribution of human pathogenic vibrios along U. S. coast, 1980-82
 - (3) Molecular genetic study on the pathogenic mechanism of human pathogenic vibrios, 1983-present
 - (4) Development of molecular genetic methods to detect bacterial enteric pathogens in clinical and environmental samples, 1986-present
 - (5) Epidemiology of bacterial enteric pathogens in Southeast Asia, 1987-present
- (1) Emergence of a Unique O3:K6 Clone of Vibrio parahaemolyticus in Calcutta, India, and Isolation
 of Strains from the Same Clonal Group from Southeast Asian Travelers Arriving in Japan. Journal of Clinical Microbiology 35(12), 1997
 - (2) Detection of Escherichia coli O157:H7 in the Beef Marketed in Malaysia. Applied and Environmental Microbiology 64(3), 1998
 - (3) Isolation of an Escherichia coli O157:H7 Strain Producing Shiga Toxin 1 but Not Shiga Toxin 2 from a Patient with Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome in Korea. FEMS Microbiology Letters 166(1998), 1998
 - (4) Characterization of Vibrio cholerae O139 Bengal Isolated from Water in Malaysia. Journal of Applied Microbiology 85, 1998
 - (5) Vibrio parahaemolyticus in Asia. Indian J. Microbiol. 39, 1999
 - (6) Clonal Diversity among Recently Emerged Strains of Vibrio parahaemolyticus O3:K6 Associated with Pandemic Spread. J. Clin. Microbiol. 37(7), 1999
 - (7) Isolation and Molecular Characterization of Vancomycin-resistant Enterocuccus faecium in Malaysia. Lett. Appl. Microbiol. 29(2), 1999
 - (8) Isolation and Characterization of Escherichia coli O157 from Retail Beef and Bovine Feces in

- Thailand. FEMS Microbiol. Lett. 182(2), 2000
- (9) Isolation of Vibrio parahaemolyticus Strains Belonging to a Pandemic O3:K6 Clone from Environmental and Clinical Sources in Thailand. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 66(6), 2000
- (10) Clonal Dissemination of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* Displaying Similar DNA Fingerprinting to Two Different Serovars (O3:K6 and O4:K68) in Thailand and India. *Epidemiol. Infect.* 125(1), 2000
- (11) Molecular Evidence that the Pandemic-associated O3:K6, O4:K68 and O1:K Untypeable (KUT) Strains of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* Isolated from Different Countries are Clonal. *Emerging Infectious Diseases* 6(6), 2000
- (12) Characteristics of Vibrio parahaemolyticus O3:K6 from Asia. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 66(9), 2000
- (13) Detection and Molecular Characterization of Vibrio vulnificus from Coastal Waters of Malaysia. Southeast Asian Journal of Tropical Medicine and Public Health 31(4), 2000
- (14) Occurrence of the vanA and vanC2/C3 Genes in Enterococcus Species Isolated from Poultry Sources in Malaysia. Diagn. Microbiol. Infect. Dis. 39(3), 2001
- (15) Molecular Epidemiologic Analysis of *Vibrio cholerae* O1 Isolated during the 1997–1998 Cholera Epidemic in Southern Thailand. *Epidemiol. Infect.* 127(1), 2001
- (16) Automated Ribotyping Differentiates Vibrio parahaemolyticus O3:K6 Strains Associated with a Texas Outbreak from Other Clinical Strains. J. Food Prot. 64(10), 2001
- (17) Prevalence of the Pandemic Genotype of Vibrio parahaemolyticus in Dhaka, Bangladesh and Significance of Its Distribution across Different Serotypes. J. Clin. Microbiol. 40(1), 2002
- (18) Clinical, Epidemiologic, and Socioeconomic Analysis of an Outbreak of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* in Khanh Hoa Province, Vietnam. *J. Infect. Dis.* 186(11), 2002
- (19) Prevalence and Serodiversity of the Pandemic Clone among the Clinical Strains of Vibrio parahaemolyticus Isolated in Southern Thailand. Epidemiol. Infect. 130(1), 2003
- (20) Vibrio parahaemolyticus. In International Handbook of Foodborne Pathogens, ed. by J. Bier and M. D. Miliotis. New York: Marcel Dekker, Inc., 2003

MATSUBAYASHI Kozo

- 1. (1) M. Med. Sc. and M. D. in Medicine, Kyoto University, 1977
 - (2) D. Med. Sc. in Medicine, Kyoto University, 1987
- 2. Professor of Ecological Medicine
- 3. In a community-based geriatric intervention study in Kochi, Japan, we revealed: 1) the association between blood pressure levels and cognitive function in elderly subjects aged 75 years and above; 2) the association between serum cholesterol levels and cognitive function in elderly subjects aged 75 years and above; 3) the effect of intervention on the annual increased independent ratio in activities of daily living in the community-dwelling elderly population during 1991–97; 4) risk factors for subsequent death in the elderly; 5) risk factors for subsequent frailty in the elderly; 6) characteristics of quality of life of the community-dwelling elderly; and so on.

We also set up geriatric longitudinal study fields, such as Kyoto, Shiga and Hokkaido in Japan, and we compared the difference of quality of life of the community-dwelling elderly population among the three areas. The tendency of variety of quality of life items of old people are common in the three areas, indicating that Japanese old people have a common value sense of quality of life.

In trans-cultural ecological medical studies in Hunza in Pakistan, Vilcabamba in Ecuador, Tibet in China, Yunnan in China, Mongolia, and Korea, Sen Yay in Myanmar, West Java in Indonesia, we have clarified that the human aging phenomena, including biological indices and social quality of life, are influenced not only by genetic differences or surrounding natural environments but also by cultur-

al differences.

Current research topics:

- (1) Trans-cultural ecological aspects of human aging
- (2) Community-based comprehensive geriatric intervention for the elderly
- (3) Comparative ecological studies for dementic disorders between Southeast Asia and Japan
- 4. (1) Postgraduate Physician in General Internal Medicine, Kyoto University Hospital, May 1977
 - (2) Neurologist, Department of Neurology, Shizuoka Rosai Hospital, June 1978
 - (3) Neurologist, Department of Neurology, Tenri Hospital, April 1980
 - (4) Clinical Associate, Department of Neurology, Kyoto University, June 1982
 - (5) Research Associate, Department of Medicine & Geriatrics, Kochi Medical School, April 1986
 - (6) Lecturer, Department of Medicine & Geriatrics, Kochi Medical School, June 1991
 - (7) Associate Professor, Department of Medicine & Geriatrics, Kochi Medical School, February 1998
 - (8) Professor, CSEAS, January 2000-present
- 5. (1) Clinical research on neurological diseases, 1977-82
 - (2) Research on electronmicroscopic immunohistochemistry of the human sympathetic nervous system, 1982-86
 - (3) Longitudinal comprehensive intervention research for community-dwelling elderly in Kochi, 1990-present, as well as in Kyoto, Shiga and Hokkaido, 1999-present
 - (4) Transcultural comparative ecological research on community-dwelling elderly
 - 1) Geriatric research in Kumbu in Nepal, 1990
 - 2) Geriatric research in Hunza in Karakorum, 1991
 - 3) Geriatric research in Andes Areas, 1992-93
 - 4) Geriatric research in Yunnan in China, 1994
 - 5) Geriatric research in Tibet in China, 1995
 - 6) Geriatric research in Ulaanbaatar in Mongolia, 1998
 - 7) Geriatric research in Irianjaya in Indonesia, 1999, 2000
 - 8) Geriatric research in Singapore, 2001
 - 9) Geriatric research in Myanmar, 2002
 - 10) Geriatric research in West Java, 2003
- 6. (1) Dependency of the Aged in the Community. Lancet 342, 1993
 - (2) Silent Cerebrovascular Disease and Ambulatory Blood Pressure in the Elderly. Hypertens. Res. 17, Suppl. I, S55-S58, 1994
 - (3) Cardiovascular and the Other Various Events Complicated in the Long-term Breeding of Rats. *Jpn. Heart J.* 347, 1995
 - (4) Polyneuritis Canialis Due to Varicella-zoster Virus in the Absence of Rash. Neurology 45, 1995
 - (5) Secular Improvement in Self-care Independence of Old People Living in Community in Kahoku, Japan. Lancet 347, 1996
 - (6) Does Surge in Blood Pressure Precede or Follow Stroke? Lancet 347, 1996
 - (7) Effects of Exercise on Neurobehavioral Function in Community-dwelling Older People More than 75 Years of Age. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc. 44, 1996
 - (8) Serum Cholesterol Levels and Cognitive Function Assessed by P300 Latencies in an Older Population Living in the Community. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc. 45, 1997
 - (9) Cognitive and Functional Status of the Japanese Oldest Old. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc. 45, 1997
 - (10) Home-blood Pressure Control in Japanese Hypertensive Population. Lancet 350, 1997
 - (11) Global Burden of Disease. Lancet 350, 1997

- (12) Postural Dysregulation in Systolic Blood Pressure is Associated with Worsened Scoring on Neurobehavioral Function Tests and Leukoaraiosis in the Older Elderly Living in a Community. Stroke 28, 1997
- (13) Quality of Life of Old People Living in the Community. Lancet 350, 1997
- (14) Improvement in Self-care Independence May Lower the Increasing Rate of Medical Expenses for Community-dwelling Older People in Japan. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc. 46, 1998
- (15) Frailty in Elderly Japanese. Lancet 353, 1999
- (16) The Timed "Up and Go" Test and Manual Button Score Are Useful Predictors of Functional Decline in Basic and Instrumental ADL in Community-dwelling Older People. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc. 47, 1999
- (17) A U-shaped Association between Home Systolic Blood Pressure and Four-year Mortality in Community-dwelling Older Men. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc. 47, 1999
- (18) Hypertension in Japanese Old-old. Lancet 359, 2002
- (19) Health Status and Subjective Economic Satisfaction in West Papua. Lancet 360, 2002
- (20) Depression Screening of Japanese Community-dwelling Elderly People. J. Am. Geriatr. Soc., 2002 (in press)

A. Terry RAMBO

- 1. (1) B. A. in Anthropology, University of Michigan, 1963
 - (2) M. A. in Anthropology, The American University, 1969
 - (3) Ph. D. in Anthropology, University of Hawaii, 1972
- 2. Professor of Human Environment
- 3. My major research interests relate to (1) human ecology in Southeast Asia; (2) problems of upland development in Vietnam; and (3) Vietnamese culture and social organization. My published works on these topics have been widely cited in the professional literature. An Introduction to Human Ecology Research on Agricultural Systems in Southeast Asia (1984), that I edited with Percy Sajise, remains one of the few comprehensive discussions of agroecology in Southeast Asia. Primitive Polluters, a widelycited monograph on Semang relations with the Malaysian tropical rainforest, that I published in 1985, has contributed to the debate about the extent to which traditional peoples living in small-scale societies have contributed to environmental change. I have also done comparative research on problems of land degradation in Thailand and Vietnam and public perceptions of environmental risks in Japan, Hong Kong (China), Vietnam and Thailand. Since the late 1980s much of my research has been on problems of environment and development in Vietnam, particularly in the uplands. Working with colleagues in the Center for Natural Resources and Environmental Studies (CRES) and the Hanoi Agricultural University, I carried-out a multi-year study of environmental and social conditions in five communities in the northern mountains. Our findings are presented in a report entitled Bright Peaks, Dark Valleys, that I co-edited together with Le Trong Cuc. Recently, returning to my long-standing interest in Vietnamese culture and society, I have been collaborating with Neil L. Jamieson, a Visiting Research Fellow at CSEAS in 2002-03, on a series of papers on Vietnamese social organization and am in the final stages of completing my own book on Vietnamese culture.

- (1) Development trends in Vietnam's northern mountain region (environmental and social consequences of rural development in mountain areas)
- (2) Land degradation in upland agroecosystems in Vietnam and Thailand (nutrient dynamics and the sustainability of upland agricultural systems)
- (3) Vietnamese culture and social organization

- 4. (1) Research Associate, Human Sciences Research, Inc, 1964-69
 - (2) Lecturer (part-time), Department of Anthropology, University of Hawaii, 1970-72
 - (3) Assistant Professor, Department of Anthropology, Washington State University, 1972-73
 - (4) Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Ford Foundation Southeast Asia Research Fellowship Program, 1973-75
 - (5) Lecturer, Department of Anthropology and Sociology, University of Malaya, 1975-80
 - (6) Senior Fellow, East-West Center, 1980-2000 (including serving as Director of EWC Program on Environment, 1992-97)
 - (7) Professor, CSEAS, 2000-present
- 5. (1) Human adaptation to tropical rainforest in Belize, 1961-62
 - (2) Refugee movement in South Vietnam, 1965-67
 - (3) Impact of war on cultural values in Vietnam, 1968-69
 - (4) Adaptation of northern migrants to the environment of the Mekong Delta, 1973-75
 - (5) Cultural ecology of Malaysian Orang Asli (Aboriginal people), 1975-80
 - (6) Human ecology of tropical agricultural systems in Southeast Asia, 1980-94
 - (7) Land degradation in tropical Asia, 1994-present
 - (8) Human ecology of Vietnam's northern mountain region, 1997-present
 - (9) Environmental perception in Asia, 1998-2002
- 6. (1) A Comparison of Peasant Social Systems of Northern and Southern Viet-Nam: A Study of Ecological Adaptation, Social Succession, and Cultural Evolution. Carbondale, IL: Monograph III of the Center for Vietnamese Studies, Southern Illinois Univ., 1973
 - (2) Why They Fled: Motivations for Refugee Movement During the Spring 1974 Communist Offensive in South Viet-Nam (co-authored with Le-Thi-Que, G. Murfin). Asian Survey 16(9), 1976
 - (3) Closed Corporate and Open Peasant Communities: Reopening a Hastily Shut Case. Comparative Studies in Society and History 19(2), 1977
 - (4) Human Ecology of the Malaysian Orang Asli. Federation Museums Journal 24, 1979
 - (5) Of Stones and Stars: Malaysian Orang Asli Environmental Knowledge in Relation to Their Adaptation to the Tropical Rain Forest Ecosystem. Federation Museums Journal 25, New Series 1980
 - (6) Fire and the Energy Efficiency of Swidden Agriculture. Asian Perspectives 23(2), 1980
 - (7) An Introduction to Human Ecology Research on Agricultural Systems in Southeast Asia (co-edited with P. E. Sajise). Los Baños: UPLB, 1984
 - (8) Primitive Polluters: Semang Impact on the Malaysian Tropical Rain Forest Ecosystem. Anthropological Papers No. 76. Ann Arbor: Univ. of Michigan, Museum of Anthropology, 1985
 - (9) Black Flight Suits and White Ao Dais. In Borrowing and Adaptation of Symbols of Vietnamese Cultural Identity, ed. by Truong Buu Lam. Southeast Asia Paper No. 25. Honolulu: Univ. of Hawaii, Center for Asian and Pacific Studies, 1987
 - (10) Ethnic Diversity and the Control of Natural Resources in Southeast Asia (co-edited with K. Gillogly and K. Hutterer). Michigan Papers on South and Southeast Asian Studies No. 32. Ann Arbor: Univ. of Michigan, Center for South and Southeast Asian Studies, 1988
 - (11) Agroecosystems of the Midlands of Northern Vietnam: A Report on a Preliminary Human Ecology Field Study of Three Districts in Vinh Phu Province (co-edited with Le Trong Cuc and Kathleen Gillogly). EAPI Occasional Paper No. 12. Honolulu: East-West Center, 1990
 - (12) Profiles in Cultural Evolution: Papers from a Conference in Honor of Elman R. Service (co-edited with Kathleen Gillogly). Anthropological Papers No. 85. Ann Arbor: Univ. of Michigan, Museum of

- Anthropology, 1991
- (13) Too Many People, Too Little Land: The Human Ecology of a Wet Rice-Growing Village in the Red River Delta of Vietnam (co-edited with Le Trong Cuc). Program on Environment Occasional Paper No. 15. Honolulu: East-West Center, 1993
- (14) Development Trends in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region (co-edited with D. Donovan, J. Fox, L. T. Cuc, and T. D. Vien). Hanoi: National Political Publishing House, 2 vols. 1997
- (15) Culture, Environment and Human Settlement in the Uplands of Northern Vietnam. Vietnam Social Sciences 5 (61), 1997
- (16) The Composite Swiddening Agroecosystem of the Tay Ethnic Minority of the Northwestern Mountains of Vietnam. In Land Degradation and Agricultural Sustainability: Case Studies from Southeast and East Asia, ed. by Aran Patanothai. Khon Kaen: Susan Regional Secretariat, 1998
- (17) The Development Crisis in Vietnam's Mountains (co-authored with Neil Jamieson and Le Trong Cuc). East-West Center Special Report No. 6. Honolulu, Hawaii, November 1998
- (18) The Balance of Nature, the Garden of Eden, and the Power of Policy: Some Observations on Contemporary Environmental Mythology. *The Asian Geographer* 18(1, 2), 1999
- (19) Bright Peaks, Dark Valleys: A Comparative Analysis of Environmental and Social Conditions and Development Trends in Five Communities in Vietnam's Northern Mountain Region (co-edited with Le Trong Cuc). Hanoi: National Political Publishing House, 2001
- (20) Methodology and Major Findings of a Comparative Research Project on Environmental Consciousness in Hong Kong (China), Japan, Thailand, and Vietnam (co-authored with James E. Nickum). SEAS 41(1), 2003

ANDO Kazuo

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Agronomy, Shizuoka University, 1978
 - (2) M. Sc. in Tropical Agriculture, Kyoto University, 1984
 - (3) D. Agr. in Tropical Agriculture, Kyoto University, 1994
- 2. Associate Professor of Tropical Agriculture
- 3. Since April, 2001, I have been mainly involved in the following two projects: the JICA Joint Study on Participatory Rural Development Project (PRDP) and the JSPS Study on Agricultural and Rural Development among the Minorities of Bangladesh and Myanmar (SARD-BM). The first project is a continuation of two previous JICA joint studies on rural development in Bangladesh; in these JICA study projects, I tried to develop alternative research methods that are suitable for rural development but can also be applied to area studies. One of these methods foregrounds the standpoint and consciousness of the persons living in the study area. The second project is also based on my previous individual studies on locally existing technologies and rural societies in the deltaic regions of Bangladesh and Myanmar. The study area between Chittagong Hill Tracts in Bangladesh and Irrawady in Myanmar was re-opened in the late 1990s to foreign scholars, and I am now in the process of collecting primary data on that region. In addition, I have conducted fieldwork on agricultural technologies in the hilly regions, namely Yunnan in China, and Laos since 1999 in order to formulate alternative options for agricultural development in rural Japan.

- (1) Change in agricultural technologies and the development of village societies in rice growing tropical deltas, especially Bengal and Irrawaddy, and in rice terrace farming areas, especially Yunnan and Laos
- (2) Relationship between villagers and nation in rural development

- (3) Environmental problem and agricultural development in Bangladesh and Kazakhstan
- (4) Characteristics of a regional unit of Bengal Assam, Myanmar, Yunnan and Laos from the perspective of area studies
- 4. (1) Junior Expert, Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers in Bangladesh, April 1978-April 1981
 - (2) Research Assistant, Agricultural Research Station of Aichi Prefecture, November 1981-March 1982
 - (3) Expert, Japan International Cooperation Agency in Bangladesh, May 1986-July 1990
 - (4) Expert, Japan International Cooperation Agency in Bangladesh, June 1993-December 1993
 - (5) Expert, Japan International Cooperation Agency in Bangladesh, October 1994-December 1995
- 5. (1) Field survey as a student of Ph. D. course in Kyoto Univ. and Bangladesh Agricultural University in eastern region of Bengal Delta, October 1984-March 1986
 - (2) Field studies as a JICA expert for the JICA joint study project on Agricultural and Rural Development in Bangladesh, May 1986-July 1990
 - (3) Field studies as a JICA expert for the JICA joint study project on Rural Development Experiment in Bangladesh, June-December 1993 and October 1994-December 1995, and for JICA joint study project on Participatory Rural Development Project(PRDP) in Bangladesh, April-May 2000 and September 2000
 - (4) Field studies on Agricultural Land Use and Technologies and Rural Development in Bangladesh, Myanmer, China and for several times, each two-four weeks in 1997 and 1998, Laos, Yunnan, Rakhine(Myanmar) and Chittagong hill tract (Bangladesh) in 1999 and 2000
- 6. (1) Mixed Aus Rice and Aman Rice Cultivation in Bangladesh (in Japanese). Noko no Gijutsu (Agricultural Techniques) 7, 1984
 - (2) Note on Proverb and Rite of Rice Culture in Bangladesh: From a Survey on Rice Culture in Chiladi Village, Noakhali District (in Japanese). Kollanee, No. 9, 1984
 - (3) Rice Cultivation in the Low-Lying Areas of the Bengal Delta: A Note on Mixed Aus and Broadcasting Aman Cultivation and Parboiled Rice in the Eastern Region of Bangladesh (in Japanese). SEAS 25(1), 1987
 - (4) A Note on Village Formation in Bengal Delta (in Japanese, co-authored). Annals of Agricultural History, No. 3, 1989
 - (5) Village-Level Studies on Rice-Based Cropping Systems in the Low-Lying Areas of Bangladesh I. Cropping Patterns and Their Distribution in *Haor* and *Bil* Areas (co-authored). *Jap. J. Crop Sci. Soc.* 59(3), 1990
 - (6) Cropping Patterns and Their Change in Tetulia Village (co-authored). The Bangladesh Rural Development Studies 2(1), 1990
 - (7) Irrigation Rice Cultivation and Recent Change in the Agricultural System in Jawar Village, the Haor Region of Bangladesh (in Japanese, co-authored). *Jour. JSIDRE* 62(9), 1990
 - (8) Cropping Systems in Low-Lying Areas of the Bengal Delta: A Regional Comparison of Technological Changes and Development of Cropping Systems (in Japanese, co-authored). SEAS 28(3), 1990
 - (9) A Case Study on Hydrologic Conditions and Development of Rice-Based Cropping Patterns in a Haor Village in Bangladesh (in Japanese, co-authored). SEAS 28(3), 1990
 - (10) The Formation of Settlements in the Bengal Delta (in Japanese, co-authored). SEAS 28(3), 1990
 - (11) Rice Cultivation during Dry Season and Traditional Irrigation Technologies in Fringe Region of Haor in Bangladesh: A Case Study in Jawar Village (in Japanese, co-authored). *Ajia Keizai* (Japanese Journal of Asian Economic Development) 32(2), 1991
 - (12) Rice-Cultivation and Land Tenancy System under Shallow Tubewell Irrigation in Barind Tract, Bangladesh: A Case Study in Tetulia Village, Bogra District (co-authored). *Journal of the Japanese*

- Association for South Asian Studies, No. 3, 1991
- (13) Some Aspects of Recent Changes in Agricultural and Socio-economic Condition in Rural Bangladesh: A Case Study of Two Villages in Greater Mymensingh (co-authored). Lecture Series 1990. The Asiatic Society of Bangladesh, 1991
- (14) Revenue Survey of Bengal: A Source Study of Rural History (co-authored). Bengal Past and Present 110, Nos. 210-211, Part 1-2 (January-December 1991). Calcutta, 1991
- (15) Agricultural Development and Environmental Problems in Developing Countries (co-authored). Technology and Development, No. 5. 1992
- (16) Shallow Tubewell Irrigation in Jawar Village, the Haor Region of Bangladesh (in Japanese, co-authored). *Jour. JSIDRE* 60(4), 1992
- (17) Characteristics of Paddy Fields and Irrigation in the Dry Season: Case Study of Jawar Village in Bangladesh (in Japanese, co-authored). *Jour. JSIDRE* 62(1), 1994
- (18) Matbars and Rural Development by Locally Existing Thought: Records of Action Research in Dakshin Chamuria Village, Bangladesh (in Japanese, co-authored). SEAS 33(1), 1995
- (19) Rabi Crops in the Rice Agriculture of the Floodplains in the Bengal Delta: A Case Study of Dakshin Chamuria Village, Bangladesh (in Japanese, co-authored). Journal of the Japanese Association for South Asian Studies, No. 9, 1997
- (20) Water Hyacinth Control Program through Community Development Approach: A Case Study in a Bangladesh Village (co-authored). *JARQ* 32(3), 1998

KONO Yasuyuki

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Irrigation Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 1981
 - (2) M. Sc. in Irrigation Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 1983
 - (3) D. Agr. in Irrigation Engineering, The University of Tokyo, 1986
- 2. Associate Professor of Land and Water Resources Management
- 3. I carried out three research projects related to land and water resources management during the last several years. First, the MAPNET (Modeling Agricultural Productivity in Northeast Thailand) project highlights regional-level land productivity of rainfed agriculture and aims to bridge the gap between micro-level crop physiological research and regional-level agricultural development planning and to examine the gap between potential and actual yields caused by economic and social environments. This project introduced various kinds of recently developed research tools such as GIS (Geographic Information System), GPS (Global Positioning System) and digital image analysis. Second, the PELUSSA (People, Environment and Land Use Systems in Mainland Southeast Asia) project focuses on sustainable management of land resources in the mountainous regions of Vietnam, Laos and Thailand. The major research interest is how to change the downward spiral of insufficient food, low cash income and degrading environments caused by risky environment, weak market economy and unintegrated policy implementation into an upward spiral. My third research topic is the technical and institutional aspects of irrigation system management in Monsoon Asia and its historical changes. The study areas have so far been Sichuan province, the Red River Delta and the Mekong River Delta. I also serve as a task force member of the Japan-Myanmar Cooperation for Economic Structural Adjustment and a external examiner of Vietnam Agricultural Science Institute.

- (1) Land productivity evaluation
- (2) Agricultural production and environmental protection
- (3) Irrigation system management

- (4) GIS for rural system analysis
- 4. Joined CSEAS in July 1987
- 5. (1) Evaluation of water resource development and land improvement in Java, 1981
 - (2) Rice production and hydrological environment of rainfed paddy cultivation in Northeast Thailand,
 - (3) Land and water use at pond-fed area in Sri Lanka and South India, 1984
 - (4) Hydrological environment of rainfed and irrigated paddy cultivation in Luzon, 1986
 - (5) Land and water utilization in agriculture and its historical change in Iran, Iraq and Egypt, 1989
 - (6) History of irrigation development in China, 1990-91
 - (7) Irrigation engineering and management, AIT, Thailand, 1992-94
 - (8) Modeling agricultural productivity in Northeast Thailand, 1995-
 - (9) Technical and organization aspects of water management in Vietnam, 1995-99
 - (10) Water use system in the dry areas in Southeast Asia, 1999
 - (11) Land use systems, Vietnam and Laos, 1999-
 - (12) Agricultural transformation, Myanmar, 2001-
- 6. (1) Spread of Direct Seeded Lowland Rice in Northeast Thailand: Farmers' Adaptation to Economic Growth (co-authored). SEAS 33(4), 1996
 - (2) Who Should Manage an Irrigation System: Monsoon Asian Experiences. In Proc. of the International Conference on Water Resources and Environmental Research. Kyoto, 1996
 - (3) Monitoring and Mapping Reforestation in Northeast Thailand: An Application of Northeast Thailand Village Information System (NETVIS) (co-authored). In *Proc. of Tropical Forestry in the* 21st Century Vol. 9, 1996
 - (4) Post-1949 Development of the Dujiangyan Irrigation System, South China: Bridging over a Gap between the Government and Farmers. *International Journal of Water Resources Development* 13(1), 1997
 - (5) Role of GIS in Social Development-type ODA Project (in Japanese, co-authored). GIS: Theory and Application 5(1), 1997
 - (6) Transformation of Agriculture and Rural Development in Thailand (in Japanese, co-authored). Nogyo Doboku Gakkaishi 65(4), 1997
 - (7) Yielding Ability in Direct Seeding Rice Culture in Northeastern Thailand (co-authored). Tropical Agriculture 42(4), 1998
 (8) Area Study Approach to Agricultural Development: With Emphasis on Irrigation Development (in
 - Japanese). Japanese Journal of System Agriculture 15(1), 1999

 (9) Technical Changes in Rainfed Rice Cultivation in Northeast Thailand (co-authored). In World Food
 - (9) Technical Changes in Rainfed Rice Cultivation in Northeast Thanant (co-authored). In works 7 security and Crop Production Technologies for Tomorrow, 1999
 - (10) Direct Seeded Rice Cultivation in Northeast Thailand: Present Situation and Problems Involved (co-authored). In World Food Security and Crop Production Technologies for Tomorrow, 1999
 - (11) Changes in Village-level Cropping Patterns in the Red River Delta after Doi Moi: A Case Study of the Coc Thanh Cooperative in Nam Dinh Province (co-authored). Tropical Agriculture 43(3), 1999
 - (12) Village-level Irrigation Systems in the Command Area of the Nam Ha 1 Irrigation Scheme (co-authored). In Towards an Ecoregional Approach for Natural Resource Management in the Red River Basin of Vietnam, 1999
 - (13) Methodology for Regional Level Land Productivity Evaluation: A Case Study of Rainfed Agriculture in Northeast Thailand (co-authored). In Can Biological Production Harmonize with Environment? 1999

- (14) Competition and Interdependence between Paddy and Weeds of Rainfed Agriculture in Northeast Thailand (co-authored). In Can Biological Production Harmonize with Environment? 1999
- (15) Shifting Cultivators in the Hill and Global Environmental Protection (in Japanese). Scias (December), 2000
- (16) Changing Roles of Cooperatives in Agricultural Production in the Red River Delta (co-authored).

 In Vietnamese Society in Transition, 2001
- (17) Canal Development and Intensification of Rice Cultivation in the Mekong Delta: A Case Study in Cantho Province, Vietnam. SEAS 39(1), 2001
- (18) A GIS-Based Crop-Modelling Approach to Evaluating the Productivity of Rainfed Lowland Paddy in North-East Thailand (co-authored). In *Increased Lowland Rice Production in the Mekong Region*, 2001
- (19) Impact of Direct Dry Seeding on Rainfed Paddy Vegetation in Northeast Thailand (co-authored). Weed Biology and Management 3, 2003
- (20) Differences of Weed Vegetation in Response to Cultivating Methods and Water Conditions in Rainfed Paddy Fields in Northeast Thailand (co-authored). Weed Biology and Management 3, 2003

YANAGISAWA Masayuki

- 1. (1) B. A. in Agriculture, Kyoto Prefectural University, 1991
 - (2) M. A. in Agricultural Science, Kyoto University, 1994
 - (3) D. Agr. in Agricultural Science, Kyoto University, 2000
- 2. Research Associate of Tropical Agro-ecology
- 3. Since 1994 I have been researching farming systems and the role of cooperatives in a village in Nam Dinh Province, Vietnam. The results of this study were presented at the Euroviet Congress, an international conference on Vietnamese studies held in Amsterdam in 1997, and at the international workshop Vietnamese Peasants' Activity: An Interaction between Culture and Nature, held at IIAS, Leiden University, August 28–31, 2002. The former paper was published as the opening article in *Vietnamese Society in Transition: The Daily Politics of Reform and Change*, a collection based on fieldwork in the 1990s.

In 1997, as a part of the research project "Evaluation of landuse and agricultural resources in the Red River Delta," funded by Japan's Ministry of Education, I conducted a questionnaire survey in Nam Dinh Polder. Although the analysis has not yet been finished because of the enormity of the data, the results will undoubtedly surpass Pierre Gourou's results from the early twentieth century.

In 1998, I collected data on daily farming practices for one year in a village. My dissertation based on this data was approved by the Faculty of Agriculture of Kyoto University on November 24, 2000.

- (1) Agro-ecological study of intensive cropping systems in the Red River Delta
- (2) Relationship between protection of the environment and agricultural development in the Northern mountainous area of Vietnam
- 4. (1) Research Fellow of Kyoto Prefectural University, April 1991–March 1992
 - (2) Research Assistant of East-West Center Hanoi Office, April 1997-March 1999
- (1) Research on cash crops in Saraburi and Lopburi province in Thailand, November 1992–March 1994
 - (2) Bach Coc study (an interdisciplinary study of one village in the Red River Delta), August 1994present

- (3) Research on evaluation of land productivity and agricultural resources in the Red River Delta, April 1998-March 1999
- (4) Research on relationship between environment and rural development in North mountains in Vietnam, present
- (1) Development of Field Crops in Thailand: A Case Study in Saraburi and Lopburi Provinces (coauthored with E. Nawata). SEAS 33(4), 1996
 - (2) Changing Roles of Agricultural Cooperatives in the Red River Delta: A Case Study of the Coc Thanh Cooperative in Nam Dinh Province (co-authored with Y. Kono). In *Books of Abstract of the 3rd Euroviet Congress*. Amsterdam, 1997
 - (3) Changes in Village-Level Cropping Patterns in the Red River Delta after *Doi Moi*: A Case Study of the Coc Thanh Cooperative in Nam Dinh Province, Vietnam (in Japanese, co-authored). *Japanese Journal of Tropical Agriculture* 43(3), 1999
 - (4) An Interdisciplinary Study of a Rice Growing Village: History and Contemporary Changes. In Towards an Ecoregional Approach for Natural Resource Management in the Red River Basin of Vietnam, ed. by N. N. Kinh, P. S. Teng, C. T. Hoanh, and J. C. Castella. Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development of Vietnam & International Rice Research Institute. Hanoi: The Agricultural Publishing House, 1999
 - (5) Fund-Raising Activities of a Cooperative in the Red River Delta: A Case Study of the Coc Thanh Cooperative in Nam Dinh Province, Vietnam. SEAS 38(2), 2000
 - (6) Changing Roles of Cooperatives in Agricultural Production in the Red River Delta: A Case Study of the Coc Thanh Cooperative in Nam Dinh Province (co-authored). In Vietnamese Society in Transition: The Daily Politics of Reform and Change, ed. by J. Kleinen. Het Spinhuis Publishers, 2001
 - (7) Status of Vegetable Cultivation as Cash Crops and Factors Limiting the Expansion of the Cultivation Area in a Village of the Red River Delta in Vietnam (in Japanese, co-authored with E. Nawata, Y. Kono and B. T. Hung). Japanese Journal of Tropical Agriculture 45(4), 2001
 - (8) Area Studies and Village Studies (in Japanese). In Southeast Asian History extra vol., ed. by S. Ikehata. Tokyo: Iwanami Shoten, 2003

Division of Society and Culture

HAMASHITA Takeshi

- 1. (1) M. A. in Dept. of Oriental History, The University of Tokyo, 1974
 - (2) Doctoral Course, Dept. of Oriental History, The University of Tokyo, 1978
- 2. Professor of Asian Area Studies
- 3. I published the following articles and books in 2000.
 - 1) Tea Trade of China 14–20C, in Oriental Tea, edited by Tadahiko Takahashi, Tanko-sha, 2000; 2) History of Maritime Asia from East Asia's Perspective, in History of Maritime Asia Vol. 1, Paradigm of Maritime Sea, edited by Keiichi Omoto, Takeshi Hamashita, Yoshinori Murai and Hikoichi Yajima, Iwanami Publishing Co., 2000; 3) Geopolitics: History of Governance of Land and Sea, in World History of Regions Vol. 11, Regional History of Governance, edited by Minoru Kawakita and Takeshi Hamashita, Yamakawa Publishing Co., 2000; 4) Introduction of Okinawa: A Conception of Maritime Network of Asia, Chikuma Shobo, 2000.
 - Current research topics:
 - (1) Comparison of home remittances and investment between overseas Indians and overseas Chinese, 18th–20th century

- (2) Comparison of financial crises of Asia between the 1930s and 1990s
- (3) Business network of Chaozhou merchants in Thailand. This is a part of the Core University Project
- 4. (1) Associate Professor, Faculty of Economies, Hitotsubashi University, 1981
 - (2) Associate Professor, Institute of Oriental Culture, University of Tokyo, 1982
 - (3) Professor, Institute of Oriental Culture, University of Tokyo, 1988-1999
- 5. (1) Guangdong merchant network in East and Southeast Asia, 1995-present
 - (2) Hong Kong financial market and South-China after financial crisis in Southeast Asia, July 1997present
- (1) A History of the Japanese Silver Yen and the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, 1871–1913. In Eastern Banking: Essays in the History of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, ed. by Frank H. H. King. London: The Athlone Press, 1983
 - (2) Foreign Trade Finance in China, 1810-50. In State and Society in China: Japanese Perspectives on Ming-Qing Social and Economic History, ed. by L. Grove and C. Daniels. University of Tokyo Press, 1984
 - (3) Contemporary China and the Study of Modern History: Towards an Understanding of Chinese Society. Acta Asiatica (Toho Gakkai) 62, 1992
 - (4) Overseas Chinese Remittance and Asian Banking History. In *Pacific Banking, 1859–1959*, ed. by Olive Checkland. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1994
 - (5) The Tribute Trade System and Modern Asia. In *Japanese Industrialization and the Asian Economy*, ed. by A. J. H. Latham. London: Routledge, 1994
 - (6) The Future of Northeast Asia: Southeast Asia? In Rediscovering Russia in Asia: Siberia and the Russian Far East, ed. by Stephen Kotkin and David Wolff. New York: M. E. Sharpe, 1995
 - (7) The Intra-regional System in East Asia in Modern Times. In *Network Power, Japan and Asia*, ed. by Peter J. Katzenstein. Ithaca and London: Cornell University Press, 1997
 - (8) Tea Trade of China 14-20C (in Japanese). In Oriental Tea, ed. by T. Takahashi. Tanko-sha, 2000
 - (9) History of Maritime Asia from East Asia's Perspective (in Japanese). In *History of Maritime Asia* Vol. 1, *Paradigm of Maritime Sea*, ed. by K. Omoto, T. Hamashita, Y. Murai and H. Yajima. Iwanami, 2000
 - (10) Geopolitics: History of Governance of Land and Sea (in Japanese). In World History of Regions Vol. 11, Regional History of Governance, ed. by M. Kawakita and T. Hamashita. Yamakawa Publishing Co., 2000
 - (11) Okinawa Nyumon: Ajia o Tsunagu Kaiiki Koso (Introduction of Okinawa: A Conception of Maritime Network of Asia). Chikuma Shobo, 2000

HAYASHI Yukio

- 1. (1) B. A. in Sociology, Ryukoku University, 1979
 - (2) M. A. in Sociology, Ryukoku University, 1981
 - (3) Ph. D. in Anthropology, Kyoto University, 2001
- 2. Professor of Cultural Anthropology; Sociology of Religion
- 3. My past research dealt with religious practices and socio-cultural change in the Theravada Buddhist cultures of mainland Southeast Asia. In the 1980s, I conducted both intensive and extensive field surveys in northeast Thailand. But since the 1990s I have extended the scope of the research sites to include neighboring countries such as the Lao P. D. R., Cambodia, and Xishuangbanna of southwestern China. These empirical studies have allowed me to formulate my research theme as two interrelated topics: 1) a comparative study of religion and society in Theravada Buddhist cultures; and 2) inter-ethnic rela-

tions in the making of mainland Southeast Asia. The former aims to elucidate the salient features of practices among the Theravadins in each region. The latter, rooted in my field experience, aims to gather ethnographical data in each region and analyze them from a comparative and regional perspective in order to clarify the dynamics of peasant societies in the localities.

In the past four years, I have embarked on the writing of descriptive works in both Japanese and English based on my research findings, including my first monograph on practical Buddhism among the Thai-Lao. I have also organized some seminars and international workshops in Japan, Thailand, China and Lao P. D. R. to promote the exchange of the related ethnographical data between and among other specialists from various countries. The proceedings and products of these successful conferences have been published in English with abstracts in the respective language of the place where the meeting was held. I hope that this kind of inter-regional project, which has broadened my perspective in the course of individual study, will yield a series of undertakings which will further encourage the sharing of substantial data as well as the construction of academic networks among Southeast Asianists.

Current research topics:

Both following topics seek a new paradigm to describe socio-cultural development in the history of the region:

- (1) Religion and society in Theravada Buddhist cultures
- (2) Inter-ethnic relations in the making of regions of mainland Southeast Asia
- 4. (1) Research Associate, Research Department, National Museum of Ethnology, April 1988
 - (2) Joined CSEAS as Associate Professor in July 1993
 - (3) Professor, October 2002
- 5. (1) Field work on the religion and village structure in Northeast Thailand, 1981-83
 - (2) Research on the migration and Lao village histories in Northeast Thailand, 1984-85
 - (3) Research on the material culture in rural Thailand, 1987
 - (4) Field works on the comparative study of Theravada Buddhist cultures in Burma, southern China, Laos and Thailand, 1989–90
 - (5) Research on the religion and ethnicity in southern Laos, 1991-92
 - (6) Research on the renewal of Buddhist tradition in Cambodia, 1993-94
 - (7) Research on the inter-ethnic relations in mainland Southeast Asia, 1995–2000
 - (8) Research on the comparative study of Theravada Buddhist cultures, 2000-
- 6. (1) Mo Tham and "Magical Buddhism" in Northeast Thailand (in Japanese). Ajia Keizai (Journal of Institute of Developing Economies) 25(10), 1984
 - (2) Notes on the Religious Status of Women in Buddhist Thailand (in Japanese). Ryukoku Daigaku Shakaigaku Ronshu (Sociological Review of Ryukoku University) 7, 1986
 - (3) The Establishment of Forest Temple (Wat Pa) in a Northeastern Thai Village (in Japanese). Ryukoku Daigaku Shakaigaku Ronshu (Sociological Review of Ryukoku University) 8, 1987
 - (4) The Reciprocal Help and the Sharing of Merit in a Thai-Lao Village: An Anthropological Study of Theravada Buddhism in Thailand (in Japanese). Soshioroji (Journal of Sociology, Kyoto University) 105, 1989
 - (5) The Making of the Power of "Thamma": Mo Tham and Thai Buddhism in the History of Thai-Lao Peasants (in Japanese). Kokuritsu Minzokugaku Hakubutsukan Kenkyu Hokoku (Bulletin of the National Museum of Ethnology) 14(1), 1989
 - (6) The Structure and Change in Village Religion (in Japanese). In *Donden-Mura no Dento Kozo to Sono Henyo* (Don Daeng Village: Its Tradition and Transformation), ed. by M. Kuchiba. Sobunsha, 1990

- (7) "King," Merit and Development: Modern Thai Kingship and Buddhism (in Japanese). In Oken no Iso (The Aspects of Kingship), ed. by M. Matsubara. Kobundo, 1991
- (8) The Growth of Inward Practice: The Logic and Society in Contemporary Theravada Buddhism (in Japanese). In *Tonan Ajia no Bunka* (Cultures of Southeast Asia, Vol. V, Southeast Asian Studies Series), ed. by N. Maeda. Kobundo, 1991
- (9) Ethnography on Buddhist Riturals (in Japanese). In Bukkyo no Juyo to Henyo: Tonan Ajia (Buddhism Transformed: Southeast Asia), ed. by Y. Ishii. Kosei Shuppansha, 1991
- (10) The Transformation of Thai-Lao Society and a New Buddhist Movement in Northeast Thailand (in Japanese). In *Jissen Shukyo no Jinruigaku: Jozabu Bukkyo no Sekai* (Anthropology of Practical Religion: The World of Theravada Buddhism), ed. by S. Tanabe. Kyoto University Press, 1993
- (11) The Formation and Transformation of Forest: Notes on Socio-Historical Analysis of Religious Representation in Northeast Thailand (in Japanese). In Noko no Gijutsu to Bunka (Technology and Culture in Agriculture), ed. by K. Sasaki. Shueisha, 1993
- (12) Notes on the Inter-Ethnic Relation in History: With Special Reference to Mon-Khmer Peoples in Southern Laos. In *Chonklum Chattiphan nai aeng Sakon Nakhon*, ed. by Surat Wonrangrat. Ratchaphat Institute of Sakon Nakhon, 1995
- (13) Another "Forest" for the Dead and Spirits: Notes on the Representation of Forest among the Lao and Mon-Khmer Speaking Peoples in Lao P. D. R. (in Japanese). SEAS 35(3), 1997
- (14) Buddhist Practices in Contemporary Cambodia: The Renewal of Organizations and Temples (in Japanese). In Cambodia: Dynamics of Society and Culture, ed. by T. Ohashi. Kokin Shoin, 1998
- (15) Differentiation and Involution of Ethno-Regional Lao Identity in Northeast Thailand and Lao P. D. R. In *Inter-Ethnic Relations in the Making of Mainland Southeast Asia* Vol. 1, ed. by Y. Hayashi. Bangkok: Kyoto University Bangkok Office, 1998
- (16) Spells and Boundaries: Wisa and Thamma among the Thai-Lao in Northeast Thailand. In Dynamics of Ethnic Cultures across National Boundaries in Southwestern China and Mainland Southeast Asia: Relations, Societies, and Languages, ed. by Y. Hayashi and Yang Guangyuan. Chiang Mai: Ming Muang Printing House, 2000
- (17) Weaving in the Region: Silk Textile among the Thai-Lao in Northeast Thailand. In *Handicrafts and Industrial Development in Southeast Asia*, ed. by T. Sekimoto. Tokyo: Institute of Oriental Culture, University of Tokyo, 2000
- (18) Buddhism behind Official Organizations: Notes on Theravada Buddhist Practice in Comparative Perspective. In *Inter-Ethnic Relations in the Making of Mainland Southeast Asia and Southwestern China*, ed. by Y. Hayashi and Aroonrut Wichienkeeo. Bangkok: Amarin Printing and Publishing, 2002
- (19) Practical Buddhism among the Thai-Lao: Religion in the Making of a Region. Melbourne: Trans Pacific Press; Kyoto: Kyoto University Press, 2003
- (20) Reconfiguration of Village Guardian Spirit among the Thai-Lao in Northeast Thailand. In Founders' Cults in Southeast Asia: Ancestors, Polity, and Identity, ed. by N. Tannenbaum and C. A. Kammerer. New Haven: Yale University Southeast Asia Studies, 2003

ISHIKAWA Noboru

- 1. (1) B. A. in Social Anthropology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, 1985
 - (2) Ph. D. in Anthropology, City University of New York, 1998
- 2. Associate Professor of Social Anthropology
- 3. As a social anthropologist by training, I have maintained an interest in political economy and human-

environment relationships in insular Southeast Asia with a strong commitment to elucidate locally specific histories for better understanding of social forces shaping the region. I have focused on the material bases of socio-cultural configurations in maritime Southeast Asia, analyzing them in both their local and global contexts as well as exploring the interaction between the two. Combining historical and ethnographic approaches, I have been working toward a synthesis of political-economic perspectives with insights provided by interdisciplinary research on the Malay world and on present-day Malaysia and Indonesia, with special focus on the role of cultural interpretations in the reproduction and maintenance of power, and on identity politics, including nation- and state-making, ethnogenesis, socio-cultural dislocation, and the mobilization of social labor.

Current research topics:

- (1) Political economy of the Malay maritime world
- (2) Historical ethnography
- 4. Joined CSEAS in December 1994
- 5. (1) Long-term fieldwork in the borderlands between Sarawak (Malaysia) and West Kalimantan (Indonesia), 1990-present
 - (2) Research on the flow of commodity and labor from Indonesian Kalimantan to Sarawak, Malaysia, 1998-present
 - (3) Archival research on the inter-colonial cooperation during the 1920s and 1930s
- (1) Sweetness and Power: The Place of Sugar in Modern History (Sidney Mintz) (in Japanese). Minzokugaku Kenkyu (Japanese Journal of Ethnology) 54(4), 1989
 - (2) The Possibility of Descent Theory in Bornean Kinship Study (in Japanese). Shakai Jinruigaku Nempo (Annual Review of Social Anthropology) 16, 1990
 - (3) Theory and Ethnography: Highland Burma and Anthropologies 1954–1983 (in Japanese). *Minzoku-gaku Kenkyu* (Japanese Journal of Ethnology) 57(1), 1992
 - (4) The Frontier of Circular Labor Migration and Community Studies (in Japanese). Minzokugaku Kenkyu (Japanese Journal of Ethnology) 58(1), 1993
 - (5) Ethnicity in the Making: Who Is the Sarawak Malay? (in Japanese). In *Minzoku no Seisei to Ronri* (The Logic of Ethnic Formation, Iwanami Bunkajinruigaku Koza Vol. 5), ed. by M. Uchibori. Tokyo: Iwanami Shoten, 1997
 - (6) Rubber Boom and Peasants on the Border: A Case from Western Borneo (in Japanese). Minzoku-gaku Kenkyu (Japanese Journal of Ethnology) 61(4), 1997
 - (7) A Benevolent Protector or Failed Exploiter? Local Response to Agro-economic Policies under the Second White Rajah, Charles Brooke (1871–1917) of Sarawak. In Japanese Anthropologists, Malaysian Society: Contribution to Malaysian Ethnography, ed. by Shamsul A. B. and T. Uesugi. National Museum of Ethnology, 1998
 - (8) Between Frontiers: The Formation and Marginalization of a Borderland Malay Community in Southwestern Sarawak, Malaysia, 1870s-1990s. Ph. D. Thesis, Graduate School and University Center, City University of New York, 1998
 - (9) The Social History of Coconuts in Sematan, Southwestern Sarawak. *The Sarawak Museum Journal* 54(75), 1999
- (10) The Inscription of Space: The Formation of State Territory in Southwestern Borneo (in Japanese). In *Theories on the Formation of Area*, ed. by Y. Tsubouchi. Kyoto University Press, 2000
- (11) Cultural Borderland and Economic Borderland: A Report from Southwestern Sarawak (in Japanese). In *Economy as Culture*, ed. by J. Kawada. Tokyo: Yamakawa Shuppan, 2001
- (12) Human Migration and Exploitation of Forest Resource in the Kemena Basin Society, Northern

- Sarawak, Malaysia (in Japanese). In Area Studies: Conservation and Destruction of Environments, ed. by H. Furukawa. Project Report for the Japanese Ministry of Education, 2001
- (13) Labor Management in the Late Colonial British North Borneo: With Special Reference to Dutch/British Inter-Colonial Cooperation (in Japanese). In *Human Migration and Culture in Sabah, East Malaysia*, ed. by M. Koji. Project Report for the Japanese Ministry of Education, 2001
- (14) The Genesis of Nation Space in the Borderland: A Case from Southwestern Sarawak, 1871–1917. Paper presented at Simposium Internasional II Jurnal Antropologi Indonesia "Globalisasi dan Kebudayaan Lokal: Suatu Dialektika Menuju Indonesia Baru," Padang, Indonesia, 18–21 July 2001, 2001
- (15) Event and Structure: Memory and History of the Independent Movement of Sarawak (1963) (in Japanese). In *Ethnic Movement and Leaders*, ed. by E. Kuroda. Tokyo: Yamakawa, 2002
- (16) The Sarawak Malay Studies: A New Agenda and Lessons from the Past. In Nusantara Studies Workshop on the State of the Art. Institute of East Asian Studies, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak, forthcoming

Caroline Sy HAU

- 1. (1) B. A. in English Studies, University of the Philippines, 1990
 - (2) M. A. in English Language and Literature, Cornell University, 1996
 - (3) Ph. D. in English Language and Literature, Cornell University, 1998
- 2. Associate Professor of Cultural Studies
- 3. In my recently published book, Necessary Fictions: Philippine Literature and the Nation, 1946–1980 (Ateneo de Manila University Press, Philippines, 2000), and in the anthology of Chinese-Filipino writing I edited, Intsik (Anvil Publishing, Philippines, 2000), I explored the intimate but fraught relationship between history and literature in the Philippines. In a number of articles published in Singapore, the Philippines, and the United States, I wrote on the cultural production of overseas Chinese in the Philippines and Southeast Asia, the theorizing of "Southeast Asia" and "Asia" as regional discourse, and the role of the intellectual in the national liberation struggle in the Third World.

I am now working concurrently on two book projects. One is a follow-up volume to my first book; this book takes the study of Philippine nationalist literature from the early 1980s to the present. The second book deals with the everyday life of the Chinese in the Philippines since the Second World War.

- (1) Overseas Chinese in Southeast Asia
- (2) Cultural production in the Philippines
- (3) Comparative colonialism and nationalism in Southeast Asia
- 4. (1) Instructor, University of the Philippines, 1990-93 (1993-98 on leave)
 - (2) Teaching Assistant, Cornell University, 1994-95
 - (3) Assistant Professor, University of the Philippines, 1998-99
 - (4) Associate Professor, CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1999 to date
- 5. (1) Kidnapping the Chinese in the Philippines, 1996
 - (2) Dissertation research on nationalism and literature in the Philippines, 1997
- (1) Dogeaters, Postmodernism, and the Worlding of the Philippines. In Philippine Post-Colonial Literary Studies: Essays on Language and Literature, ed. by Priscelina Patajo Legasto and Cristina Pantoja Hidalgo. Quezon City: University of the Philippines Press, 1993
 - (2) Hierarchy and Hybridity in Homi Bhabha's "Signs Taken for Wonders." In Critical Forum, ed. by

- Jaime Biron Polo. Manila: National Commission for Culture and the Arts, 1995
- (3) Alterities of Rupture in Octavia E. Butler's Kindred. Journal of English and Comparative Literature 4(2), 1996
- (4) The Best of Tulay: An Anthology of Chinese Filipino Writing in English, Tagalog and Chinese (co-edited with Teresita Ang See and Joaquin Sy). Manila: Kaisa Para sa Kaunlaran, Inc., 1997
- (5) Kidnapping, Citizenship, and the Chinese. Public Policy 1(1), 1997
- (6) All the Conspirators by Carlos Bulosan (ed.). Pasig: Anvil Publishing, Inc., 1998
- (7) Literature, Nationalism, and the Problem of Consciousness. Diliman Review 46(3-4), 1998
- (8) Afterword to Intsik: An Anthology of Chinese Filipino Writing. In Filipiniana Reader: A Companion Anthology of Filipiniana Online, ed. by Priscelina Patajo Legasto. Quezon City: University of the Philippines Press, 1998
- (9) "Who Will Save Us from the Law?": The Criminal State and the Illegal Alien in Post-1986 Philippines. In Figures of Criminality in Indonesia, Vietnam, and the Philippines, ed. by Vicente L. Rafael. Ithaca: Cornell Southeast Asia Program, 1999
- (10) Clash of Spirits, Texts, and Histories. Public Policy 3(1), 2000
- (11) On Representing Others: Intellectuals, Pedagogy, and the Uses of Error. In *Reclaiming Identity:* Realist Theory and the Predicament of Postmodernism, ed. by Paula Moya and Michael Hames Garcia. Berkeley: University of California Press, 2000
- (12) Intsik: An Anthology of Chinese Filipino Writing (ed.). Pasig: Anvil Publishing, 2000
- (13) Necessary Fictions: Philippine Literature and the Nation, 1946–1980. Quezon City: Ateneo de Manila University Press, 2000
- (14) Philippine Literature: The Palette of Imagination and Creation (in Japanese). In *Gendai Firipin o Shirutame no 60 Sho* (Sixty Chapters on Contemporary Philippines), ed. by Takushi Ohno and Takefumi Terada. Tokyo: Akashi Shoten, 2001
- (15) Individual, Ethnic and National Identity in the Age of Globalization: The Case of the Ethnic Chinese in Southeast Asia (co-authored with Aileen Baviera). In *Going Global: Asian Societies on the Cusp of Change*, ed. by Armando Malay, Jr. Quezon City: The Asian Center, University of the Philippines, 2001
- (16) The Cultural and Linguistic Turns in the Writing of Philippine History. *Journal of Commonwealth and Post-colonial Literature* 7(2), (Fall 2000; actual publication year Summer 2002)
- (17) Philippine Literary Nationalism and the Engendering of the Revolutionary Body. In *Body Politics:* Essays on the Cultural Representation of Women's Bodies, ed. by Ma. Odine de Guzman. Quezon City: University of the Philippines Center for Women's Studies, 2002
- (18) The Question of Foreigners: Bai Ren's Nanyang Piaoliuji and the Re/making of Chinese and Philippine Nationness. In Southeast Asia over Three Generations: Essays Presented to Benedict R. O' G. Anderson, ed. by James T. Siegel and Audrey R. Kahin. Ithaca: Southeast Asia Program, Cornell University, 2003

HAYAMI Yoko

- 1. (1) B. A. in Liberal Arts, International Christian University, 1981
 - (2) M. A. in Anthropology, Brown University, 1983
 - (3) Ph. D. in Anthropology, Brown University, 1992
- 2. Associate Professor of Cultural Anthropology
- 3. Over the last 10 years, my research has gradually evolved and transformed itself due to changes in my own orientation, in the discipline of cultural anthropology and in the area I study. In the attempt to

bring questions deriving from changes in my discipline to the study of Southeast Asia in a meaningful way, my focus has widened both spatially and temporally. What began as a field-based research in a Karen community in the Northern Thai hills has extended to upland-lowland relationships in the wider national and trans-national contexts. More concretely, I have reconsidered some taken-forgranted oppositions between upland and lowland, Buddhist and non-Buddhist societies in the region, as well as dichotomous notions regarding family and gender, taking my research on the Karen people as a starting point. I have been conducting research on three major themes: 1) religion, and seeing the upland-lowland relationship through religion and changes thereof; 2) gender and ethnicity, wherein I question what it means to identify with a minority ethnic group and to be a woman; and 3) social aspects of environmental problems and the upland-lowland relationship.

In studying any of these topics, whether I am looking at social phenomena and transformation within the larger nation-state formation, colonization, or globalization, my common viewpoint is to look at the local experiences of such larger processes.

- (1) The historical development of ethnic relationships and mobility in mainland Southeast Asia, rethinking the upland-lowland axis
- (2) Family and gender among a minority ethnic group in the periphery under social changes
- (3) The process of change from ritual practice to the world religions by a minority ethnic group
- (4) Research in Myanmar to provide comparative data on the above topics, especially religion, family and gender
- 4. (1) Research Associate, CSEAS, 1996
 - (2) Research Associate, Graduate School of Asian and African Area Studies, 1998
 - (3) Associate Professor, CSEAS, 2000
- 5. The starting point of my fieldwork in the area was in Northern Thailand among Karen people with interest in ritual and religious practices. I have expanded from there in topic, area and timespan.
 - (1) Long-term fieldwork in a cluster of Karen villages on ritual and religion, April 1987–September 1989, and subsequently in 1990
 - (2) Karen relation to land and forest, and the recent discourse on "hill tribes," July 1996
 - (3) Research on changes in gender, motherhood and ethnicity, one month in 1997
 - (4) Urban mobility and women's changing lives, one month each in 1998, 1999
 - (5) Archival research on missionary work in nineteenth century Burma and twentieth century Thailand, March 2000 and February 2001
- (1) Women in Thailand: Thoughts on the Recent Anthropological Literature. Journal of Social Sciences (Bulletin of the Social Science Research Institute, International Christian University) 25(1), 1986
 - (2) Ritual and Religious Transformation among Sgaw Karen of Northern Thailand: Implications on Gender and Ethnic Identity. Ph. D. dissertation, Brown University, 1992
 - (3) Power in the Periphery and Socio-Religious Change among the Karen: From Nineteenth Century Burma to Thailand Today (in Japanese). *Journal of Japan Ethnological Society* 57(3), 1992
 - (4) Karen People in Red Skirts (in Japanese). Kikan-Minzokugaku 17(2), 1993
 - (5) To Be Karen and To Be Cool: Community, Morality and Identity among Sgaw Karen in Northern Thailand. *Cahier des Sciences Humaines* (Editions de l'Orstom: Paris) 29(4), 1993
 - (6) Buddhist Missionary Project in the Hills of Northern Thailand: A Case Study from a Cluster of Karen Villages (in Japanese). SEAS 32(2), 1994
 - (7) Order and Fertility, Men and Women among Karen (in Japanese). In Senren-to-Soya, ed. by

- Akitoshi Shimizu. The University of Tokyo Press, 1995
- (8) Karen Tradition According to Christ or Buddha: The Implications of Multiple Reinterpretations for a Minority Ethnic Group in Thailand. *Journal of Southeast Asian Studies* 27(2), 1996
- (9) Between Tradition and the State: Women and Ethnic Boundary among a Minority Ethnic Group in Northern Thailand. In Proceedings of the International Conference on Women in the Asia-Pacific Region: Persons, Powers and Politics. National University of Singapore, 1997
- (10) Internal and External Discourse of Communality, Tradition and Environment: Minority Claims on Forest in the Northern Hills of Thailand. SEAS 35(3), 1997
- (11) Motherhood Redefined: Women's Choices on Family Rituals and Reproduction in the Peripheries of Thailand. Sojourn 13(2), 1998
- (12) An Ethnography of "Ethnic Group" and Gender: Choices Made by Karen Women in Northern Thailand (in Japanese). SEAS 35(4), 1999
- (13) "Karen Living in Forests" and the Creation of Tradition (in Japanese). In *People and Forests in Asia*, ed. by Isamu Yamada. Showa-do, 1999
- (14) Women in the Peripheries: Karen in Northern Thailand (in Japanese). In Women and Social Change: Cultural Anthropology of Gender, ed. by Sachiko Kubota and Yuko Yagi. Nakanishi-ya, 1999
- (15) Land Rights among Karen in Thai National Territory: The Construction of Communality and Tradition (in Japanese). In *The Political History of Land Ownership: Anthropological Perspectives*, ed. by Takashi Sugishima. Fukyo-sha, 1999
- (16) "He's Really a Karen": Articulation of Ethnic and Gender Relationship in a Regional Context. In Dynamics of Ethnic Cultures across National Boundaries in Southwestern China and Mainland Southeast Asia: Relations, Societies, and Languages, ed. by Yukio Hayashi and Yang Guangyuan. Ming Muang Printing House, March 2000
- (17) Challenges to Community Rights in the Hill Forests: State Policy and Local Contradictions. A Karen Case. Tai Culture: International Review on Tai Cultural Studies 5(2), 2000
- (18) At the Crossroads of Difference: Interethnic Marriage in the Northern Thai Hills (in Japanese). JCAS Review 3(2), 2000
- (19) Within and Beyond the Boundaries: Anthropological Studies on Mainland Southeast Asia by Japanese Scholars. Japanese Review of Cultural Anthropology Vol. 2, 2001
- (20) Gender and Modernity in the Asia and Pacific (co-edited with Akio Tanabe and Yumiko Tokita). Kyoto University Press, 2003 (two articles included "Reorganization and Traversing of Space: Modernity and Gender in the Peripheries of Thailand" "Epilogue")

SADAYOSHI Yasushi

- (1) B. A. in Modern History, Kyoto University, 1986
 (2) M. A. in Human-Environmental Studies, Kyoto University, 1995
- 2. Visiting Associate Professor of Modern Histories of Southeast Asia, April 2003-March 2004
- 3. Up to 1996, I devoted most of my research to the historical relationship between Indonesian politics and the political thoughts and movements of Indonesia-born Chinese (Peranakan) intellectuals. Articles (1), (2) and (3) below are from this period of work. After carrying out fieldwork in Semarang, the capital city of Central Java, in 1996–98, I have been analyzing socio-cultural aspects of Chinese communities there which have experienced three decades of political pressure to assimilate under the Soeharto regime. Articles (4), (5), (6) and (7) belong to this category of work. Additionally, I have set about reconstructing life histories of Indonesian Chinese individuals and families based on oral histories. Article (8) is a recent case study of this kind.

Current research topic:

Modern histories of Southeast Asia, especially Indonesia

- 4. (1) Staff of Sumitomo Forestry Co. Ltd., April 1986-April 1989
 - (2) Junior Research Fellow of CSEAS, Kyoto University, April 1998-March 1999
 - (3) Lecturer, Kobe University, April 1999
 - (4) Associate Professor, Kobe University, April 2001-present
- 5. (1) Modern history of Indonesian Chinese, 1991–93 (Daiwa Bank Foundation for Asia and Oceania Grant)
 - (2) Transformation of Chinese communities in a Javanese town under the Suharto regime, 1995–97 (Monbusho's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research)
- 6. (1) Where an Indonesia-oriented Chinese Reached: A Political Biography of Ko Kwat Tiong (1896–1970) (in Japanese). *Nampo Bunka*, No. 20, 1993
 - (2) The 1960 Assimilation Controversy of Indonesian Chinese: Patterns of the Peranakan Thought (in Japanese). Nampo Bunka, No. 22, 1995
 - (3) The Authorization of Chinese-Assimilationism in Indonesia: Peranakan's Orientations and the Politics (in Japanese). Tonan Ajia: Rekishi to Bunka (Southeast Asia: History and Culture), No. 25, 1996
 - (4) Maintenance and Reproduction of "Chinese" Category in Indonesia: Some Observations in Semarang at the Late Suharto Era (in Japanese). Cross-Cultural Studies Review (Kobe University), No. 2, 2000
 - (5) Diaspora and Locality: Crossing Aspects Observed at Cheng-Ho Festival of Semarang, Central Java (in Japanese). In Kinjo-zukiai no Fukei (Landscape of Neighborhood Associations), ed. by K. Fukui. Showado, 2000
 - (6) Statistic Profiles of Javan Chinese: Socio-cultural Aspects of 200 Persons. *Cross-Cultural Studies Review* (Kobe University), No. 7, 2002
 - (7) How to Discern a "Chinese" in Java: After Three Decades of Assimilation Policy. In Socio-cultural Change in Southeast Asia (Report for Monbusho's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research No. 11691077), ed. by T. Kato. 2002
 - (8) Life History of an Indonesian Chinese Woman: The Case of Ma Nio (1) (in Japanese). Kindai (Kobe University), No. 91, 2003

Division of Economics and Politics

SHIRAISHI Takashi

- 1. (1) B. A. in International Relations, The University of Tokyo, 1972
 - (2) M. A. in International Relations, The University of Tokyo, 1974
 - (3) Ph. D. in History, Cornell University, 1986
- 2. Professor of History and Asian Studies
- 3. I have worked on East Asian regionalization, the military and politics in Indonesia, and comparative state formations in Southeast Asia. Recent publications on the questions include: *Umi no Teikoku* (literally "maritime empires," meant to discuss the making of East Asia) (Tokyo: Chuokoron, 2000), awarded Yomiuri Yoshino-Sakuzo Award in 2000; "Current Data on the Indonesian Military Elite: January 1, 1999–January 31, 2001" (*Indonesia*, No. 71, April 2001); *Hantu Digul* (literally Phantoms of Digul) (Yogyakarta: LKiS, 2001).

I am currently working on two questions simultaneously for book length projects. One is the social, political and cultural significance of the rise of the middle class as a social formation in East

Asia in the past 15 years; the other is the question of the Comintern Network headquartered in Shanghai, in the form of the Comintern Far Eastern Bureau, which involved such people as Hilaire Noullens, Richard Zorge, Ho Chi Minh, Tan Malaka, and Le Franc.

Current research topics:

- (1) The middle class in East Asia
- (2) The Comintern Far Eastern Bureau
- 4. (1) Research Associate, Institute of Oriental Culture, University of Tokyo, 1975-79
 - (2) Associate Professor, University of Tokyo, 1979-87; Cornell University, 1987-96
 - (3) Professor, Cornell University, 1996; CSEAS, Kyoto University, 1996-present
- 5. (1) Comparative village politics in the Philippines and Java, 1979
 - (2) A Study of modern popular politics in Indonesia, 1983-84
 - (3) Policing Indonesian politics in Java, 1990-91
- (1) The Military in Thailand, Burma and Indonesia. In Asian Political Institutionalization, ed. by Robert A. Scalapino, Seizaburo Sato, and Jusuf Wanandi. Berkeley: Institute of East Asian Studies, University of California, 1986
 - (2) Reading Pramoedya Ananta Toer's Sang Pemula (The Pioneer). Indonesia, No. 44, 1987
 - (3) An Age in Motion: Popular Radicalism in Java 1912-1926. Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1990
 - (4) Dangir's Testimony: Saminism Reconsidered. Indonesia, No. 50, 1990
 - (5) Reading Southeast Asia (ed.). Translation of Contemporary Japanese Scholarship on Southeast Asia, Vol. 1. Ithaca: Cornell Southeast Asia Program, 1990
 - (6) Indoneshia: Kokka to Seiji (Indonesia: Government and Politics). Tokyo: Libroport, 1992
 - (7) Current Data on the Indonesian Military Elite (co-authored with Benedict Anderson). *Indonesia*, No. 53, 1992; No. 55, 1993; No. 56, 1993; No. 58, 1994; No. 59, 1995; No. 60, 1995
 - (8) Indochina in the 1940s and 1950s (co-edited with Motoo Furuta). Translation of Contemporary Japanese Scholarship on Southeast Asia, Vol. 2. Ithaca: Cornell Southeast Asia Program, 1992
 - (9) Japanese in Colonial Southeast Asia (co-edited with Saya Shiraishi). Translation of Contemporary Japanese Scholarship on Southeast Asia, Vol. 3. Ithaca: Cornell Southeast Asia Program, 1993
 - (10) Approaching Suharto's Indonesia from the Margins (ed.). Translation of Contemporary Japanese Scholarship on Southeast Asia, Vol. 4. Ithaca: Cornell Southeast Asia Program, 1995
 - (11) The Phantom World of Digoel. Indonesia, No. 61, 1996
 - (12) Network Power: Japan and Asia (co-edited with Peter Katzenstein). Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1997
 - (13) Sukaruno to Suharuto (Sukarno and Suharto). Tokyo: Iwanami Shoten, 1997
 - (14) Hokai (The Collapse). Tokyo: NTT Publications, 1999
 - (15) Umi no Teikoku (The Making of the Region). Tokyo: Chuokoron, 2000
 - (16) Current Data on the Indonesian Military Elite: January 1, 1999–January 31, 2001. *Indonesia*, No. 71, 2001
 - (17) Hantu Digul (Phantoms of Digul). Yogyakarta: LKiS, 2001

MIZUNO Kosuke

- 1. (1) B. A. in Economics, Kyoto University, 1978
 - (2) D. Agr. in Agricultural Economics, Kyoto University, 1994
- 2. Professor of Development Studies (Development Economics)
- 3. I have studied land, labor, and capital using a market approach mixed with institutional and historical approaches in order to clarify the characteristics and development of the Indonesian economy. The

role of the community, of people's organizations, and of social capital have been emphasized in my research. As case studies, I have focused on the non-farm sector and rural industry, especially organizations and networks developed by local inhabitants, as in my Community-Based Industry in Indonesia: What Is a Path to the Recovery of Asian Economies? (Kyoto University Press, 1999). This study clarified the characteristics of community-based industry, which is the main form of small-scale industry in Indonesia. One finding is that "regional units like neighboring households, neighboring organizations, hamlets, and administrative villages have formed a social basis to some extent for the development of economic networks of the people who participated in the community-based industries."

My edited volume, Economic Development and Land Systems in South-East Asia (IDE, 1997), presented the weakness of land rights of rural peoples in relation to the state. My edited volume on labor, Rural Employment in Southeast Asia (IDE, 1995), presented employment concepts to analyze the non-farm sector in rural Southeast Asia. Studies on rural industrialization, published in Rural Industrialization in Indonesia: A Case Study of Community-Based Weaving Industry in West Java (IDE, 1996), showed that rural industry and the non-firm sector improved income distribution among rural peoples, but did not change the income distribution hierarchy.

- (1) Labor unions and industrial relations since the fall of Soeharto in a democratizing Indonesian economy
- (2) Community-based development and people's organizations in Indonesia
- 4. (1) Research Staff, Institute of Developing Economies, 1978-96
 - (2) Visiting Research Fellow, Center for Development Studies, Bogor Agricultural University, 1984-86
 - (3) Visiting Lecturer in Development Economics, Graduate Program in Development Studies, Bandung Institute of Technology, 1994
 - (4) Joined CSEAS as Associate Professor in April 1996
 - (5) Professor, April 2003
- (1) Research on the development of medium-scale, small-scale and micro enterprises and the role of rural nonfarm sector in the process of economic development in Indonesia, July 1984—October 1986
 - (2) Joined the research project on nonfarm sector in rural West Java, 1989-91
 - (3) Joined the research project on genealogical study on rural economic history in Central Java, 1990–92
 - (4) Joined the research project on handicrafts and industrial development in Indonesia, 1997-present
 - (5) Joined the research project on socio-economic studies on sustainable development in rural Indonesia, 1998-present
 - (6) Joined the research project on anthropological study on Indonesia in transition, 2001-present
 - (7) Joined the research project on safety net in Southeast Asian-focusing on aging, 2002-present
 - (8) Joined the research project on local politics in Indonesia, 2002-present
- (1) Land Ownership Right and Basic Agrarian Law of 1960 in Indonesia: Land Tenure System in Indonesia and Its Issues (in Japanese). Kokusai Noringyo Kyoryoku (International Cooperation of Agricultural and Forestry) 10(4), 1988
 - (2) Perspektif Peranan Industri Bahan Bangunan Dalam Industrialisasi Pedesaan. In Industrialisasi Pedesaan, Dilengkapi Dengan Memorandum Bersama Tentang Industrialisasi Pedesaan, ed. by Sayogyo and M. Tambunan. Jakarta: Pusat Studi Pembangunan-Institut Pertanian Bogor and Ikatan Sarjana Ekonomi Indonesia, 1990
 - (3) Right of Land Ownership and Documents to Certify Its Right in Rural West Java (in Japanese). In

- Tonan-Ajia no Tochi Seido to Nogyo Henka (Land Tenure and Agricultural Change in Southeast Asia), ed. by H. Umehara. Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1991
- (4) Off-farm Sector on Rural Java in Changes of Indonesian Economy: The Case of Community-Based Industry's Development. In *Development Strategies for the 21st Century*, ed. by T. Iwasaki et al. Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1992
- (5) Labor Issues and Labor Policies under the Deregulation Policies in Indonesia: Focused on Formal Sector in the Latter Half of 1980s (in Japanese). *Ajia Keizai* (Asian Economies) 33(5), 1992
- (6) Labor Protection for Rural Originated Female Labors in Indonesia: Cases in Highly Growing Export Industry and Labor Export to Middle East (in Japanese). *Ajia Keizai* (Asian Economies) 33(6), 1992
- (7) Tonan-Ajia Noson Kaiso no Hendo (Agrarian Differentiation in Southeast Asia) (co-edited with H. Umehara). Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1993
- (8) Labor Migration and Rural Differentiation in West Java: The Case Study at a Rural Industry's Village in Priangan Highland (in Japanese). *Ajia Kenkyu* (Asian Studies) 39(3), 1993
- (9) Development of a Pribumi-owned Small-scale Weaving Industry in Rural Indonesia: Petty Commodity Production in Community-based Industry in Majalaya, West Java (in Japanese). SEAS 31(3), 1993
- (10) Chubu Jawa Noson no Keizai Hen'yo: Chomaru-gun no 85nen (Economic Change in Rural Central Java: 85 Years of Comal District) (co-authored with H. Kano and M. Tanaka). University of Tokyo Press, 1994
- (11) Tonan-Ajia Noson no Shugyo Kozo (Rural Employment in Southeast Asia) (ed.). Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1995
- (12) Perubahan Sektor Ekonomi Nonpertanian dan Perpindahan Tenaga Kerja di Desa Karang Tengah dan Desa Pesantren. In Di Bawah Asap Pabrik Gula, Masyarakat Desa di Pesisir Jawa Sepanjang Abad Ke-20, ed. by H. Kano, F. Hüsken and D. Surjo. Yogyakarta: AKATIGA and Gadjah Mada University Press. 1996
- (13) Rural Industrialization in Indonesia: A Case Study of Community-Based Weaving Industry in West Java. Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1996
- (14) Tonan Ajia no Keizaikaihatsu to Tochiseido (Economic Development and Land Systems in South-East Asia) (co-edited with S. Shigetomi). Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1997
- (15) Indoneshia no Jiba Sangyo: Ajia Keizai Saisei no Michi towa Nanika (Community-Based Industry in Indonesia: What Is a Path to the Recovery of Asian Economies?). Kyoto University Press, 1999
- (16) Characteristics of the Off-farm Sector and Labor Movements in Karang Tengah and Pesantren Villages, 1904–1990. In Beneath the Smoke of Sugar Mill, Coastal Communities during the Twentieth Century, ed. by Hiroyoshi Kano, Frans Fusken, and Djoko Suryo. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press, AKATIGA Foundation, 2001
- (17) Indonesian Economy and IMF/World Bank, Structural Adjustment, Democratization and Age of Bottom-up Development (in Japanese). *The Political Economy and Economic History* 175, 2002
- (18) Globalization and Trade Union Policy as well as Trade Unions in Indonesia, with Reference to Types of Capital Transfer and the Theory of Deyo (in Japanese). Journal of the Study on Social Policy 8, 2002
- (19) Economic Crisis and Social Safety Net Programs at an Up-land Village in West Java. In Sustainable Agriculture in Rural Indonesia, ed. by Yoshihiro Hayashi, Syafrida Manuwoto and Slamet Hartono. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press, 2003
- (20) Industrial Conflict Resolution System and a Case Study on Industrial Conflict Resolution in Indonesia: Industrial Conflict Resolution Based on the Principle of Musyawarah (in Japanese). Ajia

Keizai (Asian Economies) 44(5/6), 2003

FUJITA Koichi

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Agricultural Economics, The University of Tokyo, 1982
 - (2) M. Sc. in Agricultural Economics, The University of Tokyo, 1986
 - (3) D. Agr. in Agricultural Economics, The University of Tokyo, 1992
- 2. Associate Professor of Rural Development
- 3. There have been three stages in the progress of my research to date. The first, from 1984 when I started research as a master course student until March 1992 when I began a long-term stay in Bangladesh, was research on agriculture and rural economy, mainly of Bangladesh. This research was based on econometric analysis of statistics and theory, as well as a review of existing literature. My main publication in this period was a book entitled *An Introductory Analysis of Bangladesh Agriculture* (in Japanese), published by the National Research Institute of Agricultural Economics in February 1993, based on my doctoral thesis submitted to The University of Tokyo.

The research in the second period was based mainly on field surveys of several Bangladesh villages during my long-term stay there from March 1992 to March 1994 and subsequent short-term stays. This research period lasted until October 1998, when I moved to CSEAS, Kyoto University. One major theme was economic analysis of tubewell irrigation and irrigated agriculture; another was an analysis of Bangladesh's rural credit market, including an evaluation of the micro-credit programs.

The third research period dates from my joining CSEAS in October 1998 until today. It can be characterized by 1) the gradual establishment of a methodology for rural studies based on fieldwork, and 2) the expansion of my research field into India (West Bengal), Laos, and Myanmar. In this process, I recognize not only the vital importance of rural social organization and local government institutions for rural development, but also the difference between South Asia and Southeast Asia in these respects. Now my endeavors are directed to fully establishing my own research style as well as the research itself.

- (1) Agricultural and rural economy and policies in Myanmar
- (2) Efficiency and distributional implications of minor (tubewell) irrigation in Bangladesh and West Bengal
- 4. (1) Research Fellow, National Research Institute of Agricultural Economics, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, April 1986
 - (2) Associate Professor, Department of Agricultural Economics, Faculty of Agriculture, The University of Tokyo, August 1995
 - (3) Joined CSEAS as Associate Professor in October 1998
- 5. (1) Research on agricultural and rural economy in Bangladesh and other South and Southeast Asian countries, April 1986-March 1992
 - (2) Research on rural development experiment in Bangladesh, March 1992-March 1994
 - (3) Research on rural finance and irrigation economy in Bangladesh and other South and Southeast Asian countries, March 1994–September 1998
 - (4) Research on agricultural and rural economy in Myanmar and other South and Southeast Asian countries, October 1998 to date
- 6. (1) Agricultural Development in Bangladesh (in Japanese). Ajia Keizai (Asian Economies) 27(12), 1986
 - (2) Credit to the Rural Landless Poor: A Study on Grameen Bank in Bangladesh (in Japanese). Ajia

- Keizai (Asian Economies) 31(6/7), 1990
- (3) Banguradeshu Nogyo Hattenron Josetsu: Gijutsu Sentaku ni Oyobosu Nogyo Kozo no Eikyo o Chushin ni (Agricultural Development in Bangladesh: With Special Reference to Productivity Implications of Agrarian Structure). Monograph Series No. 114, National Research Institute of Agricultural Economics, 1993
- (4) Strengthening Rural Public Functions: A New Strategy for Bangladesh Rural Development (in Japanese). SEAS 33(1), 1995
- (5) Role of the Groundwater Market in Agricultural Development and Income Distribution: A Case Study in a Northwest Bangladesh Village (co-authored with F. Hossain). Developing Economies 33(4), 1995
- (6) Shokibo Noson Infura Jigyo ni Miru Gyosei to Sonraku: Banguradeshu niokeru Jirei Kenkyu (Local Administration and Village Community: A Study on Rural Infrastructure Development in Bangladesh)(co-authored with K. Itagaki). Tokyo: Institute of Developing Economies, 1998
- (7) An Economic Study on Irrigated Summer Rice Production in Myanmar: The Case of a Village near Yangon (in Japanese, co-authored with I. Okamoto). SEAS 38(1), 2000
- (8) Credit Flowing from the Poor to the Rich: The Financial Market and the Role of the Grameen Bank in Rural Bangladesh. *Developing Economies* 38(3), 2000
- (9) Transformation of Groundwater Market in Bangladesh in the 1990s: Inefficient Market and Implications to Income Distribution (in Japanese). *Ajia Keizai* (Asian Economies) 42(6), 2001
- (10) Groundwater Market and Agricultural Development in West Bengal: Perspectives from a Village Study (co-authored with A. Kundu and W. M. H. Jaim). Japanese Journal of Rural Economics 5, 2003

Patricio Nunez ABINALES

- 1. (1) B. A. in History, University of the Philippines, 1978
 - (2) M. A. in Department of Government, Cornell University, 1991
 - (3) Ph. D. in Department of Government, Cornell University, 1997
- 2. Associate Professor of Politics
- 3. My first year as associate professor in the Center was an extremely fruitful one. I revised my dissertation, and it was published by Ateneo de Manila University Press under the title Making Mindanao: Cotabato and Davao in the Formation of the Philippine Nation-State. I continued working on the American colonial period, particularly on the construction of politics in that era. My research included the origins of the communist opposition to the Marcos dictatorship, especially in the southern Philippines. I became Southeast Asia editor (previously member of the editorial board) of Critical Asian Studies, previously Bulletin of Concerned Asian Scholars. I am presently completing a textbook on State-Society Relations in the Philippines (co-authored with Donna J. Amoroso), which will be published by Rowman and Littlefield in the United States and Anvil Publishing in the Philippines. I am revising a book manuscript entitled "Love, Sex and the Filipino Communist" for Anvil Publishing for publication in late 2003.

- (1) American colonialism and the construction of Philippine political studies
- (2) State-society relations in the Philippines
- (3) Gender and social violence
- 4. (1) Lecturer, Department of Filipino and Philippine Literature, University of the Philippines, 1979-88
 - (2) Research Associate, Third World Studies Center, University of the Philippines, 1980-85

- (3) Instructor, Department of Filipino and Philippine Literature, University of the Philippines, 1982-83
- (4) Deputy Director for Administration, Third World Studies Center, University of the Philippines, 1986-88
- (5) Lecturer, Department of Political Science, University of the Philippines, 1987-88
- (6) Teaching Assistant, Cornell University, 1989-93
- (7) Visiting Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, Ohio University, 1994-98
- (8) Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, Ohio University, 1998–99
- (9) Joined CSEAS as Associate Professor in 1999
- 5. (1) Elite violence in post-war Philippines
 - (2) Gender and revolution in the Philippines
 - (3) The progressive era and the Philippine colony: The origins of reformist politics
 - (4) Dissertation research on state formation in southern Philippines, colonial and post-colonial periods
- 6. (1) Salipada Pendatun and Muslim Elite Politics in Pre-Martial Law Cotabato, Part 1. Kinaadman (Wisdom): A Journal of the Southern Philippines 18(4), 1996
 - (2) The Revolution Falters: The Left in Philippine Politics after 1986 (ed.). Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Southeast Asia Program, 1996. Contributed the essay, "When the Revolution Devours Its Children before Victory: Operasyong Kampanyang Ahos and the Breakdown of Mindanao Communism."
 - (3) The Church and State and the Church as State in the Philippines: Review Essay. Bulletin of Concerned Asian Scholars 28(2), 1997
 - (4) Salipada Pendatun and Muslim Elite Politics in Pre-Martial Law Cotabato, Part 2. Kinaadman 19(1), 1997
 - (5) State Building, Communist Insurgency and Cacique Politics in the Philippines. In Counter-insurgent States: Guerrilla Warfare and State-Building in the Twentieth Century, ed. by Paul B. Rich and Richard Stubbs. New York and London: MacMillan, 1997
 - (6) Davao-kuo: The Political Economy of a Japanese Settler Zone in Philippine Colonial Society. Journal of American-East Asian Relations, 1997
 - (7) Images of State Power: Essays on Philippine Politics from the Margins. Quezon City: University of the Philippines Press, 1998
 - (8) The "Muslim-Filipino" and the Philippine State. *Public Policy* (a University of the Philippines Quarterly), 1998
 - (9) "Muslim" Political Brokers and the Philippine Nation-State. In Gangsters, Democracy and the State in Southeast Asia, ed. by Carl J. Trocki. Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Southeast Asia Program, 1998
 - (10) The Muslim Rebellion Reconsidered. Philippine Yearbook, 1999
 - (11) Filipino Marxism and the National Question. *Filipinas* (a journal of Philippine Studies, Special Issue on Post-War Filipino Nationalisms, co-edited with Benito M. Vergara, Jr.) 32, 1999
 - (12) Filipino Communism and the Spectre of the Communist Manifesto. Paper submitted to the panel discussion on The Communist Manifesto and the Philippine Radical Movement, Third World Studies Center, University of the Philippines, 1999
 - (13) Review Essay. Booty Capitalism: The Politics of Banking in the Philippines, by Paul D. Hutchcroft. Reviewed for Bulletin of Concerned Asian Scholars, 2000
- (14) From Orang Besar to Colonial Big Men: Datu Piang of the Magindanaos and the American Colonial State. In Lives at the Margin: Biographies of Obscured Filipinos, ed. by Alfred W. McCoy. Madison: Center for Southeast Asian Studies, University of Wisconsin, 1999 and Ateneo de Manila University

Press, 2000

- (15) Making Mindanao: Cotabato and Davao in the Formation of the Philippine Nation-State. Quezon City: Ateneo de Manila University Press, 2000
- (16) Fellow Traveler: Essays on Filipino Communism. Quezon City: University of the Philippines Press, 2001
- (17) Populist Presidents and Coalition Politics in the Philippines. Current History: A Journal of Contemporary World Affairs (April), 2001
- (18) An American Colonial State: Authority and Structure in Southern Mindanao. In Vestiges of War: The Philippine-American War and the Aftermath of an Imperial Dream, ed. by Angel Velasco Shaw and Luis H. Francia. N. Y.: New York University Press, 2002
- (19) American Rule and the Formation of Filipino "Colonial Nationalism." SEAS 39(4), 2002
- (20) Progressive-Machine Conflict in Early Twentieth Century American Politics and Colonial Statebuilding in the Philippines. In *The American Colonial State in the Philippines*, ed. by Julian Go and Anne Foster. Duke University Press, 2003

OKAMOTO Masaaki

- 1. (1) LL. A in Comparative Politics, Kyoto University, 1994
 - (2) M. A. in Human and Environmental Studies, Kyoto University, 1996
- 2. Associate Professor of Political Science
- 3. My interest is in local politics in Southeast Asia. The colonial states and subsequent nation-states of Southeast Asia established borderlines which administratively and spatially divide states into regions. These regions represent arenas of local politics, within which political struggles for power and money take place. My research observes the style and structure of local politics and seeks to ascertain what differentiates one region from another. I have been studying local politics in Indonesia within a historical and comparative perspective in order to answer this question.

Current research topics:

- (1) Establishing the historical continuity of the local elite in West Java province, Indonesia. I am trying to prove that colonial-era local bureaucrats, with origins in the higher social strata, rather successfully retained politically important positions in the local arena even after the birth of the Indonesian nation-state. My research reconsiders the common perception that the Indonesian national revolution represented a totally fresh start for the Indonesian people.
- (2) Describing the on-going decentralization process in Indonesia.
 I am explaining decentralization from an institutional viewpoint and mapping out local political structures in three provinces since decentralization.
- 4. (1) Worked as a JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency) expert on Regional Development in the Sulawesi Island, Indonesia from April 2001-April 2003
 - (2) Joined CSEAS in September 2003
- 5. (1) Preliminary Research on Local Politics in West Java, Indonesia, September 1997-March 1998
 - (2) Research on Local Bureaucrats and Politicians in West Java, Indonesia: Conducting interviews with and compiling data on bureaucrats and politicians, July 1998–September 1998
- 6. (1) The Indonesian Foreign Policy during the First Half of the 1980s: Taking into Consideration the Foreign Policy Principle: *Bebas Aktif* (in Japanese). *Ajia Kenkyu* (Asian Studies) 43(4), 1997
 - (2) The Colonial Aristocratic Bureaucrats (*Pangreh Pradja*) Surviving the Revolution: In the Case of West Java, Indonesia (in Japanese). SEAS 38(2), 2000
 - (3) Decentralization in Indonesia: A Project for National Integration. In Government Decentralization

- Reforms in Developing Countries (in Japanese and in English), ed. by M. Muramatsu. Tokyo: Institute for International Cooperation: Japan International Cooperation Agency, 2001
- (4) New Order's Elite Turned Reformers (Orang Reformasi): Focusing on the Making Process of the Banten Province (in Japanese). Asian and African Area Studies 1, 2001
- (5) Decentralization in Indonesia: The Decentralization Process and Categorization of Problems Facing the Decentralization. In Japanese Political Economy and the Surrounding Asian Countries 1: Political Order, ed. by M. Muramatsu and T. Shiraishi. Kyoto: International Research Center for Japanese Studies, forthcoming

URATA Shujiro

- 1. (1) B. A. in Economics, Keio University, 1973
 - (2) M. A. in Economics, Stanford University, 1976
 - (3) Ph. D. in Economics, Stanford University, 1978
- 2. Visiting Professor of International Economics, April 2003-March 2004
- 3. My current research includes the following subjects: the roles of foreign direct investment and foreign trade in economic development, Japan's trade policy, and the roles of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) in economic development. Concerning the roles of foreign direct investment and foreign trade in economic development, I am investigating the activities of foreign firms with a focus on Japanese firms in East Asia. I am particularly interested in trade and technology transfer. I am also studying a shift in Japan's trade policy from a one-track approach in the form of multilateral trade liberalization to a multi-track approach consisting of multilateral, regional, and bilateral approaches. My study focuses on Japan's trade policy in East Asia with an emphasis on free trade agreements. Regarding SMEs in economic development, I try to identify the important roles SMEs play, such as the generation of employment opportunities and development of new ideas and technologies. Focusing on the case of Indonesia, I am interested in devising ways for SMEs to deal with problems such as lack of technology and management know-how.

- (1) The roles of foreign trade and foreign direct investment in economic development
- (2) Regionalization and economic development
- (3) The roles of small and medium-sized enterprises in economic development
- 4. (1) Research associate, the Brookings Institution, 1978-81
 - (2) Economist, the World Bank, 1981-86
 - (3) Lecturer, School of Social Sciences, Waseda University, 1986-88
 - (4) Associate professor, School of Social Sciences, Waseda University, 1988-94
 - (5) Professor, School of Social Sciences, Waseda University, 1994-present
 - (6) Research fellow, Japan Center for Economic Research, 1996-present
 - (7) Director general, Research Institute, People's Finance Corporation, 1997-99
 - (8) Faculty fellow, Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI), 2001-present
- 5. (1) Small and medium sized enterprises and economic development, 1994, World Bank
 - (2) Technology upgrading and foreign direct investment, 1999, World Bank
- (1) Measuring the Costs of Protection in Japan (co-authored with Y. Sazanami and H. Kawai). Washington, D. C.: Institute for International Economics, 1995
 - (2) Asia & Europe: Beyond Competing Regionalism (co-edited with Kichiro Fukasaku and Fukunari Kimura). Brighton: Sussex Academic Press, 1998
 - (3) The Support System for Small and Medium Exporters in Japan (co-authored with Motoshige Itoh).

- In Fulfilling the Export Potential of Small and Medium Firms, ed. by Brian Levy, Albert Berry, and Jeffrey B. Nugent. Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1999
- (4) Intrafirm Technology Transfer by Japanese Multinationals in Asia. In Japanese Multinationals in Asia: Regional Operations in Comparative Perspective, ed. by Dennis J. Encarnation. New York: Oxford University Press, 1999
- (5) Cost of Regulation in the Japanese Service Industry (co-authored with Hiroki Kawai). In Asia-Pacific Economic Linkages, ed. by M. Kreinin, M. Plummer, and S. Abe. Amsterdam: Pergamon, 1999
- (6) Intrafirm Technology Transfer by Japanese Manufacturing Firms in Asia (co-authored with Hiroki Kawai). In The Role of Foreign Direct Investment in East Asian Economic Development, ed. by Takatoshi Ito and Anne O. Krueger. Chicago and London: The University of Chicago Press, 2000
- (7) Trade and Investment Liberalization and Facilitation (co-authored with Ippei Yamazawa). In Asia Pacific Economic Cooperatoin [APEC]: Challenges and Tasks for the Twenty-first Century, ed. by Ippei Yamazawa. London: Routledge, 2000
- (8) The Determinants of the Location of Foreign Direct Investment by Japanese Small and Mediumsized Enterprises (co-authored with Hiroki Kawai). Small Business Economics 15, 2000
- (9) Emergence of an FDI-Trade Nexus and Economic Growth in East Asia. In *Rethinking the East Asian Miracle*, ed. by Joseph E. Stiglitz and Shahid Yusuf. New York: Oxford University Press, 2001
- (10) Europe's Trade and Foreign Direct Investment in Asia. In Winning in Asia, European Style: Market and Nonmarket Strategies for Success, ed. by Vinnod K. Aggarwal. New York: Palgrave, 2001
- (11) Locational Determinants of Japanese Foreign Direct Investment (co-authored with Hiroki Kawai). In *Restructuring Asian Economics for the New Millennium*, ed. by Jere Behrman, Jan Dutta, Pitayanon Sumalee *et al.* Netherlands: Elsevier Science Inc., 2001
- (12) Regionalism, the New WTO Round and Japan's New Trade Policy. *Journal of Japanese Trade & Industry* (September/October), 2001
- (13) Small Firm Dynamism in East Asia (co-edited with Farrukh Iqbal). Dordrecht, Boston, and London: Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002; also Small Business Economics Special Issue 18(1-3), 2002
- (14) Winning in Asia, Japanese Style: Market and Nonmarket Strategies for Success (co-edited with Vinod K. Aggarwal). New York: Palgrave, 2002
- (15) Globalization and the Growth in Free Trade Agreements. Asia Pacific Review 9(1), 2002
- (16) Competition Policy and Economic Development in East Asia. Washington University Global Studies Law Review 1(1-2, winter/summer), 2002
- (17) Engines of Globalization: Big and Small Multinational Enterprises in the Global Era. In *Globalization and the Asia Pacific Economy*, ed. by Kyung Tae Lee. London and New York: Routledge, 2002
- (18) Japanese Foreign Direct Investment in Developing Asia. In Winning in Asia, Japanese Style: Market and Nonmarket Strategies for Success, ed. by Vinod K. Aggarwal and Shujiro Urata. New York: Palgrave, 2002
- (19) Services Trade in East Asia (co-authored with Kozo Kiyota). In Trade in Services in the Asia-Pacific Region, ed. by Takatoshi Ito and Ann O. Krueger. Chicago and London: University of Chicago Press, 2003
- (20) East Asia and Options for Negotiations on Investment (co-authored with Bijit Bora, Chia Siow Yue, and Nick Freeman). In Options for Global Trade Reform: A View from the Asia-Pacific, ed. by Will Martin and Mari Pangestu. Cambridge University Press, 2003

Documentation Department

KITAMURA Yumi

- (1) B. A. in English and English Literature, Kansai University, 1996
 (2) M. L. I. S. in Library and Information Science, University of Hawaii, 1999
- 2. Research Associate and Librarian
- 3. Training in the field of library and information sciences is divided into categories based on the type of library or institution one intends to work for. For example, I was trained to become an academic librarian and was disciplined to think and act within the framework of academic institutions. In the past few years, however, I have been trying to break down these intuitional frames and seek ways to define the core of librarianship, first by contributing to school library-based projects and, secondly, by observing library activities in Southeast Asia.

Along with this context, I am currently interested in adapting some of the activities I observed in Thailand and Indonesia in which academic librarians work for local communities beyond instuitional frameworks and applying them to situations in Japan.

- (1) Role of libraries and librarians in literacy in Southeast Asia
- (2) Evaluation of digital sources
- (1) Program Organizer, Software Development Division, Intergroup Co. Ltd., Osaka, April 1996

 December 1998
 - (2) Information Research Analyst, Center of Excellence in Disaster Management and Humanitarian Assistance, Honolulu, June 1999–July 2000
 - (3) Joined CSEAS in April 2001
- 5. (1) Evaluation methodology for digital sources and databases for libraries, 2001-
 - (2) Role of libraries and librarians in literacy, 2003-
- (1) Role of Information Analysts at Center of Excellence in Disaster Management and Humanitarian Assistance (in Japanese). Toshokan no Gakko, No. 26, 2002
 - (2) University Librarians Working toward the Community: A Case Report from Northeastern Thailand (in Japanese). *Toshokan no Gakko*, No. 32, 2002
 - (3) Japanese Librarians Learning from American School Librarianship (co-authored). *Multimedia School* 9(3), 2002
 - (4) Stepping out the Library Door (in Japanese). SEAS 40(2), 2002
 - (5) Search System Evaluation by Librarian (in Japanese). In *Internet Jidai no Gakko Toshokan* (School Libraries in the Age of the Internet: An Introduction to the Information Literacy for Librarians and Teachers), ed. by A. Nemoto et al. Tokyo: Tokyo Denki University, 2003
 - (6) Internet Searching (in Japanese, co-authored). In *Internet Jidai no Gakko Toshokan* (School Libraries in the Age of the Internet: An Introduction to the Information Literacy for Librarians and Teachers), ed. by A. Nemoto *et al.* Tokyo: Tokyo Denki University, 2003
 - (7) Collection Development and Acquisition of Vernacular Language Materials at the Center for Southeast Asian Studies (in Japanese). Journal of the Center for Documentation & Area-Transcultural Studies, No. 1, 2003
 - (8) Infomeshon Pawa no Tameno Chiiki no Sanka. In Infomeshon Pawa ga Kyoiku o Kaeru! Gakko Toshokan no Saisei kara Hajimaru Gakko Kaikaku. Tokyo: Koryosha, 2003. (Translation of "Community Engagement for Information Power" in The Information-Powered School, by Public Education Network, American Association of School Librarians. Chicago: American Library

Association, 2002.)

KITANI Kimiya

- 1. (1) B. Sc. in Department of Engineering, Kyoto Sangyo University, 1998
 - (2) M. Sc. in Engineering Graduate Course, Kyoto Sangyo University, 2000
- 2. Research Associate and Information Processing Advisor
- 3. In order to support the gathering and dispatch of information resources for Southeast Asian research, I have installed a web-based system and am developing programming to design and maintain network services. I have been analyzing the information technology required for various projects and have been providing services to help our staff do their research and keep the office processing smoothly. I do troubleshooting on a daily basis.

I have been carrying out the following research on the latest information technology in order to develop and expand the office's support services.

Current research topics:

- (1) How to maintain and expand the network and servers
- (2) How to digitalize information resources for CSEAS projects
- (3) How to construct a system for information dispatch
- (4) How to expand and develop user services
- 4. (1) Part-time staff, 1999
 - (2) Research Associate, CSEAS, 2000-present
- 5. I carried out research on image and movie formats during 1997-2000
 - (1) Research on the convention of image formats, Kyoto Sangyo University, 1997-98
 - (2) Research on the reconstruction of image and movie formats, Kyoto Sangyo University, 1999-2000
- 6. (1) Initial Construction of the Emergency Disaster Information System ("Onigiri" System), Kyoto Sangyo University, 1997
 - (2) Convention of Image Formats. Paper presented to Kyoto Sangyo University, 1998
 - (3) Reconstruction of Image and Movie. Master Paper presented to Kyoto Sangyo University, 2000
 - (4) Future of the Information Processing Office. Paper presented at CSEAS Colloquium, 2000

YONEZAWA Mariko

- 1. (1) B. A. in Religion, Kyoto University, 1972
 - (2) M. A. in Religion, Kyoto University, 1974
- 2. Research Associate and Managing Editor of Southeast Asian Studies
- 3. Since 1987 I have taken part as managing editor in editing and publishing the quarterly journal Southeast Asian Studies, CSEAS's Newsletter, CSEAS Report, Yoran (Report in Japanese), etc. and have charge of the administrative affairs of the CSEAS research monograph series. Southeast Asian Studies has published the results of area studies of Southeast Asia based on field work since 1963 and the 164th issue recently appeared. The editorial Board has constantly sought to define area studies and how its theme and research methodology differ from those of other disciplines. I always take fresh interest in the achievement and development of Southeast Asian Studies.

I am also very interested in publishing in the information age. Over the past several years great improvements in information procedures have caused people to rethink the concept of publishing and to speculate on its future. The transition from printed matter to electronic media is not only a change in the medium through which people communicate or express their thoughts, but also entails a reconstruction of their thinking. This transition is not a process through which printed matter has been com-

pletely disposed of and replaced by electronic media, but one which results in overlapping media. Based on those points, I am considering how publishing will change with the spread of electronic media.

Current research topics:

- (1) Publishing in the information age
- (2) The characteristics and transition of the quarterly journal Southeast Asian Studies
- 4. (1) Joined CSEAS as Official in 1974
 - (2) Research Associate, CSEAS, 1987-present

Donna Jeanne AMOROSO

- 1. (1) A. B. in International Affairs, Lafayette College, 1982
 - (2) M. A. in History, Cornell University, 1987
 - (3) Ph. D. in Southeast Asian History, Cornell University, 1996
- 2. (1) Editorial Fellow and Editor, Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia
- 3. As editor of the Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia, the CSEAS online review of Southeast Asian scholar-ship and affairs (http://kyotoreview.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp), I formulate and contribute to issues on topics of current academic and public interest (politics, reforestation, national historiography, economic development), pursue on-going development of the website's features and functions, maintain and expand networks of regional scholars and public intellectuals, and perform the duties of managing editor. As editorial fellow at the Center, I have edited two volumes in the Kyoto Area Studies on Asia series and one volume of conference proceedings, and serve on the Publicity Committee.

My current research focuses on comparative colonialism, state development, and nationalism. I have presented the results at international conferences in Malaysia and the Philippines, completed a text-book manuscript (with Patricio N. Abinales) for publication in the United States and the Philippines, and am preparing the book manuscript "Malaya in the Empire: Traditionalism and the Ascendency of the Ruling Class in Colonial Malaysia, 1874–1946."

- (1) History of the state in Malaysia and the Philippines
- (2) Nationalism and post-coloniality in Malaysia
- 4. (1) Instructor, Freshman Writing Program, Cornell University, New York, U. S. A., Fall 1990-Spring 1992
 - (2) Assistant Editor, Southeast Asia Program Publications, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, U. S. A., May 1992-December 1993
 - (3) Acting Editor, Southeast Asia Program Publications, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, U. S. A., January-June 1994
 - (4) Assistant Professor of History, Wright State University, Dayton, Ohio, U. S. A., September 1994– June 1999
 - (5) Visiting Research Fellow, CSEAS, February 2000-February 2001
 - (6) Program Coordinator, Nippon Foundation API Fellowships, CSEAS, February-December 2001
 - (7) Editorial Fellow, CSEAS, February 2001-present
- Library and archival research on colonialism and nationalism in Malaysia and comparative colonialism
 of the Philippines and Malaysia, in Malaysian National Archives, Cornell University's Asia Collection,
 and the U. S. National Archives.
- 6. (1) Dangerous Politics and the Malay Nationalist Movement, 1945-47. South East Asia Research 6(3), 1998

- (2) Inheriting the "Moro Problem": Muslim Authority and Colonial Rule in British Malaya and the Philippines. In *The American Colonial State in the Philippines: Global Perspectives*, ed. by Julian Go and Anne L. Foster. Durham and London: Duke Univerity Press, 2003
- (3) Making Sense of Malaysia. *Kyoto Review of Southeast Asia* 3, 2003. http://kyotoreview.cseas.kyoto-u.ac.jp/issue/index.html
- (4) State and Social Forces in the Philippines (co-authored with Patricio N. Abinales). Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield, forthcoming.

Appendix I: Visiting Foreign Scholars

A. Visiting Research Fellows

Name	Period	Research topic	Home institution
Gerard DIFFLOTH	1976-77	Mon-Khmer linguistics	University of Chicago, U. S. A.
Likhit Dhiravegin	1976	Modernization of Thailand and Japan	Thammasat University, Thailand
Sorasith VACHAROTAYAN	1976	Fertility of tropical soils	Kasetsart University, Thailand
Charnvit KASETSIRI	1977-78	Southeast Asian history	Thammasat University, Thailand
Edita Abella TAN	1977	Asian financial market	University of the Philippines, the Philippines
Kyaw Soe	1977-78	A study on Burmese plants	Moulmein College, Burma
Hadiarto MANGUNNEGORO	1978	Pathological physiology, research on pulmonary function	Persahabatan Hospital, Jakarta, Indonesia
Narong THIRAMONGKOL	1978–79	Geomorphology of the Central Plain of Thailand	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Kusunadi	1978–79	Tuberculosis control	Indonesian Tuberculose Association, Indonesia
Thak CHALOEMTIARANA	1978–79	Contemporary political history of Thailand	Thammasat University, Thailand
Leslie España BAUZON	1979–80	Modern history of Southeast Asia	University of the Philippines, the Philippines
Boonyawart LUMPAOPONG	1979	Soil fertility	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
MATTULADA	1979-80	Social and cultural anthropology	Hasanuddin University, Indonesia
CHANG Tan	1979–80	Monsoon fluctuations in tropical Asia	Beijing University, China
QIU Li Ben	1980–81	Southeast Asian history	The Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, China
SAJOGYO	1980–81	Rural sociology	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
R. A. L. H. Gunawardana	1980-81	Social and economic history of agriculture in Asia	University of Peradeniya, Sri Lanka
TAN Chan Luu	1980–81	Cultural exchanges between Southeast Asia and China	Wuhan University, China
Adrian Bernard LAPIAN	1981	Maritime history of Southeast Asia	LEKNAS, Indonesia
Narong	1981-82	Land classification of tropical	Chulalongkorn University,
THIRAMONGKOL		lowlands	Thailand
Hermenegildo GINES	1982	Multiple cropping systems in paddy fields	The International Rice Research Institute, the Philippines

Andi ZAINAL ABIDIN Farid	1982	Foundation and development of kingdoms in South Sulawesi	Hasanuddin University, Indonesia
TIEN Yu-Kang	1982	History of the overseas Chinese in Southeast Asia	Fudan University, China
Nidhi AEUSRIVONGSE	1982-83	Modern history of Southeast Asia	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
THAN TUN	1982-83	Foundation and development of countries after Pagan in Burma	Mandalay University, Burma
Kanha Bunpromma	1982-83	Field crop production and manage- ment in Northeast Thailand	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Vanpen Surarerks	1982-83	Comparison of irrigation systems in Northern Thailand and other Southeast Asian countries	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
A. H. M. Altaf ALI	1983-84	Rice cultivation in Southeast Asia	National Planning Commission, Bangladesh
Vữ Huy Phuc	1983	Socio-economic history of Vietnam	Vietnam Academy of Social Sciences, Vietnam
LIM Chong-Yah	1983	Economic development of Singapore	Singapore University, Singapore
Prasert Yamklinfung	1983–84	Social change of rural commu- nities in Northeast Thailand	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Sukanya NITUNGKORN	1984–85	Comparison of the economic effects of education in Thailand and Japan	Thammasat University, Thailand
Jitti PINTHONG	1984–85	Landuse and agricultural development in Northern Thailand	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
Jonker Leonhard TAMBA	1984–85	Economic planning and regional development in Indonesia	BAPPENAS, Indonesia
Leonard Yuzon ANDAYA	1985–86	Indonesian and Malaysian ethnohistory	University of Auckland, New Zealand
Michael Arthur AUNG-THWIN	1985–86	Buddhist sangha and kingship in Burma	Elmira College, U. S. A.
AUNG SAN SUU KYI	1985-86	Modern political history of Burma	Oxford University, U. K.
Supamard	1985-86	Potential upland farming systems	Kasetsart University, Thailand
PANICHSAKPATANA		in the humid tropics	
Srisakra	1986	Archaeological studies on rice	Silpakorn University, Thailand
VALLIBHOTAMA		cultivation of Japan and Thailand	**
Marcelino Andrion Foronda, Jr.	1986–88		De La Salle University, the Philippines
Mochtar NAIM	1986-87	W DR en surenne	Andalas University, Indonesia
Mély Giok-lan TAN	1986-87	Studies of Chinese in Indonesia	LIPI, Indonesia
Benjawan	1986-87		Kasetsart University, Thailand
ORASUTHIKULCHAI			,
Felipe Bautista	1986-87	The Philippine political party	University of the Philippines,
MIRANDA			the Philippines
			(7,3)

Omar Farouk SHAEIK Ahmad Bajunid	1986-87	Comparative studies on Muslim minorities	University of Malaya, Malaysia
Nualchawee Suthamwong	1987	Bibliographic control of Thai publications	Thammasat University, Thailand
Aroonrut Wichienkee	o 1987	Segmentation for making computer concordance of the Three Seals Law	Chiang Mai Teacher's College, Thailand
Tasnee Attanandana	1987	Acid sulfate soils in Southeast Asia	Kasetsart University, Thailand
Luu Ngoc Trinh	1987–88	Japanese economic policy for ASEAN	Vietnam Social Sciences Committee, Vietnam
Aran Patanothai	1987-88	Agro-ecology	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Marasri Sivaraks	1987–89	Bibliographical and cataloging information of Thai cremation volumes	Bangkok Bank, Thailand
ONGHOKHAM	1987–88	Overseas Chinese and capitalism in the late nineteenth Indonesia	University of Indonesia, Indonesia
Francisco Sionil Jose	1988	Social problems in Southeast Asia	Critic, the Philippines
Shiro SAITO	1988–89	Bibliography on Southeast Asian research materials	University of Hawaii, U. S. A.
AZIZAH KASSIM	1988	Social change and cultural trans- formation in rural Malaysia	University of Malaya, Malaysia
Sardar Muhammad Altaf Hossain	1988–89	Farming systems in Bangladesh	Bangladesh Agricultural University, Bangladesh
Nai Pan Hla	1988–89	A study of Mon Buddhist culture	Former Head of Epigraphy Division, Archaeology Department, Burma
Muhammad Solaiman	1988–89	Agrarian structure and rural development in Bangladesh	Bangladesh Academy for Rural Development, Bangladesh
Cielito Flores Habito	1988–89	Computable general equilibrium modeling of the Philippine economy	University of the Philippines at Los Baños, the Philippines
Le Van Sang	1989	Japan's economic development in the post-war period and its economic policy toward the Southeast Asian region	Vietnam Social Sciences Committee, Vietnam
Nikita Siberoff	1989	Assessing the resources of the library on Southeast Asia	École Française d'Extrême-Orient, France
ZHU Jian Rong	1989–90	Chinese policy toward Southeast Asia and its relation with Vietnam	Shanghai Institute for International Studies, China
Shamsul Amri Baharuddin	1989–90	Social change and cultural trans- formation in rural Malaysia	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Supaporn Sungsri	1989	Cataloging and computerizing at library	NIDA, Thailand

Anwar NASUTION	1989–90	Macro economic management in	University of Indonesia,
Chusri MANIPLUKSA	1989–90	the ASEAN member countries Documentary research on Chinese abroad	Indonesia Thammasat University, Thailand
TAUFIK ABDULLAH	1989-90	Social change in Indonesia	LIPI, Indonesia
Achara Jaiyaqam	1989–90	Problems in romanization: Thai	UNICEF, U. S. A.
STONE		titles and authors for library automated system	
Satyagraha HURIP	1990	Indonesian literature during the Dutch and Japanese periods	Novelist, Former Editor in Chief Sinar Harapan, Indonesia
SHAHARIL TALIB	1990	Demographic change in Johor during the colonial period	University of Malaya, Malaysia
Sukristijono Sukardjo	1990-91	Studies on the productivity of	LIPI, Indonesia
		tropical forests, especially	
		concerning mangroves in	
Υ1	1000	Indonesia	*
Luwarsih	1990	Research on cataloging of	LIPI, Indonesia
PRINGGOADISURJO	1000	Indonesian materials	MC CD IP TT 14
Pornpimon Chansung	1990	An analysis of users' needs for	Ministry of Public Health, Thailand
Pongsak Sahunalu	1990–91	subject headings of Thai books	
Toligsak SAHUNALU	1990-91	Studies on productivity of tropical forests	Kasetsart University, Thailand
Somboon Suksamran	1990-91	Political culture of Thailand	Chulalongkorn University,
BOMBOON BOKSAWKAN	1770 71	Toncear culture of Thanand	Thailand
Сни Van Lam	1990-91	Documentary research on modern	
		history of Indonesia	Committee, Vietnam
Ruperto Pascual	1990-91	On the social valuation of labor	University of the Philippines,
ALONZO		by education classes	the Philippines
Suchada	1990-91	A study of Thai serials	Ramakhamhaeng University,
AMORNPICHETKUL		publications	Thailand
Tongthong	1991-92	Thai legal history during the	Chulalongkorn University,
CHANDRANSU		reformation period	Thailand
KOENTJARANINGRAT	1991–92	Local development in Irian Jaya	Emeritus Professor of University of Indonesia, Indonesia
You Xiu-Ling	1991	Viet-people's role in the origin and development of rice cultivation	Zhejiang Agricultural University, China
Thawatchai SANTISUK	1991	Processing of Thai literature on tropical plants and compiling of catalog	Royal Forest Department, Thailand
Sukanya NITUNGKORN	1991–92	A comparative study on the relation between education and economic development	Thammasat University, Thailand
Zurniaty NASRUL	1991	Bibliographic studies on systems of Indonesian scientific materials	LIPI, Indonesia
OMAR FAROUK	1991-92	Arabs in Southeast Asia	University of Malaya, Malaysia

Reynaldo ILETO	1991–92	Assesing the resources of the library on Southeast Asia	James Cook University, Australia
Aurathai WAREESA-ARD	1992–93	A study of description of conference materials in Thai language	Srinakharinwirot University, Thailand
Domingo Morato Non	1992-93	Migration pattern in Cotabato provinces 1913–91	Mindanao State University, the Philippines
HOOD MOHAMAD SALLEH	1992–93	Cultural transformation among Southeast Asian minorities	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Felipe M. MEDALLA	1992–93	Fiscal and exchange rate policies and regional development	University of the Philippines, the Philippines
J. Rizal CHANIAGO	1992–93	Oral history and oral documentation in Indonesia	ARSIP National RI, Indonesia
James Francis WARREN	1993	Philological research on written materials in the field of modern Southeast Asian history	Murdoch University, Australia
Utari Budihardjo	1993	A study of information sources on maritime world of Southeast Asia in particular in relation to health and food habits	LIPI, Indonesia
I Made SANDY	1993	Land use and land-use reform in East Indonesia	University of Indonesia, Indonesia
YIN Shaoting	1993–94	Agricultural history of Yunnan and its cultural linkage with Southeast Asia	Yunnan Ethnological Museum, China
Umar Junus	1993	Sociological studies of Minangkabau literature	University of Malaya, Malaysia
Ratan Lal CHAKRABORTY	1993–94	Modern history of Bengal local government	University of Dhaka, Bangladesh
Luo Erhu	1993–94	Archaeological study of agriculture in South China and Southeast Asia	Sichuan University, China
Poranee SIRICHOTE	1993–94	The use of computer in the library of CSEAS	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Atthacak Sattayaanurak	1993–94	The transformation of historical consciousness in Thai society	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
Supiandi Sabiham	1993–94	Comparative human ecology of rural and agricultural transformation in Indonesia and Japan	IPB, Indonesia
Siti Hasnah	1994	Japanese investment in Southeast	University of Brunei
SIMANJUNTAK Paiboon PRAMOJANEE	1004	Asia: A bibliography Laterite in Northeast Thailand:	Darussalam, Brunei Ministry of Agriculture and
FAIUUUII PKAMUJANEE	1994	With reference to its genesis and correlation with landform	Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Thailand

Sompop MANARUNGSAN	1994–95	The economic development of Thailand in the 19th and early 20th centuries: A comparison with Southeast Asia and Japan	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Adrian Bernard LAPIAN	1994–95	Research on interactional system in maritime sea	LIPI, Indonesia
Suwatchara CHOONPICHARN	1994–95	Bibliography of medicinal and aromatic plants in Southeast Asia	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
James Danandjaja	1994–95	A comparative study of Indonesian folklore and Japanese folklore	
LE Bo Linh	1994–95	Potentiality and prospect of Vietnam in economic cooperation with Southeast Asian region	Asia-Pacific Economic Center, Vietnam
Hendrik Menko Jan	1994–95	Research on written materials in	Leiden University,
MAIER		the field of history, language and literature of Malay	the Netherlands
Sujin Butdisuwan	1995	Database management system of Thai collection in CSEAS	Srinakharinwirot University, Thailand
NGUEN Minh Hang	1995	A comparative study of economic reform in China and economic renovation in Vietnam	Center for Chinese Studies, Vietnam
Nakharin MEKTRAIRAT	1995–96	Nationalism in Thailand: Perception, ideas and political movements	Thammasat University, Thailand
Buared PRACHAIYO	1995–96	The forest and society: A comparison with Japan and Thailand	Regional Forest Division, Khon Kaen, Thailand
CHE WAN AHMAD ZAWAWI bin IBRAHIM	1995–96	Regional development in rural society (Malaysia) and impact of the indigenous "tribal" communities	University of Malaya, Malaysia
Phongpharn	1995–96	Annotated bibliography of Thai	Chulalongkorn University,
LAWANANONT		books on Japan at CSEAS	Thailand
Daniel	1995–96	Navigation boat and technology	Madagascar International
RAKOTOMALALA		of Austronesian migrations to the Pacific and Indian Oceans	Cultures Exchanges, Madagascar
Hasnat Abdul HyE	1995–96	Studies on regional development in developing countries	Ministry of Industries, Bangladesh
Julia Indiati SURYAKUSUMA	1996	State and family in contemporary Indonesia	LP3ES, Indonesia
Chumphon	1996	Socio-economic changes of the	Department of General
NAEWCHAMPA		rural cultures in Northeast Thailand	Education, Ubon Ratchathani, Thailand
Rusdy Effendi NASUTION	1996–97	Taxonomical study of wild bananas of Indonesia	LIPI, Indonesia

Isra Sarntisart	1996	Statistical studies on income distribution in Thailand	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
James Francis WARREN	1996–97	A social history of suicides in colonial Singapore	Murdoch University, Australia
Rohaya Umar	1996–97	A study of authority forms of Malay names	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Le Quoc Doanh	1996–97	History of land-use patterns in the Red River Delta, Northern Vietnam	Vietnam Agricultural Science Institute, Vietnam
Sodiq Aziz Kuntoro	1996–97	The development of national education in Indonesia	IKIP Yogyakarta, Indonesia
Peter Mulok Kedit	1996–97	Pluralism and development in Sarawak, East Malaysia	Sarawak Museum, Malaysia
Soedarsono RISWAN	1997	Forest dynamics and interaction of human and tropical forest ecosystems	LIPI, Indonesia
Thanet APHORNSUVAN	1997-98	Paradox of rights in Thai history	Thammasat University, Thailand
Padmannabh	1997	Hindu forms of urban residential	University of Mysore, India
DOODHATE Mahadev		patterns: India and Bali Indonesia	
Kriengsak Junthotai	1997	Modeling of agricultural production in Northeast Thailand	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Kanchanaporn	1997	Bibliography on local government	Thammasat University,
CHITSANGA		in Thailand	Thailand
Gilbert HAMONIC	1997–98	Cultural phenomenology in diasporas of the Malay archipelago	CNRS, France
Vu Tuan Anh	1997–98	Economic reform in Vietnam	Vietnam's Socio-Economic Development Review, Vietnam
Chitraporn	1997-98	Political bosses: A historical	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
TANRATANAKUL		analyses in perspective in the Philippines	
Vo-Tong Xuan	1997–98	Organization of farmer's cooperative: An alternative toward empowering the poor in rural Vietnam	University of Cantho, Vietnam
Shiro Saito	1998	Southeast Asian studies by Japanese scholars	University of Hawaii, U. S. A.
SAULIAH SALEH	1998	Bibliography collection in the CSEAS library on Indonesia	National Library of Indonesia, Indonesia
Umar KAYAM	1998	Literature and politics in Indonesia	Gadjah Mada University, Indonesia
Johan SILAS	1998	A comparative study on Southeast Asian cities	ITS, Indonesia
Varaporn VUDDHAKUL	1998–99	A study on infectious diseases important in Asian cities	Prince of Songkla University, Thailand

Amphorn Wongthangsawat	1998-99	Subject headings Thai publications in the CSEAS library	National Library of Thailand, Thailand
Richard A. O'CONNOR	1998–99	Agricultural ecology, power and inter-ethnic relations in Southeast Asia	University of the South, U. S. A.
Uup Sjafei Wiradisastra	1998–99	Monitoring of land degradation using GIS and remote sensing data	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
Kasian TEJAPIRA	1998–99	Thai political cultural transformations	Thammasat University, Thailand
Ratan Lal CHAKLABORTY	1998–99	Studies on the delta reclamation processes: Comparison of the Bengal and the Ayeyawady deltas	University of Dhaka, Bangladesh
Mulni Adelina BACHTAR	1999	Women in development in Southeast Asia: A bibliography	LIPI, Indonesia
Muhammad Haji SALLEH	1999–2000	Use of literature in traditional Malay-Indonesia society	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Thaveesilp SUBWATTANA	1999	The history of the relations between Thailand and Laos	Mahasarakham University, Thailand
Edward Lamberthus POELINGGOMANG	1999	Historical studies on maritime trade in the eastern part of Indonesia	Hasanuddin University, Indonesia
A. Terry Rambo	1999–2000	Development trends in Vietnam's upland	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Vasin CHOOPRAYOON	1999–2000	A study of information flow among researchers in the CSEAS	Rangsit University, Thailand
Roengsak KATAWATIN	1999–2000	Application of remote sensing to land resource evaluation	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Sukanya NITUNGKORN Aris Poniman KERTOPERMONO		Education reform in Thailand Coastal agriculture land use in Indonesia	Thammasat University, Thailand National Coordination Agency of Surveys and Mapping, Indonesia
Donna J. Amoroso Che Puteh Ismail	2000–01 2000	British colonialism in Malaysia Malay language and literature: A bibliography	Wright State University, U. S. A. University of Malaya, Malaysia
Voon Phin Keong	2000-01	Socio-economic perspectives of development in Malaysia and East Asia	University of Malaya, Malaysia
NIK HASSAN SHUHAIMI NIK ABDUL RAHMAN	2000	Traditional perahu and sailing boats of the Malay world	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Resil B. MOJARES	2000	The nineteenth-century Filipino discourse on culture and religion	University of San Carlos, the Philippines
Kannikar LINPISAL	2000-01	On corporate body name entries of Thai publications	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
Neferti Xina M. TADIAR	2000-01	Philippine literature (late 60s to 90s)	University of California at Santa Cruz, U. S. A.

Abdul HALIM	2001	Half a century contribution of agricultural extension to agricultural development	Bangladesh Agricultural University, Bangladesh
Medhi Krongkaew	2001	The political economy of domestic policy responses to APEC	Thammasat University, Thailand
Saw Kelvin Keh	2001-02	A new concept: Approach to the conservation and development of teak bearing forests with reference to South and Southeast Asian countries	The Institute of Forestry, Myanmar
Sompong Charoensiri	2001	Database management systems in Thai collection in the CSEAS Library, Kyoto University	Mahasarakham University, Thailand
Deanna Gail DONOVAN	2001	Potential role of forest products in the development of forest dependent communities in upland Southeast Asia	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Filomeno AGUILAR	2001	Migrations to nation, nation of migrations: Arrivals and departures in Philippine history	James Cook University, Australia
Darunee TANTIWIRAMANOND	2001	Women's economic activities in Indochina	Women's Action and Research Institute, Thailand
Alex John Ulaen	2001–02	Maritime culture and lifestyle of the Sangir-Talaud people in Slawesi	Universuty of Sam Ratulangi, Indonesia
LENG Ten Moi	2001–02	Technology transfer from Japan to Malaysia: A bibliography	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Uga U	2001–02	Requirement of nature, wildlife and biodiversity conservation	Union of Myanmar Forest Department, Ministry of Forestry, Myanmar
LIU Hong	2002	Reconstructing Asia from the margins: The making of the Sino-Southeast Asian contact zones in the 20th century	National University of Singapore, China
Wu Xiao An	2002	A study of Southeast Asian Chinese pawnbroking business	National University of Singapore, China
Aroonrut Wichienkeeo	2002-03	The ethnic groups in mainland Southeast Asia from palm-leaf texts	Rajabaht Institute Chaingmai, Thailand
Lai Yew Wah	2002	Malaysian economy: Issues and policies	Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia
Rigoberto Dikit TIGLAO	2002	Dynamics of presidential power in the Philippines: The Macapagal- Arroyo experiences	Presidential sporkesperson and Cabinet member, the Philippines

Maria GINTING	2002	Analysis of serials subscribed by CSEAS, Kyoto University	LIPI, Indonesia
Charles Jean-Henn MACDONALD	2002	Data analysis and writing of an anthropological essay on the Raglai of Southern Vietnam with reference to neighboring upland tribal groups	CNRS Universite de Provence, France
Neil Livingston JAMIESON	2002-03	Social organization and human ecology in Vietnam	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Tsu Yun Hui Timothy	2002-03	Japanese views of Chinese and other races in Southeast Asia 1850–1946	National University of Singapore, U. K.
TRAN Duc Vien	2002-03	Relationship between culture and farming systems in Vietnam's northern mountain region	Hanoi Agriculture University, Vietnam
Sumit Kumar Mandal	2002-03	Research on developing vocabulary to speak of cultural diversity that is grounded in the historical experience of Malay	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Chantanee Panishpon	2002-03	world Compiling and categorizing the internet URL concerning Southeast Asia	Thammasat University, Thailand
Yasmin Sungkar	2002-03	Industrial policy in Indonesia: From state leadership to international consensus	LIPI, Indonesia
LEE Hua Seng	2003	Strategy for conservation and guidelines for cultivation of wild fruits and medicinal plants in Sarawak Malaysia	Department of Forestry Government Service of Sarawak Malaysia, Malaysia
Chalong SOONTRAVANICH	2003	Proliferation of small arms and crime and violence in post World War II Thai society	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
DAO Trong Hung	2003	Studies on agro-ecosystems of ethnic minority groups in Vietnam	Vietnam National Center for Natural Science and Technology, Vietnam
Lamberto Raymundo OCAMPO	2003	Rizal and the emergence of the Filipino nation	National Historical Institute, the Philippines
Rosnah Binti SULIMAN	2003	Internet resources on Southeast Asia studies: A bibliography	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Srawooth PAITOONPONG	2003	Human resources and the labor market of Thailand: Can we learn from Japan?	Thailand Development Research Institute, Thailand

Pipat PATANAPONPAIBOON	2003	Role of mangrove ecosystem rehabilitation in developing environmental ethics	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Cho Cho San	2003	A study of the role of shifting cultivation for the rural landless in Myanmar	Yezin Agricultural University, Myanmar
Yunita Triwardani WINARTO	2003	The evolution of farming culture in Southeast Asia	University of Indonesia, Indonesia
Salvacion Manuel ARLANTE	2003	Organization of the CSEAS special collections	University of the Philippines, the Philippines

B. Other Visiting Researchers

Name	Period	Research topic	Home institution
J. H. BADGLEY	1964-65	International politics in	Johns Hopkins School of
		Southeast Asia	Advanced International Studies,
			U. S. A.
D. A. WILSON	1968	Thai politics	University of California,
			Los Angeles, U. S. A.
J. E. BARDACH	1968	Indonesian fishery, Mekong	University of Michigan, U.S.A.
		development problem	
J. S. STARGARDT	1970	History of Southeast Asia	Victorian Research Institute,
			Australia
THEE Kian Wie	1972	Socio-economic survey of South Sumatra	LEKNAS, Indonesia
Jonker Leonhard TAMBA	1972–74	Regional development planning	Sriwijaya University, Indonesia
Thomas B. WIENS	1974	Economic development of Asia	University of Oregon, U.S.A.
Mikhail Nosov	1975	Japanese policy toward Asia	National Research Institute of
			the World Economy and Inter-
			national Relations, U.S.S.R.
Bernard K. GORDON	1977-78	International politics in East Asia	University of New Hampshire,
		and the Pacific region	U. S. A.
Vladimir G. LESCHKE	1978	International relations in	National Research Institute of
		Southeast Asia	the World Economy and Inter-
			national Relations, U. S. S. R.
Jonker Leonhard	1978–79	Social and economic development	LEKNAS, Indonesia
Тамва		of Indonesia	
Varunee	1978–79	Coastal morphology and	Chulalongkorn University,
THIRAMONGKOL		sedimentation	Thailand
Wilhelm Krelle	1979	Econometric analysis of trading	University of Bonn, West
		relations between West Germany	Germany
	Posso	and Japan and Asian economies	
Chatthip NARTSUPHA	1979	Economic history of Thailand	Chulalongkorn University,
			Thailand

Götz Vebe	1979	Japanese economic growth: A comparison between Japan and West Germany	Munich Technical University, West Germany
Kittipongse Sumipan	1979–80	Financial system and institution for small-scale farming development in Japan	NRCT, Thailand
LEE Jay Cho	1980	Long-term trends in population growth in Southeast Asia	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Sajogyo	1980	Sociological study of rural development in Indonesia	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
Pudjiwati SAJOGYO	1980	The role of women in rural communities	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
Martin	1980	Income distribution in Southeast	Duke University, U. S. A.
Bronfenbrenner		Asia	
Ruth T. McVey	1980	Sociopolitical change resulting from the involvement of Southeast Asian countries in capitalistic development	The University of London, U. K.
Soetrisno	1982-83	Basic theories of local public	Gadja Mada University,
PRAWIROHARDJONO		finance	Indonesia
Aris Poniman	1984	Estimating landuse in coconut	National Coordination Agency
KERTOPERMONO		areas based on remote sensing	for Surveys and Mapping,
		techniques	Indonesia
Danny ATAPATTU	1984-85	Comparison of financial	Rufuna University, Sri Lanka
		development in Sri Lanka,	
		Southeast Asia and Japan	
Haji Muhammad bin Abdul Biang (Arena Wati)	1984	Malay literature and history	Sabah Foundation, Malaysia
HUR Sam Soo	1984	Comparison of population and resource policy in East and Southeast Asia	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Barbara J. W. ANDAYA	1985-86	Social and economic changes in	University of Auckland,
- William I.	1705 00	Southeast Sumatra	New Zealand
Gilbert HAMONIC	1985	Ethnohistory and Bugis migration	Ecole des Hautes Etudes en
		in South Sulawesi	Sciences Sociales, France
Mark R. PEATTIE	1985-86	Historical patterns of	University of Massachusetts,
		the commitment to Southeast Asia of modern Japan	U. S. A.
Chusri Manipluksa	1985-86	History of economic development	Thammasat University, Thailand
Aroonrut WICHIENKEEO	1985	Analysis of northern Thai law	Chiang Mai Teacher's College,
		based on palm-leaf manuscripts	Thailand
Aris Poniman	1986	Estimating coconut area based on	National Coordination Agency
KERTOPERMONO		landuse using remote sensing	for Surveys and Mapping,
		techniques	Indonesia

Peter David DRYSDALE	1987	International trade and	Australian National University,
SHAMSUL AMRI	1987	international economic policy Social change and cultural trans-	Australia National University of Melausia
BAHARUDDIN	1707	formation in rural Malaysia	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Soontree PATANOTHAI	1987-88	Biological control of plant disease	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
	1707 00	in Northeast Thailand	Knon Rach Oniversity, Thanand
Aris Poniman	1987-88	Estimating coconut area based on	National Coordination Agency
Kertopermono		landuse using remote sensing	for Surveys and Mapping,
		technique	Indonesia
Pornpen Hantrakool	1988–90	Socio-economy of the Nguen Viet Nam	Silpakorn University, Thailand
Aris Poniman	1988-89	Estimating coconut area based on	National Coordination Agency
Kertopermono		landuse using remote sensing	for Surveys and Mapping,
		technique	Indonesia
James W. Morley	1989	The political impact of economic	Columbia University, U. S. A.
		growth on East and Southeast	
		Asian countries	
Wendy Anne SMITH	1989–90	Japanese style management of	National University of Malaysia,
		joint-ventures in Malaysia	Malaysia
Richard William	1989	The impact of economic reform	University of Kent, U. K.
Arnold Vokes		programmes on Burma and	
		Indochina with special reference	
		to agricultural development	
ZAINAL KLING	1989	Bilaterality in the Malay world	University of Malaya, Malaysia
MOHD. DAHLAN bin	1989	Socio-economic change and	National University of Malaysia,
Haji Aman		cultural transformation in rural	Malaysia
Kittipongse SUMIPAN	1990	Malaysia	NDCT Their
Kittipoligse SumiPan	1990	Social and institutional aspects of quality control of farm products	NRCT, Thailand
		in Japan	
Danarto	1990-91	Comparison of cultures in Java	Novelist, Indonesia
	1330 31	and Japan	Trovelist, Indonesia
HOOD MOHAMAD	1990-91	A comparative study of Shaman-	National University of Malaysia.
SALLEH		ism in Malaysia and Japan	Malaysia
AHMAT ADAM	1991	Modern Malaysian and Indonesian	A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF
		history	Malaysia
Vasin CHOOPRAYOON	1991	The directions of information	Institute of Social Technology
		technology transfer from Japan	(Krirk), Thailand
		to Thailand	
Prayoon SWATDEE	1991	Sporulation of different Azolla	Department of Agriculture,
		species	Thailand
Muhjidin MAWARDI	1991	The optimal readjustment of	Gadjah Mada University,
		irrigation systems to the changing	Indonesia
		agricultural systems in Indonesia	

Artha Nantachukra	1991–92	A comparative study on the Laotian customary law across the Mekong river	Srinakarinwirot University, Thailand
Putu WIJAYA	1991–92	Comparison of cultures in Indonesia and Japan	Writer, Indonesia
HERMANTO	1992	Coastal morphology, coastal lithology, coastal landuse and coastal dynamic, coastal management	LIPI, Indonesia
ABDUL HALIM ALI	1992	Industrial attitudes of workers: A comparison of Malaysian and Japanese experiences	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Muhjidin Mawardi	1992	The optimal readjustment of irrigation systems to the changing agricultural systems in Indonesia	Gadjah Mada University, Indonesia
HALIM bin SALLEH	1992	Exploring current international research interests on rural development in newly industrialising countries	Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia
MOHAMED HEAR AWANG	1993	A study on the influence of the sea on history and strategy in Southeast Asia	University of Malaya, Malaysia
Muhjidin Mawardi	1993	The optimal readjustment of irrigation systems to the changing agricultural systems in Indonesia	Gadjah Mada University, Indonesia
Songkoon CHANTACHON	1993	Environmental social science	Srinakharinwirot University, Thailand
Sermpong Phapant	1993	A study of cooperation among government agencies in rural development	NRCT, Thailand
Adrian Bernard LAPIAN	1993	Maritime history of Southeast Asia	LIPI, Indonesia
Sunait CHUTINTARANOND	1993–94	Siamese-Burmese relations before the colonial period	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Сної Gak Kyu	1994	Research on the economical relationship between Southeast Asia and Korea	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Mangantar SIMANJUNTAK	1994	Research on neurolinguistics and language teaching	University of Brunei Darussalam, Brunei
Luo Erhu	1994	A Comparative study of cultural spread in South China and Southeast Asia	Sichuan University, China
Muhjidin Mawardi	1994	The optimal readjustment of irrigation systems to the changing agricultural systems in Indonesia	Gadjah Mada University, Indonesia

Adisorn MUAKPIMAI	1995	The role of Thai capital cities in the formation of Southeast Asia	Thammasat University, Thailand
Yekti Maunati	1995	Industrial relations, especially contemporary industrial dynamics which incorporate men and women	LIPI, Indonesia
Supaporn Sungsri	1995	Academic library network in Japan: Present and future	NIDA, Thailand
Charnvit Kasetsiri	1995	The role of Thai capital cities in the formation of Southeast Asia	Thammasat University, Thailand
Emmanuel Subangun	1995–96	A study of Asian-type consumer culture	Universitas Katolik Indonesia
Ruchadaporn LERTPHOKANONT Adisorn MUAKPIMAI	1995	Human resource development in Japan	Atma Jaya, Indonesia Sukhothai Thammathirat Open University, Thailand
Adisolii MUAKPIMAI	1995–96	The regional trade of Thailand in Southeast Asia through port cities on the gulf of Siam in the 18th and 19th centuries	Thammasat University, Thailand
Muhjidin MAWARDI	1996	The optimal readjustment of irrigation systems to the changing agricultural systems in Indonesia	Gadjah Mada University, Indonesia
Chollada Kopatta	1996	Japanese association: The Japanese community in Thailand	Thammasat University, Thailand
Supamard PANICHSAKPATANA	1996	A comparative study of dry areas	Kasetsart University, Thailand
TANICHSAKPATANA		in Southeast Asia: Harsh or benign environment	
Srisakra VALLIBHOTAMA	A 1996	ditto	Silpakorn University, Thailand
Naraset Pisitpanporn	1996	ditto	Mahidol University, Thailand
Vorawoot HIRUNRUK	1996	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Chalit CHAIKANCHIT	1996	2.	Silpakorn University, Thailand
Chusri Manipluksa	1996		Thammasat University, Thailand
Susanto Zuhdi	1996–97	A SOCIAL PROCESS	University of Indonesia, Indonesia
Nophadol	1996-97	0 1	Thammasat University, Thailand
CHARTPRASERT		A lesson for Thailand	
KIM Yung Bu	1996-97	A study on the analysis of the	Pusan National University,
			Korea
		diarreagenic bacteria that	
		are important in Asia	
Niaz Ahmad Rai	1996-97	Studies on water management	University of Agriculture,
		A STATE OF THE STA	Faisalabad, Pakistan
		agriculture in Pakistan	
Siriporn Wajjwalku	1996	D ' CG	Thammasat University, Thailand

Coeli Maria BARRY	1997–98	Comparative contemporary religious developments in the Philippines and Thailand	Thammasat University, Thailand
Thongsalith MANGNOMEK	1997	A study of Japanese economic policy	National Organization for the Studies of Policy and Administra- tion (NOSPA), Laos
Salim MUHAMMAD	1997	A study on the development of rice-based cropping systems and their intensification in the lowlying areas of Bangladesh	Bangladesh Agricultural University, Bangladesh
Basuki SUMAWINATA	1997–98	Distribution and management problems of acid sulphate soils in Indonesia	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
Corrine Phuangkasem	1997	Perspectives of Southeast Asian studies in Thailand	Thammasat University, Thailand
Charnvit KASETSIRI	1997	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Siriporn Wajjwalku	1997	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Nongnuch SOONTHORNCHAWAKA	1997–98 AN	Japanese financial liberalization and development to the Thai economy	Thammasat University, Thailand
Nakharin MEKTRAIRAT	1997	Perspectives of Southeast Asian studies in Thailand	Thammasat University, Thailand
Toeti KAKIAILATU	1997	A comparative study on rural women in Java and Japan	Gatra, Indonesia
NGUYEN Huu Chiem	1997	The imagescape of six great Asian deltas in the 21st century	University of Cantho, Vietnam
Thaveesilp Subwattana	1997	A comparative study of dry areas in Southeast Asia: Harsh or benign environment?	Mahasarakham University, Thailand
Samerchai POOLSUWAN	1997	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Suthep	1997	ditto	Chiang Mai University, Thailand
SOONTHORNPASUCH	133,		The state of the s
Apinya Buasuang	1997	ditto	Mahidol University, Thailand
Suwilai PREMSRIRAT	1997	ditto	Mahidol University, Thailand
Somchai NIL-A-THI	1997	ditto	Mahasarakham University, Thailand
Isaraporn CHANTONG	1997	ditto	Rajabaht Institute in Surin, Thailand
Withaya	1998	Perspectives of Southeast Asian	Chulalongkorn University,
Sucharithanarugsi	3	studies in Thailand	Thailand
Chaiwat Кнамсноо	1998	Cause and consequences of the bubble economy: A comparative study of the Japanese and Thai political economy	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand

Sharifah Zaleha Syed HASSAN	1998	Expressions of Islam in Malaysia	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
LIM Lrong Yew Thanawat JARUPONGSAKUL	1998–99 1998	Values of Malays and Chinese The imagescape of six great Asian deltas in the 21st century	University of Kagawa, Japan Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Sumalee Kondo	1998	Epidemiological study on the cholera in Southern Thailand	Prince of Songkla University, Thailand
LYE Tuck-Po	1998–99	Comparative studies on protected areas management in Malaysia and Japan	World Wide Fund for Nature, Malaysia, Malaysia
Sopsan Petchkam	1998	A comparative study of dry areas in Southeast Asia: Harsh or benign environment?	Sakon Nakhon General Education Office, Thailand
Rohany NASIR	1998	The cross-cultural study of gender roles	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Charnvit KASETSIRI	1998	A comparative study of dry areas in Southeast Asia: Harsh or	Thammasat University, Thailand
KIM Yung Bu	1999	benign environment? A study on Escherichia coli O157 in Asia and Korea	Pusan National University, Korea
Pornthiwa KANGAWONGHA	1999	Thai-Japan cooperative project: Landform evolution of the Khorat Plateau	King Mongkut Institute of Technology, Thailand
Thanawat JARUPONGSAKUL	1999	A comparative study of dry areas in Southeast Asia: Harsh or benign environment?	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Kriengsak Junthotai	1999	Thai-Japan cooperative project: Landform evolution of the Khorat Plateau	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Paiboon PRAMOJANEE	1999	M	Walailak University, Thailand
Nongnath CHAIRAT	1999	A directory of Asian-Pacific Information Center in Kyoto and its vicinity and their bibliographies	Srinakharinwirot University, Thailand
Donna J. AMOROSO Patma VITYAKON		British colonialism in Malaysia Soil fertility: Soil organic matter, soil nutrients with particular emphasis on tropical soils and agroforestry systems	Wright State University, U. S. A. Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Withaya SUCHARITHANARUGSE Coeli Maria BARRY		US hegemony and the question of technocracy	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
COCH MATIA DARRY	1999	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Thammasat University, Thailand

Leo Suryadinata	1999	Nationhood and citizenship law	National University of
	5	in Southeast Asia: The challenge of globalization	Singapore, Singapore
Thanet APHORNSUVAN	1999	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	Thammasat University, Thailand
Pranee Wongsdes Pasuk Phongpaichit	1999 1999	ditto ditto	Silpakorn University, Thailand Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Mohd. Taib Hj. DORA	1999	Urban poverty: Comparative study on eradication urban poverty, Malaysia and Japan experiences	Technological University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Trisilpa Boonkhachorn	1999	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Sriprapha PETCHARAMESREE	1999	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	Mahidol University, Thailand
Julaporn EUARUKSKUL	1999	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Pisit Boonchai	1999	The Japanese vision related to herbal medicine and their way of life: A comparative perspective	Mahasarakham University, Thailand
Suporn KATAWATIN	1999–2000	Development of agricultural land use in combination with livestock in Southeast Asia	Khon Kaen University, Thailand
Dararatt Anantansuwang	2000	State, market, society and regional integration: Its logic and Asian economics	NIDA, Thailand
Na Pombejra DHIRAVAT	2000	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Charnvit KASETSIRI	2000	Pridi Banomyong: His life and work	Thammasat University, Thailand
SONG Xianfeng	2000-02	Construction of meta-database on Southeast Asian studies	Chinese Investment Corporation of Science and Technology Development, China
Lee Cheuk YIN	2000	A study of Chinese business history and business culture	National University of Singapore, Singapore
Poh Ping LEE	2000	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Chee Kiong Tong	2000	ditto	National University of Singapore, Singapore
Chalong SOONTRAVANICH	2000	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Pasuk PHONGPAICHIT	2000	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Thanet APHORNSUVAN	2000	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Thammasat University, Thailand

Charnvit KASETSIRI	2000	Historical transformation of Thai monarchy	Thammasat University, Thailand
M. Odine De Guzman	2000	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	University of the Philippines, the Philippines
Ukrist Pathmanand	2000	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Supang CHANTAVANIC	н 2000	Transnational migration in Thailand	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Suthiphand CHIRATHIVAT	2000	State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Trisilpa Boonkhachorn	2000	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Srawooth PAITOONPONG	2000	State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies	Thailand Development Research Institute, Thailand
Lai Yew Wah	2000	ditto	Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia
Jonathan Beller	2000-01	Dynamics of visuality in Southeast Asia	University of California at Santa Cruz, U. S. A.
Aree CHEUNWATTANA	2001	Community library and information services in Japan	Srinakharinwirot University, Thailand
Shandre THANGAVELU	2001	State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies	National University of Singapore, Singapore
Kasian Tejapira	2001	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	Thammasat University, Thailand
Olarn Chaipravat	2001	State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies	The Siam Commercial Bank, Thailand
Bhanupong NIDHIPRABHA	2001	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Hongpha Subboonrueng	2001	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Nongnuch SOONTHORNCHAWAKA	2001 AN	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
Naris Chaiyasoot	2001	Current Thai politics and economic recovery	Thammasat University, Thailand
Colin G. NICHOLAS	2001	Indigenous leaders and the marginalization of indigenous society	Center for Orang Asli Concerns, Malaysia
SUGIAH M. Mugniesyah	2002	Socio-economic studies on sustainable development in rural Indonesia	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia

Dwi Rachmina	2002	ditto	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
Kasian Tejapira	2002	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	Thammasat University, Thailand
Chalong SOONTRAVANICH	2002	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Trisilpa Boonkhachorn	2002	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Charnvit KASETSIRI	2002	History development of Thai monarchy	Thammasat University, Thailand
Кноо Воо Теік	2002	Networks in comparative historical perspective	Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia
Dhiravat Na Pombejra	2002	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Teresa Encarnacion TADEM	2002	US hegemony and the question of technocracy and Thai social movements and democratization	University of the Philippines, the Philippines
Olarn CHAIPRAVAT	2002	State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Suthiphand	2002	ditto	Chulalongkorn University,
CHIRATHIVAT			Thailand
Vedi HADIZ	2002	US hegemony and the question of technocracy	National University of Singapore, Indonesia
Pornpimon TRICHOT	2002	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
Donald Manaytay UGSANG	2002	Change in coastal areas and coastal resources management in Southeast Asia	AIT, Thailand
SUGIAH M. Mugniesyah	2002	Gender, poverty and household strategies: A case study on sustainable agricultural development in West Java	Bogor Agricultural University, Indonesia
BOON THEIN	2002	JICA counterpart training	Ministry of Forestry, Myanmar
Shandre Mugan THANGAVELU	2002	Aging, labor market and the Japanese economy	National University of Singapore, Singapore
Muhammad Haji SALLEH	2002	Literature: Roles and functions for the past and in the new millennium, a comparative study of Malaysia, Indonesia and Japan	National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
Kong Jianxun	2002-03	U. S. and Japan's policies toward Southeast Asia in early 21st century	Yunnan Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, China
Hasballah Muhammad SAAD	2002	The rise of middle classes in East Asia reconsidered	Jakarta State University, Indonesia

Ukrist Pathmanand	2002	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
I Ketut Ardhana	2002	The dayslanment of tourist	
I KUUI ARDHANA	2002	The development of tourist industry in Japan	LIPI, Indonesia
SUGIAH M. Mugniesyah	2002	Socio-economic studies on	Bogor Agricultural University,
		sustainable development in rural Indonesia	Indonesia
Dwi Rachmina	2002	ditto	Bogor Agricultural University,
			Indonesia
SRI Hartoyo	2002	ditto	Bogor Agricultural University,
			Indonesia
Ikrar Nusa Bhakti	2002	Comparative study on democratic	LIPI, Indonesia
		governance in Japan and Indonesia	
Deanna Gail Donovan	2002	Studies on trade of non-timber	East-West Center, U. S. A.
Z OII O I MI		forest products in mountain	Last West Collett, U. S. A.
		regions of Southeast Asia	
Bhanupong	2002	State, market, society, and	Thammasat University, Thailand
NIDHIPRABHA		economic integration: Its logic	
		and Asian economies	
Son RADU	2002	The dynamics of flows and	University of Putra Malaysia,
D' 's T	2002	movements	Malaysia
Pinit LAPTHANANON	2003	Scientist exchange research	Chulalongkorn University,
		excursions about Buddhist cultures in Japan	Thailand
Narumon Arunotai	2003	ditto	Chulalongkorn University,
	2002		Thailand
Endang TURMUDI	2003	Indonesian sociology of Islam	LIPI, Indonesia
		and politics	• The description
SHAMSUL AMRI	2003	ditto	National University of Malaysia,
BAHARUDDIN			Malaysia
Dhiravat Na Pombejra	2003	The rise of middle classes in	Chulalongkorn University,
W		East Asia reconsidered	Thailand
Kasian Tejapira	2003	The dynamics of flows and movements	Thammasat University, Thailand
Suthachai YIMPRASERT	2003	ditto	Chulalongkorn University,
			Thailand
Kноо Boo Teik	2003	ditto	Universiti Sains Malaysia,
			Malaysia
Riwanto	2003	ditto	LIPI, Indonesia
TIRTOSUDARMO			
Supang	2003	The rise of middle classes in	Chulalongkorn University,
CHANTAVANICH	2002	East Asia reconsidered	Thailand
Pasuk PHONGPAICHIT	2003	ditto	Chulalongkorn University,
			Thailand

2003	The dynamics of flows and movements	University of the Philippines, the Philippines
2003	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
2003	Scientist exchange discussion with several academics in Kyoto and Osaka	Thammasat University, Thailand
2003	ditto	Thammasat University, Thailand
2003	State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies	Shinawatra University, Thailand
2003	ditto	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
2003	Globalization and regional development in northern India	Universiti de Paris VII, France
2003	Natural reserve management in Malaysia and the social transformation of Orang Asli	CETDEM, Malaysia
2003	"Machizukuri," an historical Japanese bottom-up approach to conservation, for adaptation to conservation in Rattanakosin area, Bangkok	Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
	2003 2003 2003 2003 2003 2003	movements ditto Scientist exchange discussion with several academics in Kyoto and Osaka Osaka ditto State, market, society, and economic integration: Its logic and Asian economies ditto Globalization and regional development in northern India Natural reserve management in Malaysia and the social transformation of Orang Asli "Machizukuri," an historical Japanese bottom-up approach to conservation, for adaptation to conservation in Rattanakosin area,

Appendix II: CSEAS Publications

1. Monographs and Others

A. Monographs of the Center for Southeast Asian Studies

Mon	nographs in English		
1.	SATO, Takashi.	1966.	Field Crops in Thailand. Kyoto: CSEAS.
2.	WATABE, Tadayo.	1967.	Glutinous Rice in Northern Thailand. Kyoto: CSEAS.
3.	Такімото, Kiyoshi, ed.	1968.	Geology and Mineral Resources in Thailand and Malaya.
			Kyoto: CSEAS.
4.	KAWAGUCHI, Keizaburo;	and Kyui	MA, Kazutake.
		1969.	Lowland Rice Soils in Thailand. Kyoto: CSEAS.
5.	KAWAGUCHI, Keizaburo;	and Kyui	MA, Kazutake.
		1969.	Lowland Rice Soils in Malaya. Kyoto: CSEAS.
6.	MAEDA, Kiyoshige.	1967.	Alor Janggus, a Chinese Community in Malaya. Kyoto: CSEAS.
7.	ICHIMURA, Shinichi, ed.	1975.	The Economic Development of East and Southeast Asia. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
8.	Nishihara, Masashi.	1976.	The Japanese and Sukarno's Indonesia: Tokyo-Jakarta Relation, 1951-66. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
9.	ICHIMURA, Shinichi, ed.	1977.	Southeast Asia: Nature, Society and Development. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
10.	KAWAGUCHI, Keizaburo;	and Kyun	
		1977.	Paddy Soils in Tropical Asia. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
11.	YOSHIHARA, Kunio.	1978.	Japanese Investment in Southeast Asia. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
12.	Ishii, Yoneo, ed.	1978.	Thailand: A Rice-Growing Society. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
13.	Сно, Lee-Jay; and Kовау	ASHI, Kaz	
		1979.	Fertility Transition of the East Asian Populations. Honolulu:
			University Press of Hawaii.
14.	KUCHIBA, Masuo; TSUBOU	CHI, Yosl	hihiro; and MAEDA, Narifumi.
		1979.	Three Malay Villages: A Sociology of Paddy Growers in West
			Malaysia. Honolulu: University Press of Hawaii.
15.	Сно, Lee-Jay; Suнакто, S	S.; MCNIC	OLL, G.; and MAMAS, S. G. M.
		1980.	Population Growth of Indonesia: An Analysis of Fertility and
			Mortality Based on the 1971 Population Census. Honolulu:
			University Press of Hawaii.
16.	Ishii, Yoneo.	1986.	Sangha, State, and Society: Thai Buddhism in History. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press.
17.	TAKAYA, Yoshikazu.	1987.	Agricultural Development of a Tropical Delta: A Study of the
			Control of the Contro

Chao Phraya Delta. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press.

1	8. Tsuchiya, Kenji.	1988.	The Rise of the Tuman Siswa
19	9. Гикиі, Науао.	1993.	Movement in Indonesia. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press. Food and Population in a Northeast Thai Village. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press.
20). YAMADA, Isamu.	1997.	
M	onographs in Japanese (Tona	n Asia Kei	nkvu Sosho)
	. Tanase, Joji.	1966.	Primitive Form of the Idea of the Other World. Kyoto: CSEAS.
2	. YANO, Toru.	1968.	Modern Political History of Thailand and Burma. Kyoto: CSEAS.
3	ancom.	1968.	Agricultural Development of Southeast Asia. Kyoto: CSEAS.
	. Tsubouchi, Yoshihiro; ar	1970.	Divorce. Sobunsha.
5	. IIJIMA, Shigeru.	1971.	
6.	7355	1974.	Social and Cultural Change of Karens. Sobunsha. Burma: Land, History and Economy. Translated by Yasuo Nogami. Sobunsha.
7.	ICHIMURA, Shinichi, ed.	1974.	Southeast Asia: Nature, Society and Economy. Sobunsha.
8.		1975.	Thailand: A Rice-Growing Society. Sobunsha.
9.		1975.	Political Sociology of Theravada Buddhism. Sobunsha.
10.	Мотоока, Takeshi.	1975.	Rice in Indonesia. Sobunsha.
11.		1975.	The Economic Development of East and Southeast Asia. Sobunsha.
12.	KUCHIBA, Masuo: TSUBOL	ICHI, Yos	hihiro; and MAEDA, Narifumi, eds.
	,, 150500	1976.	
13.	Nishihara, Masashi, ed.	1976.	The Structure and Change of Malayan Villages. Sobunsha. Political Corruption in Southeast Asia. Sobunsha.
14.			Liu. T. A.
		1979.	Economic Trends in Communist China. Translated by S. Ichimura et al. Sobunsha.
15.	WATABE, Tadayo, ed.	1980.	The World of Southeast Asia: Verification of Its Images. Sobunsha.
16.	MIZUNO, Koichi.	1980.	Social Organization of Thai Villages. Sobunsha.
17.	Tsuchiya, Kenji.	1982.	A Study of Indonesian Nationalism: Evolution and Develop- ment of Taman Siswa. Sobunsha.
18.	TAKAYA, Yoshikazu.	1982.	Agricultural Evolution in the Tropical Delta: The Case of the Menam Chao Phraya Delta. Sobunsha.
19.	KOBAYASHI, Kazumasa.	1984.	Population in Southeast Asia. Sobunsha.
20.	Ishii, Yoneo, ed.	1986.	The Structure and Change of Southeast Asia. Sobunsha.
21.	SAKURAI, Yumio.	1987.	The Formation of a Vietnamese Village Community with Special Reference to the Historical Development of the Communal Padi-Field or the Cong-Dien. Sobunsha.
22.	Fukui, Hayao.	1988.	Don Daeng: Agroecology of a Northeast Thai Village. Sobunsha.

23.	KUCHIBA, Masuo, ed.	1990.	Traditional Structure and Its Change in Don Daeng Village.
			Sobunsha.
24.	YAMADA, Isamu.	1991.	Tropical Rain Forest World in Southeast Asia. Sobunsha.

English monographs Nos. 1 through 6, and Japanese monographs Nos. 1 through 3 are not for sale. Other monographs can be ordered directly from the publishers (English series-University of Hawai'i Press, Japanese series—Sobunsha in Tokyo).

В. 1	Kyoto Area Studies on Asia (published	by Kyoto University Press)
	nographs in English		
1.	Taran and a second	1999.	The Nation and Economic Growth: Korea and Thailand.
2.	TSUBOUCHI Yoshihiro.	2001.	One Malay Village: A Thirty-Year Community Study.
3.	Kasian Tejapira.	2001.	Commodifying Marxism: The Formation of Modern Thai Radical Culture, 1927–1958.
4.	HAYAMI Yoko; TANABE A	kio; and	Tokita-Tanabe Yumiko, eds.
		2003.	Gender and Modernity: Perspectives from Asia and the Pacific.
5.	Hayashi Yukio.	2003.	Practical Buddhism among the Thai-Lao: Religion in the
6.	Lye Tuck-Po; Wil De Jone	G: and A	Making of a Region.
		2003.	The Political Ecology of Tropical Forests in Southeast Asia: Historical Perspectives.
Mor	nographs in Japanese (Chiiki I	Kenkvu S	osho)
1.	Tsuвоисні, Yoshihiro.	1996.	Twenty Years of Change and Continuity in a Malay Village.
2.	TAKAYA, Yoshikazu.	1996.	Eurasia in Terms of the "Unit World" Concept.
3.	Таснімото, Narifumi M.	1996.	Area Studies Methodologies.
4.	TSUBOUCHI, Yoshihiro.	1998.	Historical Demography of Sparsely Populated Southeast Asia.
5.	TAKAYA, Yoshikazu, ed.	1999.	Trials for Inter-Area Comparative Studies. Vol. 1.
6.	Tsuвoucні, Yoshihiro, ed.	1999.	In Search of Global Area Studies.
7.	MIZUNO, Kosuke.	1999.	Community-Based Industry in Indonesia: What Is a Path to
8.	TAKAYA, Yoshikazu, ed.	1999.	the Recovery of Asian Economies?
9.	Tsubouchi, Yoshihiro, ed.	2000.	Trials for Inter-Area Comparative Studies. Vol. 2. Theories on the Formation of Area.
10.	HARA, Yonosuke, ed.	2000.	Indigenous Theories of Area Development.
11.	KATO, Kumiko.	2000.	Sipsongpanna: A Premodern Tai State of Intermontane

These monographs can be ordered directly from Kyoto University Press. English Monographs after No. 2 are published jointly by Kyoto University Press and Trans Pacific Press (Melbourne, Australia) and can also be ordered from Trans Pacific Press.

Basins in Yunnan.

Family Circle and Area Studies.

2000.

2003.

12. Hayashi, Yukio.

14. TAMADA Yoshifumi.

13. Таснімото, Narifumi M. 2000.

Practical Buddhism among the Thai-Lao in Northeast Thai-

Democratization in Thailand: Grappling with Realities

C. Other Publications (*in Japanese)

1. K	oza Tonan Ajia Gaku(S	outheast A	sian Studies	Series) 10 vols. and Supplement. Kobundo
(1)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1990.	Methodology of Southeast Asian Studies.
(2)	TAKAYA, Yoshikazı	ı, ed.	1990.	Nature of Southeast Asia.
(3)	TSUBOUCHI, Yoshih	iro, ed.	1990.	Society of Southeast Asia.
(4)	Ishii, Yoneo, ed.		1991.	History of Southeast Asia.
(5)	Maeda, Narifumi,	ed.	1991.	Cultures of Southeast Asia.
(6)	Tsuchiya, Kenji, e	d.	1990.	Thoughts in Southeast Asia.
(7)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1992.	Politics of Southeast Asia.
(8)	Yoshihara, Kunio	, ed.	1991.	Economies of Southeast Asia.
(9)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1991.	International Relations in Southeast Asia.
(10)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1991.	Southeast Asia and Japan.
(Sup.	YANO, Toru, ed.		1992.	An Introduction to Southeast Asian Studies.
*2. Ko	oza Gendai no Chiiki K	enkyu (Mo	odern Area S	tudies Series) 4 vols. Kobundo
(1)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1993.	Methodology of Area Studies.
(2)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1994.	The Theory of World Units.
(3)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1993.	Frontier of Area Studies.
(4)	YANO, Toru, ed.		1993.	Area Study and the Logic of Development.
*3. CS	EAS, ed.	1997.	Cyclopedia ment.	of Southeast Asia: Fudo, Ecology and Environ
4. Ts	UCHIYA, Kenji.	1992.	Demokrasi	dan Kepemimpinan: Kebangkitan Gerakan
			Taman Sis	swa. Jakarta: Balai Pustaka. (Indonesian Edition
			of Democr	acy and Leadership: The Rice of the Taman Siswe
			Movement 18)	in Indonesia, CSEAS Monographs in English No
5. Isi	HII, Yoneo.	1993.	22	ngha Thai: Hubungan Buddhisme dengan Negar
J. 151	iii, Tonco.	1775.	_	erakat. Bangi, Selangor, Malaysia: Penerbit Univer
			-	ngsaan Malaysia. (Malay Edition of Sangha
			State, and	Society: Thai Buddhism in History, CSEAS Mono
(N-		1002		English No. 16)
6. NI	shihara, Masashi.	1993.		Ratna Sari Dewi, dan Pampasan Perang. Jakarta
				tama Grafiti. (Indonesian Edition of The Japa
				Sukarno's Indonesia, CSEAS Monographs in Eng
<i>a</i>		1001	lish No. 8)	
7. Fu	RUKAWA, Hisao.	1994.		Vetlands of Indonesia: Environment, Subsistence itation. Kyoto University Press.
8. UE	DA, Yoko.	1995.	Local Econ	nomy and Entrepreneurship in Thailand: A Cas
				akhon Ratchasima. Kyoto University Press.
. Yos	HIHARA Kunio.	2003.		n and Economic Growth: Korea and Thailand (in
				ingkok: Thammasat University Press. (Thai Edi
			tion of Ky	oto Area Studies on Asia in English, No. 1)

2. Research Report Series

The research report series includes the proceedings of symposia and reports of joint research projects which are published by the Center. Reports may be obtained on request to the editors of the individual reports. (*in Japanese)

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Reprints

The Stink That Won't Go Away, by Jet Damazo

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Books of Note

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Patricia M. Pelley, Postcolonial Vietnam: New Histories of the National Past, by Haydon L. Cherry

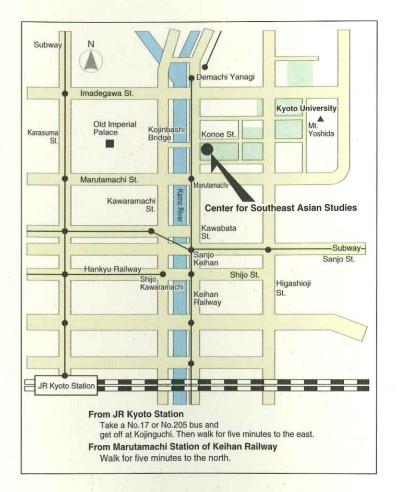
Confucianism in Vietnam, by Bruce Lockhart

Philip E. Catton, Diem's Final Failure: Prelude to America's War in Vietnam, by Edward Miller

Filomeno V. Aguilar, Jr., Clash of Spirits: The History of Power and Sugar Planter Hegemony on a Visayan Island, by Kenneth Paul Andrew Sze-Sian Tan

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